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REPORT
ON THE
ADMINISTRATION OF MYSORE
FOR THE YEAR
1878-79

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REPORT

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ADMINISTRATION OF MYSORE,

FOR THE YEAR

1878–79.

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(Departmental Library)
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1879.

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REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION OF MYSORE

FOR 1878---79.

PART I.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

As the Report for the year 1877—78 was a record of the great Famine, then prevailing, and recounted in almost every sentence its varied effects upon all branches of the Administration, so the history of 1878—79 is a tale of the country's recovery from the dire misfortune; a recovery greatly retarded in many respects by the lasting effects of the calamity, but still marked in all branches sufficiently to afford reason for congratulation that the ill-effects of the times could be so well shaken off.

2. Though the number of paupers under relief was quickly declining, State aid had to continue long into the year, and many officers were withheld from their proper functions to administer to the wants of the poor; the season too was one of exceeding sickness; with a sickly, disorganized and diminished establishment, therefore, the Revenue Survey turned out a shorter amount of measurement work than in 1877—78, the area classed however, which reached 574,896 acres, was larger: and the Topographical Survey were able to detail 3,350 square miles, nearly 1,000 more than in the preceding year, besides triangulating 4,897 square miles.

3. In settlements good progress has been made; the Revenue settlement was introduced into four more taluks, so that a fraction over 30 have now been completed out of a total of 69: Inam settlement went on apace, owing principally to a simplification of procedure; twelve taluks were settled during the year and the time when all the local investigation and original settlement work would be concluded could be pretty accurately predicted. The rapidity with which settlements were conducted, however, entailed unusually heavy review work in the Central Office, where, though 5,049 cases were disposed of in place of 1,089 cases in the previous year, there still remained 1,535 cases pending on the 31st March, and it was evident that the Superintendent's work could not be concluded simultaneously with that of his Assistants. This useful work is carried on, not with a view to increasing revenue, but still at an actual gain to Government, for in the year just past the percentage of permanent increase to revenue upon cost of establishment was a little over eight.

4. The available waste land has increased again from 2,775,155 acres to 3,280,685, but this is not entirely owing to resignation of lands; indeed the land taken up for cultivation considerably exceeded the extent so taken in 1877-78, and measured 126,000 acres. The progress of the Revenue settlement, by correcting areas and adding lands classed before as unculturable to the sum of available culturable waste, influences in no small degree the area available.

5. The Police statistics of crime bear evidence of returning prosperity to the Province; the number of cases reported being 11,693 or 7,280 less than in 1877, and that this is ascribable to a return of better days is further evidenced by the total number of cases reported under the classes of serious and minor offences against property having decreased from 16,451 to 9,432; still offences under these classes bore an abnormally high proportion to the total number reported, and it must be remarked that though the prevalence of crime compares so favorably with the year 1877, there were still nearly twice as many cases reported as in 1876, and that itself was a year

of more than the average amount of crime. At the beginning of the year the temporary extra Police force, which had been specially entertained owing to the great increase of crime, was retained, but not for long, and by the year's close the Police force was below its sanctioned complement, vacancies in the lower grades having been allowed to occur in order to give employment to sepoys of the Local Infantry who were discharged on reduction of the force. Besides the general decrease in crime the most noteworthy features of the year's statistics were that dacoities, which had been very numerous but of the simple character of grain riots, although falling considerably in numbers, assumed a more serious and organized character, and a dangerous class of crime, robbery by administering stupefying drugs, appeared to be gaining head. Special measures adopted for its suppression having been taken, however, the evil was coped with successfully. For several months in the year the Police continued to be employed in assisting to relieve the distressed, and in preventing stragglers from crowding the streets and highways, especially was this necessary in Bangalore where famine pauperism tended to become professional, and where 29,173 persons were sent by the Police to the relief camp.

6. Under the circumstances of the year, it is not surprising to find that the percentage of cases prosecuted to conviction upon those found by Police investigation to be true cases, slightly decreased, yet it was not low, being 84 per cent; but it must be allowed that the circumstances of the past three years have been greatly adverse to improvement in the efficiency and instruction of the Police. It was still found impossible to re-open Police schools.

7. The statistics of the Criminal Courts follow those of the Police; the number of cases reported and tried was very much below the number of 1877, and the decrease was much more marked in those cases investigated and brought up by the Police than in those brought before the Criminal Courts by direct complaint, so much so that whereas the 30,132 persons brought to trial displays a decrease of 20,032 persons, 90 per cent of that decrease is in persons brought up by the Police.

8. The decrease in cases for disposal allowed the Criminal Courts to work off arrears, and the year 1878 closed with 171 persons waiting trial instead of 1,158 at the close of 1877. In that year the punishment of whipping had, owing to circumstances which may easily be understood, been very freely administered; this punishment was awarded 1,660 times in 1878, which is still much in excess of what would be looked for when crime had returned to its ordinary proportions, but still is not half the number awarded in 1877.

9. The number of persons confined in the jails of the Province decreased with the number of cases tried and convictions recorded. There were 19,772 convicts in place of 27,823 and 12,820 under-trial prisoners against 26,140; but the jails were still very full, and the smaller total number of convicts did not afford so great a relief as at first would seem probable, for the daily average of convicts only fell from 5,053 to 4,885. Bad as had been the health of the prisoners in 1877, it was in 1878 even worse, the average daily sick in jail hospitals was 535, more than double the high average of 1877. The total number of deaths was 1,443; their proportion to average strength was about 27. Three-quarters of those who died had been in jail less than a year.

10. The principal cause of this dreadful mortality must have been the very bad state of bodily health in which the prisoners were when admitted. The jails were much less crowded than in 1877; for besides a diminution in the number incarcerated, a diminution easily marked among the convicts, but still more considerable among the under-trial prisoners, there was an increase in accommodation. Special measures had been taken for this end in all jails, which, commenced in 1877 but in some instances only partially carried out then, were certainly fully perfected during 1878, and there was the new temporary jail at Kukarhalli near Mysore to which nearly a thousand convicts were, transferred during the year. Whatever the causes of the great sickness of 1878 were they have not yet been explained, but among prisoners as among others the year was one of very great trial, and especially the early part of the year, for towards the end the returns of the jails were very much more favorable.

11. The increased work of the Civil Courts is ascribed to returning prosperity. The number of suits for trial has risen to nearly what it was before the famine threw the civil machinery out of gear, while, it is somewhat curious to note, that the average value of suits has also risen. Relieved of extraneous duties connected with the famine the Judges of the Civil Courts of the Province were able to cope with the increased work, and both the average duration of suits and appeals, and the state of the files at the end of the year shew that the administration of civil justice has been efficient.

12. In the Report for 1877—78 it was noticed that the number of registrations affected was greater than had ever been known before, and the increase had been largest in the optional class of registration of documents affecting immovable property but of less than 100 rupees value. It is natural therefore to find that the total number of registrations had in 1878—79 decreased, and that the greatest proportional decrease was in registration of documents affecting immovable property of less than 100 Rs. value. But for a change in the scale of fees, indeed, this reduction would have been greater, but the fee charged for registration of small properties under 50 rupees value was reduced to one-half of what it had been, and accordingly it is found that among optional registration of small immovable properties the greater number occurred in those of less than 50 rupees. By reduction of fees the registration of those documents affecting movable property, which is optional, was also encouraged, with the result of increasing the number of such by 95. At the same time enhanced fees have been charged for some kinds of compulsory registration, and on the whole the result has been financially beneficial to Government, which has realized Rs. 14,448, as well as being successful in promoting optional registration.

13. Companies registered under Act X of 1866 now number 68, fourteen having stopped payment or gone into liquidation, and only two having been started during the year. The condition of many of these Companies is far from satisfactory, and great difficulty was experienced in getting their prescribed returns from them.

14. In the Money Order Department the issues for remittance to other parts of India exceeded the remittances to Mysore in value by Rs. 64,000 in the year 1877—78. During last year the direction of remittance considerably changed. Issues decreased in number and value, while orders drawn on Mysore increased, and though they were still in number and value below the issues, the difference was reduced from Rs. 64,000 to Rs. 19,000.

15. There are as many as 77 Municipalities in the Province, some of them very small. The Municipal income of the year was over 3½ lakhs of rupees raised from house-tax and octroi; this is expended on conservancy and works, and, in the larger towns, on Police.

16. The garrison of British troops in Mysore, stationed at Bangalore and French Rocks, was considerably reduced in the latter part of 1878 in order to send troops to the front, but it is probable that the strength of this garrison is always more than the normal condition of the Province requires, its reduction in time of need can therefore be with safety effected. The local force was reduced by the disbandment of one of the four regiments of 'Barr' Infantry, as a measure of economy.

17. Most providentially the season was exceptionally favorable, and though there were not wanting causes for serious anxiety, the crops, particularly the rice and ragi crops, on which the agricultural prosperity of the country mainly depends, were most bountiful: although the rain-fall was slightly less than that gauged in 1877, it was much more seasonably distributed and did not, as in the end of 1877, cause damage by copious but untimely fall. At the beginning of the year locusts, and towards its close rats, gave rise to the greatest apprehension for the safety of the crops, but it was fortunate that the anticipations of evil were not in either case equalled by the damage done, which was confined to only a few villages. A plentiful harvest soon effected a most welcome fall in prices especially in the prices of food grains consumed by the people, which were sold at rates within the reach of the poor. The population was thus relieved from the stress of famine, and enabled to return to ordinary occupations and again be self-supporting, but at the same time prices of agricultural produce did not fall to the very low level at which they used to stand, and the agricultural classes reaped the double blessing of large crops and good prices.

18. Live stock which had been greatly reduced during the past few years, has begun to recover in numbers, and whether it was from the rich and abundant pasture everywhere procurable, or from other causes, is not known, but the fecundity of the cattle has been most remarkable.

19. The season being favorable for horticultural experiments much good work was done in the Lal-Bagh at Bangalore where upwards of 150 new plants were introduced during the year ; and the garden itself was, at the same time, improved in appearance by filling up an unsightly old quarry which used to disfigure one corner, expenditure was kept within old limits too and the increase of receipts was not neglected. In the Experimental Farm, on the other hand, little or no experimental cultivation was carried on, as the Superintendent was absent for some time on tour investigating native agriculture, and owing to the illness of the Overseer who had been left in charge.

20. The constitution of the Forest Department has undergone considerable modification. The strength of establishment in the higher grades has been reduced, the Conservator's office has been abolished, and the three officers who remain have been brought into more intimate relations with the Revenue Department. In this way the cost of establishments has been reduced by nearly half a lakh of rupees, without, it is hoped, materially affecting the efficiency of the service.

21. Except that in this year some forests of the Ashtagram Division have been worked for the purpose of supplying sleepers to the Mysore State Railway, but little is done by the Forest Department to supply timber, and the profit of two and a half lakhs of rupees, which accrued to Government, is owing to the sale of sandalwood, of which 1,080 tons were sold in the year, at an average price of Rs. 338 a ton. No new State-forests were added during the year and only small progress is reported in demarcating those which exist, but the protection of State-forests from fire was more extensive and more successful than usual.

22. The year has witnessed a revival of manufactures and the production of raw produce other than agricultural, which is especially noticeable, so far as the returns can be trusted, in the out-turn of cotton fabrics.

23. The financial condition of the Province has necessitated the curtailment of expenditure upon Public Works. Up to 1877—78, the annual grant for expenditure was 25 lakhs. In 1878—79 only $15\frac{3}{4}$ lakhs were granted ; but as there still existed the necessity of carrying on relief works, the outlay of the year amounted to $18\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs.

24. Construction of buildings has been confined as far as possible to the most necessary court houses, offices and jails : other buildings, such as the Bangalore College, and the Maha Raja's Palace at Bangalore, which were begun in more prosperous days have been carried out only so far as was necessary to preserve and utilize the work done, but in a less expensive style than had been at first designed. The extension and reconstruction of irrigation works judiciously chosen with a view to affording permanent aid to the agricultural wealth of the country have been proceeded with as well as the want of labor and other adverse circumstances would admit. In communications, the most important lines of traffic under construction are those connecting the Province with the western coast, and others running through, and opening out the hilly and inaccessible "Malnad" country in the west. Progress on these works was very much impeded by scarcity of labor.

25. Famine relief works were not all closed until November 1878. Long before that the prospect of a good harvest and indeed the harvest of early crops itself, had practically put an end to famine, but still the works had to be kept open for the subsistence of those employed. Gradually as improving times thinned the ranks of the famine laborers pressure was gently applied to aid the natural process, tasks were enhanced, the distance test was enforced, wages were reduced as prices fell and, maintained at a bare subsistence, were soon below what could be obtained from private employers, and finally the infirm and hopeless were transferred to the village grain dole for a time, the Mansion House or English charity funds affording at the same time immense assistance, in making temporary provision for agriculturists during the early operations before harvest and in supplying stock and the means of gaining a liveli-

hood. In this way works were gradually contracted and, one by one, closed and in such a manner that the able-bodied were left with the certainty of remunerative employment, while the feeble and sickly were still assured of support.

26. The number of covers carried by the local post both private and official decreased, the former by 8 per cent, the latter by more than 10 per cent. The decrease of official postage is easily accounted for by a decrease in official staff as the operations of famine relief were curtailed: the contraction of private correspondence cannot be met with so satisfactory an explanation, but it is hoped that it is only temporary. Taking into consideration the postage chargeable on official covers the Department is worked at a small profit, but the actual receipts decreased with the decrease in private correspondence and the cost to the State for carriage of its official correspondence was Rs. 1,14,000.

27. The year's Revenue demand increased upon that of 1877—78 by $1\frac{3}{4}$ lakhs of rupees, from less than 103 to a little over $104\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs, and if to this be added the large outstanding balance of 64 lakhs, there were nearly $168\frac{3}{4}$ lakhs of rupees for collection during the year. One hundred and twenty-one lakhs were collected, eight and a half lakhs were remitted and 39 lakhs remained balance outstanding on the 31st March.

28. This unprecedentedly large collection was due to several causes, and was effected, it is satisfactory to be able to report, without coercion and after considerate and careful enquiry with a view to remit and postpone the demand where necessary. As was reported last year, nearly 18 lakhs of the demand for 1877—78 had been postponed by authority and fell for collection in 1878—79, but one reason for large collections of land revenue was that the demand for 1877—78 was distributed over a longer period than usual, about a quarter of the revenue not being due until the month of May, that is after the close of the year. While the collection of that instalment then swelled the returns of 1878—79, the same cause did not recur to balance the effect, for the whole demand for the year was again—as it had been before the famine years—brought within instalments payable from January to March.

29. The natural consequence of the years of famine was that many agriculturists had to curtail the area of their operations, others completely ruined had to give up agriculture altogether, and too many, again, had died or deserted their homes, leaving their lands untilled; but up to the year now being reported on, all such lands remained on the village rent-rolls and served merely to swell the amount of irrecoverable balances eventually to be written off, and to make it appear as if Government were demanding revenue which, any one could see at a glance, could never be realized. During the annual settlement of the year's land revenue therefore, careful and thorough investigation was made into the circumstances of each ryot, and, where demands had been made on account of lands such as have been above described, remission was granted to the extent of 6 lakhs 68 thousand rupees of land revenue altogether; and the demand against ryots who retained their lands and were battling against adversity though now unable to cultivate to the extent they formerly could, and now crippled in resources, was again postponed. Some of this, and of the land revenue demand otherwise uncollected on the 31st March 1878 will doubtless never be realized; but still of the Rs. 32,60,000 which were then owing, nearly 16 lakhs had been recovered by the end of September.

30. As far then as has been ascertained the contraction of assessed lands in occupation owing to the impoverishment and loss of life among the agricultural classes, amounts to 113,758 acres, the reduction of assessment payable to Government on their account amounts to Rs. 1,66,000. This is not so much as was anticipated, and bears no great proportion on a total of more than four million acres and $66\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs of rupees of assessment.

31. Other items of revenue which have increased during the year as compared with the preceding year, are Customs, Stamps, Law and Justice, Public Works and Miscellaneous; the latter is largely matter of account and due to refund of unexpended balances of relief grants and sale proceeds of materials of relief camps; the increase under Customs is chiefly due to increased exportation of supari (betel-nut) the outturn of which was fair, and the stock in hand, large, when the revival of trade and rising markets induced a brisk export trade.

32. The revenue from Forests, Excise, Assessed Taxes and the Post Office fell as explained already, though a few more tons of sandalwood were sold than in 1877—78 the average price was lower; and on this chiefly depends the forest revenue. The revenue from excise on spirits and drugs fell off more seriously than any other item; the demand decreased by Rs. 73,000, and in addition remissions were made to the extent of Rs. 1,42,000. This was principally owing to the failure of the farmers of toddy contracts, who with hardly an exception relinquished their farms. They had to be renewed at lower rates and in some cases the working of the toddy revenue was taken up by Government agency, to the great detriment of the revenue. Assessed taxes produced less by reason of the diminution in the number of tax paying houses and shops.

33. The revenue of the year, amounting to the unprecedented sum of 121 lakhs, was better than the estimate by Rs. 6,30,000 notwithstanding that the realizations under some budget heads, notably excise and assessed taxes, were far short of the estimate; but under land revenue alone the collections were Rs. 20,83,000 better than the estimate.

34. Large as this income was the year's expenditure again unfortunately exceeded it. Excluding for the present, the grant under Public Works, the budget grant for expenditure in civil departments was Rs. 96,10,000 and the expenditure under those heads for which provision had been made was only Rs. 93,78,000, and this notwithstanding some extraordinary charges, such as a lakh and a quarter for expenses of H. H. the Maharaja's wedding, more than a lakh and a half excess over the estimate in jails in consequence of high average numbers of prisoners, and of great sickness. In almost every department of the service the expenditure was within the estimate, but owing to the famine alone which had been incurred by the Province there was a heavy charge for interest amounting to Rs. 3,38,775 for which no budget provision had been made and thus even without considering the expenditure under Public Works, Railway and Famine Relief, the expenditure exceeded the grants by Rs. 1,08,000.

35. But the necessity for retaining famine relief during three parts of the year, the necessity for keeping open famine relief works without reference to the budget forecast of the year, and the expenditure incurred on the Mysore Railway for which no budget provision had been made, combined to swell the disbursements to nearly 128½ lakhs of rupees, against grants aggregating 111 lakhs and against an income of 121 lakhs.

36. To meet the deficit the loan from the Government of India, which in 1877—78 had amounted to 50 lakhs, was increased by 30 more.

37. Though happily the Province was not visited by any epidemic during the year, 1878 will be memorable as a time of grievous sickness, and great mortality, especially from fever. The hospitals and dispensaries treated more sick persons than in 1877, which shews at once how unhealthy the season was, and that people were beginning to be able to maintain themselves even in sickness, but because there were many special famine hospitals to go to, the numbers of in-patients in the ordinary hospitals shew a diminution on the returns of 1877. The births and deaths registered give 2·53 and 14·5 per mille calculated on the returns of the census of 1871, but these returns must be very inaccurate and it is to be hoped that the changes lately introduced in the system of registration will greatly improve the trustworthiness of future returns.

38. Owing to the new classification of schools which has been adopted in this year's report, it is not possible to compare with any accuracy the schools and pupils of 1878—79 with those of 1877—78, but this much is certain that though the total number of pupils under tuition has again slightly decreased, there is a good sign of revival in a small increase to the pupils in the Hobli schools. At the close of the year important changes were effected in the inspecting agency, by which five Native Deputy Inspectors were substituted for the two European Inspectors who had hitherto divided the work. The effect of the changes does not, however, appear in the history of the past year.

PART II.

I. PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY.

The physical features of the country, the area, &c., have been given in the Report for 1872—73.

POLITICAL.

2. See the Report for 1872—73.

II. ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

SURVEYS.

3. Topographical Survey.—The aggregate area which this Department accomplished during the past field season was 3,550 square miles of detail survey on the standard scale of one inch to the mile and 4,897 square miles of triangulation. In addition to this the State-forests of Devaraydurga and Nundydroog were surveyed on the scale of four inches to the mile comprising (with overlaps) an area of 36·3 square miles.

4. The area topographically surveyed lay in the Districts of Kolar, Túmkúr, Chitaldroog and Bangalore; the triangulation embraced the Western Ghats and was undertaken with a view to the settlement of the boundary between Mysore and South Canara.

5. Revenue Survey.—The operations of the survey continued to suffer from the famine even to a greater extent than in the previous year. Though the direct action of the famine ceased, the effects of the general disorganization which followed, coupled with the sickness which was generally prevalent, told seriously on the work of the Department. There was a great loss of men in the native establishments due to deaths and desertions, which was with difficulty supplied, whilst the superior officers who had been deputed for famine duty were for the most part not relieved in time to take any part in the field operations during the working season. What was actually accomplished therefore was attained only by great exertions on the part of those who remained in the Department under the able supervision of the Acting Superintendent Major Anderson.

6. Acres 5,45,109 were measured and 5,74,896 were classed during the year under report, against 6,77,691 acres and 5,68,320 acres respectively in the previous year, whilst the Survey settlement was introduced into 4 complete taluks comprising 1,173 villages, a greater progress than usual, the same being dependen t on the measurement and classification completed in previous years.

7. The cost of the Department during the year under report amounted to Rs. 2,56,095. Excluding from it the pay of the officers and men deputed on famine duty, the cost per acre of measurement, classification and settlement in the year was Rs. 0—5—5·8 against Rs. 0—5—4·6 in the preceding also an unfavorable year, the ordinary average cost being Rs.—0—4—3·3.

SETTLEMENTS.

8. Revenue Settlement.—Out of 69 taluks in the Province, 30½ taluks comprising 9,299 villages were up to the close of the year under review brought under the Survey settlement; 4 more taluks were ready for settlement. In 3 more taluks the measurement was completed and classification was in progress, and in 10

taluks, the measurement only was in progress. There remained 21½ taluks to which the Survey operations had to be extended.

9. INAM SETTLEMENT.—The work of the inam settlement, which was retarded so much during the year 1877—78 in consequence of all 15 executive members being employed on famine duty, was resumed and the out-turn of work during the year under report has been most satisfactory.

10. The procedure in the settlement of Inam was amended with the view of facilitating the work with very happy results. Under the old procedure each inamdar had to submit a statement of the inams enjoyed by him. This he did at his convenience and when he could get the Village Shanbhog to fill up the printed form for him. Under the new procedure the settlement is chiefly based on the entries in the inamti accounts as compared with a register which is kept and prepared by the Amildars, and which shews the existing enjoyment and all other details of each inam.

11. No less than 12 taluks were finally settled during the year, and the settlement of two taluks, Nagamangala and Arkalgúd, in the Hassan District, was commenced, which will complete the settlement of that District.

12. The Assistant Superintendents settled 320 whole villages and 10,942 minor inams. The Inam Superintendent made the original settlement of 176 whole villages and 334 minor inams. The review work in the Central Office was rendered peculiarly heavy by the rapidity with which settlements were effected under the new procedure; and the Superintendent was unable to keep pace with the work cast on him. There had been 433 cases pending in the Central Office at the close of the year previous and 6,151 were received during the year, making a total of 6,584 cases for disposal. Of these 5,049 were disposed of against 1,089 in the preceding year, leaving 1,535 cases pending on the 31st March 1879.

13. The total area confirmed amounted to 2,031—3—6 kandis bearing an assessment of Rs. 35,381—8—9 and a jodi of Rs. 7,381—8—5. The quit-rent imposed on these lands amounted to Rs. 3,111—7—7 which, added to the jodi, raised the sum payable to Government to Rs. 10,493 or 29¾ per cent of the recorded assessment.

14. The extent of inam lands struck off the register and resumed was 67 kandis bearing an assessment of Rs. 4,313 and a jodi thereon of Rs. 68—4—0.

15. There were 974 religious and charitable inams assessed at Rs. 6,833—7—8 confirmed during the year, 312 on rent-free tenure. The number of personal and miscellaneous inams settled during the year was 1,195 assessed at Rs. 24,976—12—5. The number of kodigi inams registered and revised during the year under report was 291, of which 280 were in Government villages and 11 in inam villages. There were 65 inams of village artizans and service cases in inam villages confirmed during the year against 19 of the year previous. The number of whole inam villages confirmed was 76 against 12 of the year previous; these were assessed at Rs. 22,835—8—6 and paid jodi amounting to Rs. 5,743—15—6. The quit-rent imposed in addition was Rs. 302—0—6. Besides, 52 whole villages and 25 minor inams were finally settled on the survey valuation.

16. The number of land inams attached on account of the non-attendance of the holders was 464 against 129 of the year previous. Under the Muzrayi Rules 85 cases valued at Rs. 2,767—4—0 were confirmed against 7 cases valued at Rs. 119—8—6 in the year previous. Twenty cases valued at Rs. 240—6—3 were resumed, and 34 valued at Rs. 1,333—5—5 were struck off.

17. The number of quit-rent, &c., registers prepared during the year was 4,338 against 987 in the preceding year, that of title-deeds 2,313 for 3,051 inams against 2,764 for 3,538 inams in the previous year.

18. The cost of the Department during the year was Rs. 66,183—7—6. The additional revenue derived from its operations amounted to Rs. 8,620—15—11, of which Rs. 5,361—8—9 were permanent increase. This gives 8$\frac{1}{10}$ per cent on the cost of the Department.

WASTE LANDS.

19. The available extent of cultivable waste at the end of the year under report is given below :—

	Acres.
Extent of land available at the close of 1877-78	2,775,155
Add extent of lands relinquished and increase of arable waste owing to the results of the survey operations	631,630
	3,406,785
Deduct extent of land taken up for cultivation	126,100
Balance..	3,280,685

GOVERNMENT ESTATES. } Nil.
WARDS' ESTATES. }

III. PROTECTION.

COURSE OF LEGISLATURE.

20. *Acts extended to Mysore.*—During the year under report, the following Acts of the Indian Legislature were extended to this Province :—

Act I of 1868—The General Clauses Act.
Act XXVI of 1871.—The Land Improvement Act.
Act XXI of 1876.—An Act to amend the Land Improvement Act of 1871.
Act IX of 1872.—The Indian Contract Act.
Act I of 1877.—The Specific Relief Act.
Act X of 1877.—The Code of Civil Procedure.

POLICE.

21. It is a matter for congratulation that the famine which made its appearance in 1876 and reached its climax in 1877 gradually disappeared in the year under review. With the fall of copious and seasonable showers, the ryots returned to their normal vocations with cheerful prospects before them. It could not however be hoped that crime would suddenly fall to its usual proportions. There has certainly been a considerable decrease during the past year, which may be attributed not only to the termination of the famine, but to the fact that many of the worst characters and habitual robbers are still undergoing punishment in jails.

22. During the year under review the cases reported numbered 11,693 as against 18,973 in the previous year, shewing a decrease of crime by 7,280 cases. But the number reported during the past year is nearly twice as great as that reported for 1876. There were nearly 2,257 cases brought over from the previous year, making 13,950 cases in all for investigation. Of these, the Police investigated 12,408 cases and 116 were not investigated; 4,048 cases were under investigation and pending before Magistrates at the close of the year. The following statement will shew the state of crime during the year under review:—

Class of Offences.	Number of Cases reported.		Number of Cases struck off.		Increase.	Decrease.
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.		
Class. I—Offences against State, &c. ...	226	184	74	46	...	42
Do. II—Serious offences against the person ...	949	958	317	396	9	...
Do. III— do do property ...	4,658	2,425	1,163	790	...	2,233
Do. IV—Minor do do the person ...	393	118	145	47	...	275
Do V— do do do property ...	11,793	7,007	1,680	1,704	...	4,786
Do. VI—Other offences not specified above ..	954	1,001	72	48	47	...

23. It will be seen that there has been a decrease of crime in all the classes except II and VI, where a slight increase is observable, the chief increase in class VI being public and local nuisances and offences against special and local laws, the figures having risen from 895 and 13 in 1877 to 916 and 60 in 1878. In class I there has been a general decrease in all offences. In class II the offence of murder by poison rose from 2 in 1877 to 7 in 1878. There has been no increase in the crime of rape, and unnatural offences are nil as against only one in 1877. The offence of administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt, which was greatly on the increase in 1877, has considerably decreased, there having been 39 cases reported in 1878 as compared with 55 in the preceding year. But on the other hand, 43 cases of robbery by means of stupefying drugs have occurred. The offence of hurt by dangerous weapons appears at first sight to have been greatly on the increase, the figures being 158 in 1877 and 457 in 1878. The small number shewn in 1877 is accounted for by the fact that the majority of the cases that actually came under section 324 were, by a misconception of the Police, treated as coming under section 323 in the preceding year. This mistake was rectified and hence the increase. In class III, dacoities decreased from 576 to 229, but in 1877 most of the dacoities were perpetrated for the purpose of obtaining grain, and this cannot be said to be the case in the year under review. Most of the dacoities have been committed by organized gangs. There were 43 cases of robbery by means of stupefying or poisonous drugs, against none in the previous year. Stringent orders were issued during the year for the adoption of such measures as would check the progress of this growing and dangerous crime, and it is satisfactory to record that in consequence of the strict supervision exercised at all public places and other precautionary measures adopted, the crime is becoming scarce. Robbery in dwelling houses rose from 16 in 1877 to 20 in 1878, while robbery in highways decreased by 6. Offences of lurking, house-trespass or house-breaking fell from 3,487 to 1,880; the decrease being nearly one-half. In class IV there was an increase of five cases of wrongful restraint or confinement. There has been a general decrease in all offences under class V as compared with 1877, but when compared with the crimes of previous years under this class, the number is still abnormally high.

24. From the following table it will be seen that crime was highest in the Bangalore District. Kolar comes next, while the Shimoga District had the smallest number of cases on its file. Crime in the Bangalore Town and Cantonment has been high, the number registered being 2,329 as against 2,551 or 222 less than in the previous year. The influx of destitute persons which commenced last year did not entirely cease, and under the circumstances it was natural that crime should have continued:—

Districts.	Total number of cognizable cases reported.		Percentage of convictions to true cases investigated.	
	1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Bangalore	3,028	1,903	90	91·33
Kolar	3,574	1,860	87·7	59·39
Túmkúr	1,372	830	87	86 56
Mysore	2,186	1,545	61·61	72·84
Hassan	2,227	956	93	97
Shimoga	898	476	80·82	77·01
Kadur	784	693	81	92
Chitaldroog	2,077	884	90	92·92
Town and Cantonment, Bangalore	2,551	2,329	95	96
Town, Mysore	322	224	84	87·67

25. In the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore, 29,173 famine-stricken persons were collected and sent to relief camps and 3,841 to hospitals. The number of dead bodies disposed of was 121.

26. It should be observed that in the aggregate the amount of crime during the past year was nearly double that reported in 1876. In the Shimoga District, however, there is a decrease, the figures having fallen from 510 in 1876 to 476 in 1878.

27. The number of cases under investigation at the close of the year was somewhat high in all Districts when compared with the number reported, being 2,950 cases under investigation as compared with 11,693 cases reported. The Mysore District was foremost in this respect, while Kolar stands next. In the former District the figures were 762 and in the latter 622. The Inspector General writes: "Most of these cases though belonging to the past year may be said to be past detection and notwithstanding are still kept on, in view to future detection. The necessity for a thorough investigation into the circumstances of crime is not understood by the Police, who instead of proceeding to the scene of crime without delay and using their best endeavours to secure proof, trust to getting confessions from the accused, which they find when too late to be useless, as Magistrates very properly want something more than confessions. That many of these cases are true there is no doubt, but Police officers shew great neglect in not fully testing the truth of statements made to them by accused persons and endeavouring to confirm them by independent evidence. This serious defect prominently came under notice in several instances and suitable instructions have been issued to check it."

28. The number of cases pending orders before the Magistracy was highest in the Mysore District, where there were 385 cases; and it was also high in Túmkúr where it was 164.

29. The total number of cases fully investigated and accepted as true amounted to 8,010, and the number of cases in which convictions, ensued was 6,729 or a percentage of 84. This result is satisfactory on the whole, but not so good as that obtained in 1877, *viz.*, 87 per cent. In that year however as regards many of the cases taken up by the Police, detection was rendered easy as the culprits put themselves in the way of detection in order that on a conviction by a Magistrate, they might secure for themselves an asylum in the jail.

30. The following statement will shew the action taken by the Police in regard to arrests:—

	1877.	1878.
Total number arrested, &c.	30,710	15,387
Released by Magistrates before trial	2,885	1,849
Discharged or acquitted after trial	2,843	1,368
Convicted	22,533	11,473
Died, escaped, &c.	418	148
Pending	2,031	549

31. It will be seen that the number of arrests decreased by one-half and there is a proportionate decrease under all other heads.

32. The value of property said to be lost during the year was Rs. 2,30,473 or nearly half of that lost during the previous year, and the amount recovered Rs. 62,473; the percentage of recovery was 7 per cent less than in the previous year. On this the Inspector General remarks: "The apparent want of success in the recovery of property may partly be attributed to the fact that complainants not unfrequently place very high value on the property stolen or robbed, and partly to the fact that jewellery is broken up and melted within a day or two after the plunder."

33. The Police have taken more advantage of the provisions of Chap. XXXVIII of Criminal Procedure Code in dealing with bad characters during the year under review than in the previous year, shewing that they begin to see the usefulness of this portion of the law.

34. There is nothing peculiar in any of the serious offences reported during the year that requires special notice.

35. The Police were employed in investigating 442 non-cognizable offences. In 232 cases the Police obtained convictions, the percentage being 45 per cent. In all 58,298 processes were executed by the Police as against 74,020 in 1877. The number of warrants fell from 8,714 to 7,575, while summonses and proclamations rose from 37,742 and 273 to 40,009 and 377.

36. Ninety-eight cases of professional dacoity appear to have been perpetrated. Of these 85 were brought to trial, 428 persons were arrested, 340 brought to trial and 167 persons convicted. The value of property lost was Rs. 22,044 and only a small sum of Rs. 2,337 recovered. There were four cases of robbery by drugging reported, supposed to be professional; three were brought to trial involving 9 persons, of whom five were convicted. One case of kidnapping occurred; but the case is still under enquiry.

37. There were 240 cases of cattle theft, and of these 228 were brought to trial. Four hundred and eighty-seven persons were arrested and 409 convicted.

38. On account of the continuance of the famine during the early part of the year, the extra Police force consisting of 5 officers and 458 men entertained during 1877 was kept up for the first two months of the year at a cost of Rs. 5,219.

39. The patrol system that was introduced in the previous year was kept up for some months. The beat system has again been adopted.

40. The several Police schools that were closed on account of the famine were not opened during the year, as the pressure of work was still felt. No officers of the force could be spared to receive instruction at the head-quarter school. The total number of the educated members of the force was 1,954 as against 2,177.

41. Towards the close of the year vacancies in the lowest grades of the force were not filled in order to make room for sepoys of the local Infantry Regiment, which was being disbanded.

42. The total number of officers and men was 4,661 as against 4,916 in the previous year, and their cost was Rs. 5,44,630 as against Rs. 6,77,761. The decrease is owing to the force being under strength for some months during the year.

43. A sum of Rs. 5,396 was spent in the construction of six new stations and repairs of 36.

44. Punishments in the force were more numerous during the year under review than the year previous, the number being 1,772 as against 1,271.

45. Four hundred and thirty-five persons were rewarded by promotion as against 530, shewing a decrease of 95, while those rewarded with money fell from 31 to 23 in 1878.

46. The health of the force has been on the whole indifferent, the prevailing diseases being fever and dysentery. There were 127 deaths during the year as against 183, the percentage of death being nearly three.

47. The Village Police still remains the same.

CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

48. There was no change in the constitution of the Judicial administration of the Province during the year.

49. The total cost charged for Law and Justice in 1878 was Rs. 4,91,217; the net receipts from stamps amounted to Rs. 2,42,169, as compared with Rs. 6,42,287 and Rs. 2,51,360 under the same heads in 1877.

50. The total number of offences reported during the year was 16,128 as compared with 24,823 in the year previous, shewing a marked decrease of 8,695. The falling off was most remarkable in the Nagar Division, where the figures shew a decrease of 79·2 per cent, as compared with 53 per cent in the Nundydroog Division and 35·3 per cent in the Ashtagram Division. This is attributable to the fact of the recent famine, which extended into the year 1878, having gradually disappeared, and the condition of the people having, in consequence, improved. This is further illustrated by the figures in the subjoined table which shews the number of heinous offences reported and the number of persons convicted of them during the past and previous years in the several Divisions of the Province.

		Ashtagram.		Nundydroog.		Nagar.		Total.	
		Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.	Cases reported.	Persons convicted.
Offences by public servants.	1877	44	42	32	24	34	26	110	92
	1878	33	25	54	46	61	53	148	124
Giving false evidence ...	1877	7	5	13	8	18	16	38	29
	1878	11	16	38	26	18	13	67	55
Murder ...	1877	15	17	84	100	43	23	142	140
	1878	24	39	32	71	27	24	83	134
Culpable homicide not amounting to murder ...	1877	17	9	44	45	37	26	98	80
	1878	17	11	17	18	16	28	50	57
Dacoity ...	1877	109	242	277	1,157	163	499	549	1,898
	1878	56	221	95	320	64	150	215	691
Robbery ..	1877	35	33	172	269	104	64	311	366
	1878	64	59	71	103	31	28	166	190
Rape ...	1877	5	1	...	...	4	1	9	2
	1878	4	...	1	...	2	...	7	...
Grievous hurt ...	1877	48	33	28	27	23	13	99	73
	1878	27	15	20	12	9	18	56	45
House-breaking ...	1877	456	542	1,272	1,501	591	596	2,319	2,639
	1878	270	297	618	713	222	172	1,110	1,182
Cattle-theft ...	1877	112	186	325	446	392	732	829	1,364
	1878	172	165	106	146	228	311	506	621
Theft and dishonestly receiving stolen property ...	1877	1,832	1,136	6,179	9,386	2,099	3,135	10,140	13,657
	1878	1,878	1,205	3,184	3,893	896	1,032	5,327	6,130

51. In the Ashtagram Division there were 24 murders, 64 robberies and 172 cattle thefts reported, as compared with 15, 35 and 112 respectively in the previous year. No reason is assigned for the increase in cases of murder which occurred chiefly in the Mysore District. The decrease in the number of offences of dacoity, robbery, house-breaking and theft is considerable and is attributed to the gradual fall of the price of provisions since the famine rates of the previous year.

52. In all 16,089 cases were tried by the Magisterial and 417 by the Sessions Courts as compared with 22,662 and 386 cases respectively in 1877. The total number of persons brought to trial was 30,132 being 20,032 persons less than in the previous year. It is noteworthy that as the greatest decrease occurred in grave crimes so about 90 per cent of the decrease was in the number of persons arrested by the Police.

53. The manner in which persons brought to trial were dealt with is shewn thus :—

	1877.	1878.
Discharged	6,272 ..	3,975
Acquitted	11,760 ..	8,888
Convicted	30,787 ..	16,995
Died, escaped or transferred	187 ..	103
Pending trial	1,158 ..	171

54. The percentage of conviction to the number of persons actually put on trial was 56·7 as compared with 63 in the year previous. The Judicial Commissioner transferred 17 cases involving 29 prisoners from the file of the Nundydroog Sessions Court to that of his Court in December 1878 in order to relieve the Sessions Judge. In 11 of these cases 14 prisoners were prosecuted to conviction and in the remaining 6 cases the prisoners were acquitted.

55. The Sessions Judges were generally aided by 2 or 3 assessors; the number of cases in which they differed from their verdict was 45 as against 48 in 1877, and the number of cases in which they agreed was 319.

56. Thirty-nine European British Subjects, being 16 less than in 1877, were charged in 37 cases during the year, all before the Town and Cantonment Magistrate of Bangalore; one was committed to the Nundydroog Sessions Court and sentenced to three months' imprisonment in the juvenile reformatory and a fine of Rs. 30. Twenty others were convicted and the rest discharged.

57. The number of persons sentenced to death was 46 or 19 less than in the year previous. There were 1,660 sentences of whipping as compared with 4,196 in the previous year.

58. The total number of persons fined was 8,651 and the total amount of fines imposed was Rs. 1,09,798—13—9 as compared with 12,585 persons and Rs. 1,13,191—4—7 in the preceding year.

59. Out of the total amount of fines imposed during the year, Rs. 49,448—5—6 were realized, being about the same percentage as in 1877, *viz.*, 46, and out of the unrealized balances of previous year, only Rs. 8,142—15—8 or 6·5 per cent were collected.

60. In all Rs. 7,035—5—8 were paid as compensation to injured parties as compared with Rs. 7,383—12—3 in the previous year. Compensation awarded to accused persons in frivolous and vexatious complaints amounted only to Rs. 977—15—0 being Rs. 458—3—0, less than in 1877.

61. The total number of witnesses examined was 51,081, being 19,627 less than in 1877 ; this decrease is of course due to the large decrease in cases tried during the year. The average duration of cases disposed of was nearly the same as in the year previous, being 5·65 days. It varied from 1 to 11 days in the Magisterial Courts and was 34·65 days in the Sessions Court.

62. The number of original appeals received in the Magisterial Courts was 225 and in the Sessions Courts 155, as compared with 264 and 89 respectively in the previous year. The disposal of these appeals is shewn below :—

	Number of Cases.
Appeals rejected and sentences confirmed ..	215
Do do modified ..	43
Do do reversed or proceedings quashed	114
Remanded or referred	6
Pending	10
Total..	388

63. The average duration of appeals in the Magisterial Courts was 14 days and in the Sessions Courts 23 days. The total number of appeals for disposal in the Judicial Commissioner's Court was 495 against 353 in the year previous.

64. The Judicial Commissioner revised 148 cases, or 33 more than in the year before. In disposing of these, the appeals were rejected or the sentences confirmed in 107 cases, sentences were modified in 13 cases, reversed in 10 cases, and quashed in 16, and 2 cases were remanded.

65. Fifty-two cases, or 11 less than in the year previous, were referred to the Judicial Commissioner and disposed of as follows:—Thirty-nine sentences of death were confirmed, 7 were modified, and 6 were reversed.

66. In addition to the work detailed above, 771 miscellaneous cases and 2,434 miscellaneous petitions were disposed of by the several Courts.

PRISONS.

67. This chapter is divided into two parts, the first being a general view of the Jail administration of the Province, and the second being devoted to a separate consideration of the management of Prisons and Lock-ups in each District.

68. *General Summary.*—The marginally noted jails were inspected by the Judicial Commissioner and found to be in good order. A large proportion of the lock-ups were inspected by the Deputy Commissioners in the course of the year, some once and others oftener.

Bangalore Central Jail.
Kolar District Jail.
Túmkúr do
Mysore do
Hassan do
Chikmagalur do

69. The buildings were the same as in the previous year ; and no new ones were added or alterations of any importance made.

70. The accommodation in many of the jails was rather scanty in the first half of the year, owing to the prevalence of crime, though on a less scale than in the previous year, consequent on the famine and its after-effects.

71. *Number of Convicted Prisoners.*—The total number of prisoners convicted and imprisoned in all the jails and lock-ups of the Province was 9,053 males and 1,173 females. These added to 5,759 men and 239 women who remained in jails at the end of the previous year, and 3,457 males and 91 females received by transfer, gave a total population of 19,772 convicts (18,269 men and 1,503 women) as compared with 27,823 (25,353 men and 2,470 women) in the previous year. The decrease of 8,051 or 29 per cent of convicts from the number in 1877 is chiefly attributed to the decrease in the number of offences committed during the year under report consequent on the improved condition of the country.

72. The daily average strength fell from 5,063·324 in the preceding year to 4,884·848 during the year under review.

73. Of the total population, 3,747 prisoners were transferred to other jails to undergo sentence and for transportation, the remaining 16,025 convicts were disposed of as noted below compared with the figure in 1877:—

		1877.	1878.
Released ..	On appeal	192	117
	On expiry of sentence ..	16,038	9,138
	On payment of fine	706	559
	By Government order ..	0	0
	For sickness	0	7
	On other grounds ..	337	923
Transported beyond seas ..		49	44
Transferred to the Lunatic Asylum ..		1	2
Escaped..		22	15
Executed		46	38
Died		1,141	1,378
Remaining at the end of the year....		5,998	3,804

74. By special order of Government 923 convicts were released in honor of the marriage of His Highness the Maha Raja of Mysore. The selection was made from among the prisoners who came in during famine times, having been convicted of crimes which could be traced to privation, &c., unattended with violence. This benefit was extended to prisoners who were weakly and likely to suffer by imprisonment, and to those of special good conduct.

75. *Religion and Age.*—Of the total number of convicts 1·2 per cent were Christians, 10·9 per cent Muhammadans, 87·9 per cent Hindus and all other classes.

76. The convict population of the Muhammadans increased by about 4·2 per cent over the proportion returned in 1877.

77. The proportion of juveniles under 16 years of age has but slightly increased, that of prisoners above 60 years of age having slightly diminished.

78. The subjoined table compares the proportion of convicts according to religion and age :—

		No. of Convicts in—		Percentage in—	
		1877.	1878.	1877.	1878.
Religion.	Hindus	20,616	12,373	81·7	76·3
	Muhammadans	1,700	1,776	6·7	10·9
	Christians	269	197	1·1	1·2
	All other classes	2,657	1,878	10·5	11·6
	Total..	25,242	16,224	0	0
Age.	Under 16 years ..	878	575	3·48	3·54
	Between 16 and 40 years ..	19,329	12,419	76·58	76·55
	Do 40 and 60 years ..	4,577	3,009	18·13	18·54
	Above 60 years ..	458	221	1·81	1·37
	Total..	25,242	16,224	0	0

79. In regard to the previous occupation of the male convicts, the return when compared with that for 1877, shews an increase in the number of men of independent property and of Government servants :—

Previous Occupation.	1877.	1878.	Increase or Decrease.
Of independent property..	413	694	281 I.
Agriculturists	10,035	7,232	2,803 D.
Non-agriculturists	8,205	4,719	3,486 D.
Domestic Servants	1,720	903	817 D.
Government Servants	487	517	30 I.
No Occupation	2,057	747	1,310 D.

80. Of the female convicts, 1,077 were married, 182 were unmarried and 153 were prostitutes: 128 of the latter were imprisoned in the Bangalore Central Jail alone. In 1877 there were 219 prostitutes in all the jails.

81. Sixty-one per cent of the total number of convicts, as against 65·9 per cent in 1877, were sentenced to imprisonment for terms not exceeding six months. Only 13 prisoners, as against 48 in the previous year, were sentenced to imprisonment for periods above 10 years. All other sentences of imprisonment were for terms between six months and ten years. The number of persons sentenced to simple imprisonment was 1,285 or about 8 per cent of the total convict population, being 4 per cent less than in 1877.

82. *Re-committals.*—Seven hundred and eighty-nine convicts, as compared with 678 in 1877, and 433 in 1876, were old offenders who had been previously in the jail, 473 once, 198 twice and 118 oftener than twice. It is noteworthy that so many as 90 of the old offenders were females.

83. *Escapes.*—During the year under review 15 convicts effected their escape, 4 from inside the jails and 11 from outside, as against 10 and 17 respectively in 1877. Two of these and four of the 54 prisoners who had escaped during the previous ten years that remained uncaptured were apprehended during the year and punished.

84. *Prison Discipline.*—While in jail 26 convicts committed criminal offences, and 301 breaches of jail rules, chiefly by using or having forbidden articles. Three of these were women. The ratio per cent of the number punished to the average strength was 6·6, as compared with 8 per cent in the preceding year. Sixty-seven of these offenders were punished by solitary confinement and reduced diet, two hundred and fifty-five by whipping and the rest by other means.

85. *Education.*—As in the previous year education was given to prisoners only in the Jails at Bangalore, Mysore and Shimoga. But instructions have recently been issued to extend the system to all jails. The daily average number under instruction was about 838 prisoners or 40 in excess of the number in 1877.

86. Of the number released during the year after more than 6 months in jails, 367 men and 5 women were able to read and write a little, and 190 men and 6 women well.

87. *Prison Officers.*—The total number of prison officers including warders, work overseers, &c., was 168, of whom 6 were women. The percentage was 2·15 as against only 2 in 1877.

88. *Diet.*—The scales of diet in force in the jails remained the same as in the previous year.

89. *Expenditure.*—The cost of the guarding and maintenance of convicts amounted to Rs. 4,39,935, being Rs. 1,02,876 less than in the previous year. The decrease, as might be expected from the smaller number of prisoners and cheaper rates of food grains and other articles of consumption than in the previous year, was general, the annual cost of each prisoner having been Rs. 82—8—6 as compared with Rs. 87—9—10 in 1877.

90. There was however an increase in the hospital charges of Rs. 9,981 due to the still large number of sick prisoners affected by the late famine and to the necessity of feeding them with extra diet. The details of the expenditure incurred are given below :—

	1877. Rs.	As.	P.	1878. Rs.	As.	P.
Rations	3,47,400	0	0	2,50,063	0	0
Cost per head of average strength ..	56	1	1	47	1	2
Establishment	65,013	0	0	67,129	0	0
Cost per head of average strength ..	10	7	11	12	9	6
Police guard	77,479	0	0	67,521	0	0
Cost per head of average strength ..	12	8	2	12	10	8
Hospital charges	12,046	0	0	22,027	0	0
Cost per head of average strength ..	1	15	1	4	2	1
Clothing	17,317	0	0	13,306	0	0
Cost per head of average strength ..	2	12	9	2	11	7
Contingencies	23,256	0	0	19,889	0	0
Cost per head of average strength ..	3	12	10	3	11	8
Total Cost....	5,42,811	0	0	4,39,935	0	0
Cost per head.. .	87	9	10	82	8	6

91. *Employment of Convicts.*—The average number of prisoners sentenced to labor was 4,784, of whom, excluding the infirm, sick or convalescent, there were about 4,170 convicts actually available for labor. The nature of their employment was as follows:—791 were employed as prison officers and servants, 223 on building and repairing jails, 479 on jail gardens, 640 on manufactures, and the rest on extramural labor.

92. *Financial Results.*—Cash received for labor or articles sold during the year amounted to Rs. 38,815, and the value of manufactured goods supplied for Government purposes was Rs. 24,741. Added to this Rs. 17,361, value of goods, raw materials, plant and machinery in store, the total credits amounted to Rs. 80,917. The debits including cash expended on raw materials, &c., amounted to Rs. 50,054, thus giving a profit of Rs. 30,863 or about 7 Rs. per head of effectives. Besides the above there was an outstanding balance of Rs. 5,943 due to the Bangalore, Shimoga and Kadur Jails.

93. Including Rs. 34,492 spent on raw materials and Rs. 7,830 on repairs, &c., executed to jail buildings, the gross expenditure to the State on account of the prisoners was Rs. 4,82,257; and deducting therefrom Rs. 38,815, receipts from manufactures, the net cost to Government was Rs. 4,43,442, being the same cost per head of average strength as in the previous year, *viz.*, Rs. 91.

94. *Health of the Prisoners.*—The after-effects of the famine told severely on the general health of the prisoners which was less favorable than in the previous year. In all 8,310 sick prisoners were admitted into the jail hospitals as compared with 6,622 in 1877. The daily average number sick was about 534·6 as against 233 in the previous year. The total number of deaths was 1,443. The proportion of deaths to average strength of prisoners was about 27 per cent, being about 6 per cent in excess of the proportion in 1877, and 23 per cent in excess of that in 1876.

95. *Principal Diseases.*—The annexed table shews the principal diseases which proved fatal and the number of patients treated:—

	Admissions.	Deaths.
Anœmia and general debility	526	203
Dysentery and diarrhœa	2,094	770
Fevers	1,595	88
Respiratory diseases..	121	22
Cholera	20	9
Scrofula and phthisis pulmonalis	78	37
Small-Pox	4	0
Jaundice	49	16
Ulcers and boils	1,236	75

96. As compared with 2 deaths in 1877, there were no deaths among civil prisoners during the year.

97. One thousand, three hundred and thirty-nine men and 39 women died among the convicts, and 62 men and 3 women among the under-trial prisoners.

98. *Mortality according to Age.*—Of the deaths ·62 per cent occurred among the juveniles, 76·3 per cent among the prisoners between the ages of 16 and 40, 21·2 per cent between 40 and 60 years and 1·88 per cent among the prisoners above 60 years of age.

99. *Mortality according to length of Imprisonment.*—The largest proportion of deaths, *viz.*, 75·2 per cent, was among prisoners who had been in jail for periods less than one year, 23·63 per cent died among prisoners who were incarcerated for periods from one to seven years, while 1·17 per cent died among those who had been in jail for more than seven years.

100. *Civil Prisoners.*—At the commencement of the year there were 13 civil prisoners in confinement in all the District Jails in the Province; 240 (231 men and 9 women) were admitted during the year as against 132 in 1877. The average daily number likewise increased from 10·46 to 18·5. All except 24 were released before the end of the year.

101. *Under-trial Prisoners.*—The total number of under-trial prisoners excluding all transfers was 12,820 (11,851 males and 969 females), being 13,320 or 50·9 per cent less than the number in 1877. Their daily average number also fell from 1121·469 in the previous year to 427·123 in the year under report.

102. Of the total number, 6,066 were released, 6,559 were convicted, 3 escaped, 65 died, leaving 127 awaiting trial on the last day of the year.

103. In the preceding paragraphs, the jail administration of the Province has been generally reviewed. The following paras give detailed information regarding the working of the 8 District Jails in the Province.

104. *Bangalore Central Jail.*—In the Bangalore Central Jail the accommodation was scanty. Notwithstanding a decrease of 300 in the total number of convicted prisoners, there was an increase of 214 in the daily average strength.

105. Including Rs. 1,004 spent on repairs, &c., the total expenditure for the year was Rs. 1,31,715, which gives Rs. 78—10—2 or about Rs. 19 less per head of average strength than in 1877.

106. In the manufacturing department the estimated profits amounted to Rs. 11,278, being Rs. 8 per head of effectives, as compared with Rs. 21,084 and Rs. 16 respectively in 1877. The value of manufactured goods supplied for Government purposes also fell from Rs. 23,742 in 1877 to Rs. 17,171 in the year under report.

107. Five prisoners escaped, one of whom was re-captured. Three of the prisoners who had escaped in the previous year were also re-captured.

108. During the year 194 convicts were punished for offences committed while in jail, being 47 more than in the previous year, the chief punishment resorted to being flogging.

109. The average number of convicts having been large, the time required for locking them up was necessarily much longer, and in consequence the time for school was trenched upon. Of the prisoners discharged, 401 were able to read and write a little and 104 well. The number at school on the last day of the year was 526.

110. The total admissions into hospitals were 1,868, being 117 less, and the daily average sick was 97 or 24 more than in the previous year, shewing that sickness was more prolonged and serious; the number of deaths increased from 191 to 234. Of these 13 were under-trial prisoners, and 9 were women. The ratio per cent of deaths to average strength was about 14.

111. *Kolar District Jail.*—As might be expected, there is a considerable decrease both in the total and average number of convicted and under-trial prisoners, and in the total cost incurred for them, as compared with the figures in the previous year. There was an increase of one civil prisoner over the number in 1877.

112. Three prisoners effected their escape, two of whom were re-captured. There were 279 deaths among the convicted, and 5 deaths among the under-trial prisoners, as compared with 369 and 4 respectively in the preceding year. The mortality was above 36 per cent of the average strength.

113. *Tumkúr District Jail.*—There was a decrease in the total cost to the extent of Rs. 9,854. Three convicts attempted to escape, but were re-captured; also one of the prisoners who had escaped in previous years was apprehended and punished during the year.

114. The number of persons punished for breaches of jail discipline was very small. Only 7 prisoners were punished for using or possessing forbidden articles while in jail, as against 21 in 1877.

115. The health of the prisoners was less favorable than in the previous year. Ninety-one convicts and 6 under-trial prisoners died, as compared with 61 and 13 respectively in 1877. The proportion of mortality was about 18 per cent to the average strength. This high death-rate is attributed to a large number of emaciated and half-starved people who were admitted during the famine times and who died during the year.

116. *Mysore District Jail.*—There was a very large increase in the number of convicted prisoners incarcerated in the Mysore Jail. To prevent the overcrowding which existed as a consequence of the famine, and owing to the great unhealthiness and mortality which prevailed there, as also to provide suitable and remunerative work to the great number of convicts, an auxiliary jail at Kukarhalli was opened as a temporary measure, which was occupied on the 23rd January 1878. Nine hundred and thirty-seven male prisoners, sentenced to rigorous imprisonment, were received from the Mysore Jail; of whom 426 were released, 41 were placed on the weak list, 165 died, leaving 305 remaining in Kukarhalli at the end of the year.

117. In the Mysore Jail, the total population was 2,180 and the daily average strength about 327. On the last day of the year there were 237 convicts in the jail.

118. There were no escapes either from the Mysore Jail or from the Kukarhalli Sub-jail.

119. Only 29 persons were found guilty of breaches of jail discipline, 24 at Mysore and 5 at Kukarhalli, as against 59 in the previous year.

120. Of the prisoners discharged during the year, 51 went out able to read and write a little, and 33 well.

121. The estimated profit from convict labor was Rs. 10,090, as compared with Rs. 5,648 in 1877.

122. The total cost notwithstanding cheaper rates of articles of food, increased from Rs. 46,317 to Rs. 62,232, owing to the increase in the number of convicts.

123. The general health of the prisoners was exceptionally bad. Three hundred and ninety-four convicts and 4 under-trial prisoners died during the year, as compared with 94 and 3 respectively in the previous year. The proportion of deaths to average strength was very high, being 57·6 per cent, and is attributed almost entirely to causes which originated from famine.

124. There were 107 civil prisoners as compared with only 38 in 1877. There was no death among this class of prisoners.

125. *Hassan District Jail.*—There was a decrease in all classes of prisoners, convicted, civil and under-trial, and a corresponding decrease in the total cost by more than one-half, the figures being Rs. 10,385 in 1878 as compared with Rs. 22,307 in 1877.

126. Two convicts effected their escape, but both were re-captured shortly after.

127. Nine persons were found guilty of offences against prison discipline and were all flogged.

128. The health of the prisoners was extremely bad. The jail being situated on low ground, sickness increased, and there was heavy mortality in the monsoon months owing to dampness. The daily average sick was 17 and the total number of deaths was 126, as compared with 10·56 daily sick and 151 deaths in the previous year; more than one-half of the deaths were from bowel-complaints.

129. *Shimoga District Jail.*—During the year there was a slight increase in the number of convicts and civil prisoners, while the number of under-trial prisoners largely diminished.

130. The expenditure on maintaining and guarding the prisoners was less than in the previous year, the average cost being about Rs. 93 as compared with Rs. 111 in the year preceding. The estimated profits from convict labor amounted to Rs. 6,747, giving an average profit per head of effectives of Rs. 9—10—8, which is nearly double the average profits realized in 1877.

131. Two as against three convicts in 1877 escaped from inside the jail and have not been re-captured as yet.

132. Forty convicts, being 6 less than in the previous year, were found guilty of breaches of jail discipline and were punished.

133. 166·5 convicts or 4 less than in 1877 were under instruction every day. Of the number released during the year after more than 6 months in jail, 16 went out able to read and write a little and 11 well. Instructions have been issued that all juveniles whose sentence is over one month must be taught, as well as other prisoners sentenced to more than six months.

134. During the year 40 convicts were employed as warders or work-overseers, being 21 more than in the preceding year.

135. As compared with 70 deaths among the convicts and 8 among the under-trial, in the previous year, 82 convicts, being about 10·6 per cent of the average strength, died during the year under report. The largest proportion of the mortality, *viz.*, 78 per cent, was from bowel-complaints and general debility, which is attributed to the late famine.

136. *Kadur District Jail.*—There were during the year 394 convicts, 402 under-trial and 3 civil prisoners, as compared with 441, 718 and 5 respectively in 1877.

137. The total cost fell from Rs. 17,850 to Rs. 10,773 and the average cost per head from Rs. 181 to Rs. 129.

138. One prisoner escaped, but was shortly after re-captured.

139. The health of the prisoners was comparatively good. Only 4 deaths among the convicts, and two among the under-trial prisoners took place chiefly from fever, as compared with 25 and 13 respectively in 1877.

140. *Chitaldroog District Jail.*—Throughout the year there were 119·83 convicted, 19·22 under-trial and ·52 civil prisoners, as compared with 198·61 149·94 and ·52 respectively confined every day during the previous year.

141. The total expenditure shews a decrease of Rs. 15,948, due to the fall in the number of prisoners and in the prices of articles of consumption.

142. Two convicts effected their escape both from outside the jail, one of whom was re-captured during the year.

143. One hundred and sixty-six deaths occurred among the convicts and 14 among the under-trial prisoners, as compared with 161 and 27 respectively in the preceding year.

144. The proportion of deaths to daily average strength was 130 per cent; the largest proportion of mortality, *viz.*, 64·4 per cent, occurred from dysentery and diarrhœa, and 54·4 per cent died among convicts who had been in jail for less than one year, a result attributable to the famine.

145. The new jail building has been undertaken by the Public Works Department, but has not yet been completed.

CIVIL JUSTICE.

146. The total number of suits instituted in all the Civil Courts of the Province was 21,509, as compared with 17,341 suits filed in 1877, being an increase of 4,168 suits or about 24·3 per cent over the number instituted in the previous year. Sixty-six per cent of this increase occurred in the Nundydroog Division, notwithstanding a decrease of 111 cases in the Bangalore Court of Small Causes. Twenty-five per cent

occurred in the Ashtagram Division and 9 per cent in Nagar. The increase which took place in the Courts of the Munsiffs and Judicial Assistants is generally attributable to the gradual disappearance of famine and to the improved state of the country; indeed the civil work of the Province has nearly returned to its dimensions before the famine. Corresponding to the increase in the number, there is an increase also in the aggregate value of suits filed during the year, the amount being Rs. 25,06,341—2—0, giving an average per cent of Rs. 116, as compared with Rs. 19,98,022—8—3 and Rs. 115 respectively in the preceding year.

147. Including the 1,554 suits pending from the previous year and the 6 cases received by transfer, there were for disposal 23,069 cases in all the Courts of the Province. Of these, 21,632 were disposed of and 10 were transferred, leaving 1,427 suits pending at the close of the year. The aggregate value of the original suits that were disposed of was Rs. 23,61,969, as compared with Rs. 18,11,831 of the year previous; thus there was an increase of Rs. 5,50,137 in the value of original suits disposed of over that for 1877. Six thousand, two hundred and twenty-three suits out of 23,059 or 27 per cent were decided after contest. The number of cases dismissed for non-appearance of parties was 2,493, being more than 11 cases for every hundred suits disposed of. The proportion of cases decreed *exparte* was 37 per cent which is very high. The number of cases decided in favor of plaintiffs including decrees on compromise, confession and *exparte* was 17,389, being 80·4 per cent of the cases decided during the year.

148. Owing to the heavy work the Deputy Commissioner of Bangalore had in connection with the famine and to relieve him somewhat, the Judicial Commissioner transferred 4 original suits from the file of the Deputy Commissioner's to his own Court and disposed of them.

149. Of the 1,427 suits pending at the close of the year, 1,308 were under 2 months, 105 between 2 and 4 months, and 14 above six months. The state of the files at the end of the year was certainly good, considering that only 14 cases had been pending for more than 4 months against 170 such cases of the year previous and the improvement is especially marked in the Courts of the Munsiffs, where there were only 3 suits pending for upwards of 4 months against 170 such cases in the previous year.

150. *Duration of Suits disposed of.*—In the matter of duration of suits it is perhaps hardly fair to compare the results of 1878 with those of the year 1877, when every Civil Judge's time was more or less taken up with other pressing duties. The average duration in contested cases was 29·33 days and in uncontested cases 21·27 days as compared with 55 days and 31 days respectively in the preceding year. The improvement is marked in every class of Courts; but the duration is still much too high in the Courts of the Deputy Commissioners and Commissioners, two classes of Civil Courts, which, in the re-organization of establishments now being carried out in Mysore, will both be abolished.

151. *Appeals.*—During the year under review 723 appeals as against 535 in 1877 were preferred to the various Appellate Courts of the Province. These, together with 104 appeals pending at the commencement of the year, made a total of 827 appeals for disposal, of which 768 were disposed of, leaving 59 appeals pending at the end of the year. The 768 appeals were disposed of as follows :—454 were confirmed, 93 decisions were modified, and 144 reversed, 39 cases were remanded and 33 appeals were dismissed. The percentage of reversals was nearly the same as in the previous year, *viz.*, 19·3.

152. In the Court of the Judicial Commissioner there were 5 regular appeals, 3 from the decision of the Commissioner of the Ashtagram Division and 1 from each of the Commissioners of Nundydroog and Nagar. In 3 of these cases the original decisions were confirmed, the remaining 2 cases remanded. Second appeals for disposal numbered 119 or 43 more than in 1877, all but 9 were disposed of, and the Lower Courts' decisions were upheld in as many as 79 cases.

153. The total number of applications for execution of decrees including those pending was 24,970 against 15,458 of the year previous. Of these 4,445 were completely executed, 8,292 partially, and 10,110 struck off. The number of persons ordered to be imprisoned in execution of decrees was 1,267 as compared with 748 in the previous year, but of these only 240 were actually imprisoned.

154. The number of processes for sale in regard to movable property was 845, and in regard to immovable property 1,859 as against 591 and 984 respectively in 1877. There were 2,193 miscellaneous cases and 4,952 miscellaneous petitions disposed of as against 1,388 and 3,382 in 1877.

155. *Process-serving Establishment.*—The total number of processes issued during the year was 113,802 as compared with 77,876 in 1877, being 35,926 more than in the previous year ; 110,848 of these processes were served, leaving 2,954 outstanding at the close of the year. The amount of fees collected was Rs. 71,945 or an increase of Rs. 23,546 —3— 0 over the previous year. The expenditure was Rs. 37,394, being Rs. 7,843 less than in 1877. The net saving to Government was thus Rs. 31,389.

REGISTRATION.

156. The total number of documents of all classes registered was 16,513. In 1877—78 it was 17,381 which was notable as the largest number attained in any year. A stimulus was given to registration by the transfers of property arising from the agricultural distress of that period, the effects of which were doubtless felt largely in the year 1878—79 also. The returns shew that the sales and mortgages of immovable property of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards were as numerous as in the previous year. Those of property under Rs. 100 were, however, fewer by nearly a thousand.

157. With the sanction of the Government of India a revised scale of fees was introduced from the 1st September 1878. Whilst the fees on immovable property of the higher values subject to the compulsory clauses of the Act were somewhat enhanced, the minimum fee of one rupee which formerly applied to all below Rs. 100 was reduced to 8 annas in the case of documents not exceeding Rs. 50. So also documents of value above Rs. 100 relating to movable property, which are registrable at the option of the parties, received an important concession by the reduction of the fees to one-half of documents of like value for which registration is prescribed. The object was to encourage optional registration of all kinds and such seems to have been the effect as regards documents relating to movable property, whilst as regards immovable property of petty value, the returns shew that of the total number registered (*viz.*, 5,447) 3,426 were under Rs. 50 in value. The aggregate value of the property transferred by registered documents was as follows :—

	1877—78. Rs.	1878—79. Rs.
Documents relating to immovable property ..	47,30,243	47,22,671
Documents relating to movable property ..	1,64,739	2,11,719

158. The average registration fee for each document was as below :—

	1877—78. Rs. As. P.	1878—79. Rs. As. P.
Compulsory Registration	2 2 7	2 9 9
Dptional Registration	1 3 0	1 1 6

159. There was a considerable falling off in documents relating to immovable property of Rs. 100 and upwards in the Túmkúr District, where distress had been severe and where the increase of registrations affecting small immovable properties in 1877—78 had been proportionally largest. In the Bangalore District there was on the whole an increase of 249 documents.

160. As regards immovable property less than Rs. 100 in value which belongs to the optional class the figures were as follows in each District :—

	1877—78.	1878—79.
Bangalore	1,297	1,304
Mysore	1,324	1,335
Túmkúr	1,183	741
Kolar	1,009	804
Hassan	806	730
Kadur	401	326
Shimoga	117	95
Chitaldroog	230	112

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161. During 1878—79 there were 141 refusals against 116 of the previous year. The number appealed against was 10, of which 2 were confirmed and 8 reversed.

162. There were four prosecutions during the year. The charges were false personation, forgery and falsification of accounts. Seven persons were charged, of whom one, a Gumasta, absconded, five were convicted and one was acquitted.

163. During the year 30 documents were impounded under the provisions of the Stamp Act. Deficient stamp duty and penalty amounting to Rs. 575 were realized on these.

164. At the close of 1878—79, 662 documents remained to be delivered to the presenters, being 54 more than in the year previous.

165. During the year under review 13 registered documents (against 6 of the year previous) were destroyed.

166. Four hundred and four court-sale certificates were presented for registration against 256 of the preceding year.

167. No new offices were opened nor were any abolished during the year.

168. The total receipts of the Department during 1878—79 were Rs. 39,783, which is Rs. 4,066 more than in the previous year and the largest amount as yet realized in any year. The expenditure was Rs. 25,336 or Rs. 1,240 more, mainly on account of the charges for commission which rise in proportion to the income from fees. The balance in favor of the Department for the year was Rs. 14,448. The enhanced income is due to the revised table of fees, which was in operation during the last seven months of the year.

169. Registration of Companies under Act X of 1866.—Fourteen Banks either stopped payment or went into liquidation during the year, and only 2 new companies were formed. The number in existence at the end of the year was thus reduced from 80 to 68.

170. During 1878—79, 235 documents were registered and filed against 275 in the year previous. The number of proceedings of ordinary meetings registered was less by 1 than in the previous year, being 52; but the fees on these increased from Rs. 165 to Rs. 260; fees on extraordinary meetings' proceedings decreased from Rs. 275 to Rs. 110 and that for new banks from Rs. 180 to Rs. 80.

171. The receipts amounted to Rs. 1,312 against Rs. 1,640 of the year previous. The expenditure was Rs. 609, as against Rs. 611 of the preceding year, shewing a balance in favor of the Department of Rs. 702.

172. The report of the year's operations is like that of the previous year in shewing how unsatisfactorily most of these institutions are worked. The same difficulty was experienced in obtaining the prescribed returns, &c., and the Directors of two banks were successfully prosecuted for an infringement of some of the provisions of the Act.

MONEY ORDER DEPARTMENT.

173. On the whole there has been an increase in the number and amount of orders paid and a falling off in issues compared with those of the previous year. Seven thousand, three hundred and thirty-seven orders amounting to Rs. 2,35,471 were issued in 1878--79, as against 7,684 orders aggregating Rs. 2,71,811 in the year previous. Seven thousand, one hundred and fifty-nine orders of the value of Rs. 2,15,948 were paid, as against 6,526 orders amounting to Rs. 2,08,605 in the preceding year.

174. Within the Mysore Circle, 45 more orders were issued for Rs. 5,216. The number paid was fewer by 34, while the amount paid was greater by Rs. 4,435.

175. The orders drawn and paid by Mysore on account of the Government of India Circles amounted to Rs. 1,25,942 and Rs. 1,06,702 respectively.

176. There was a decrease of Rs. 99 as compared with the previous year in the cost of management on account of water-marked paper not being purchased during the year and the abolition of the Saklespur Money Order Office.

177. The Overland Money Order business diminished during the year. Two hundred and twenty-four orders were issued for Rs. 13,533 against 282 for Rs. 19,630 in the previous year, and 49 were paid for Rs. 2,191 against 64 for Rs. 3,001.

178. The financial result of the year is a surplus of Rs. 1,019 against Rs. 861 in 1877—78. Rupees 285 have been charged as the prescribed contribution for pensions and Rs. 1,239 as commission payable to the Government of India at one per cent on the amount of all money orders drawn by Mysore on India Circles. On the other hand a sum of Rs. 994 has been realized through Her Majesty's Treasury at Bangalore and credited on account of similar commission on India orders paid by Mysore during the year. In the adjustment of similar transactions with the Berar Circle, Mysore has been charged Rs. 21 and credited with Rs. 27, and on Overland Money Orders paid, Rs. 22 were realized by Mysore.

MUNICIPAL.

179. Municipal administration which now extends to all the taluk kasbas in the Province embraces 77 separate Municipalities, and their income and expenditure during the year under report are shewn in the following statement. The receipts are derived from house-tax and octroi, whilst the expenditure in the District head-quarter towns includes the cost of the Police in addition to conservancy :—

Municipalities.	Number.	Opening Balance.	Income.	Expenditure.
Cantonment of Bangalore	1	7,713	1,24,446	1,23,179
Town do	1	903	62,368	57,835
Bangalore District	15	1,597	6,090	4,330
Kolar do	11	2,397	9,136	7,222
Túmkúr do	11	5,019	6,237	7,120
Town of Mysore	1	29,490	82,929	85,595
Mysore District	10	15,705	14,163	13,807
Hassan do	10	1,173	6,999	5,213
Shimoga do	8	14,868	20,285	18,089
Kadur do	6	13,343	20,372	17,789
Chitaldroog do	3	1,865	8,474	8,672
Total.....	77	94,073	3,61,499	3,48,851

MILITARY.

180. The Province of Mysore is garrisoned by a division of British Troops stationed at Bangalore and French Rocks near Mysore. The Bangalore garrison consists of a Regiment of British Cavalry, a Battery of Royal Horse Artillery, two Field Batteries of Artillery, a Regiment of British Infantry, two Native Infantry Regiments and the Head-Quarters of the Madras Sappers. Towards the end of the year the 67th Regiment of British Infantry and the 36th Madras Native Infantry were withdrawn for active service as well as some Companies of Sappers. The garrison at French Rocks consisted of the 38th Regiment, Madras Native Infantry, but at the end of 1878 they too left for active service, and a wing of the Native Regiment stationed at Mercara took their place.

181. Besides the Imperial troops of the Mysore Division stationed at Bangalore and French Rocks, Mysore has its own local force. During the year this consisted of three Regiments of Siledars, 1,166 strong, and four Regiments of "Barr" Infantry, the total strength of which at the close of the year was 2,040. As a necessary measure of economy steps had been taken during the latter part of the year to reduce

the strength of the Infantry with a view to disbanding the fourth Regiment which was actually effected on the last day of the year.

182. The stations of the Local force were as follows :—at Bangalore the 1st Regiment Cavalry and 4th Regiment 'Barr'; at Mysore the 2nd Cavalry and 1st 'Barr' Regiments; at Shimoga the 3rd Cavalry and 3rd 'Barr,' and the 2nd 'Barr' at Túmkúr. There are numerous detachments too, especially of the 'Barr' who are employed in guarding Taluk Treasuries and District Jails. The force was maintained at a total cost of Rs. 8,42,763.

183. In connection with the Siledar Cavalry a farm and breeding stud is maintained at Kunigal in the Túmkúr District. There 53 foals were dropped during the year and 20 out of a total number of 134 were transferred to the ranks. Sixteen died. The crops raised were good, and the stud is well reported on though an accession to the number of stallions standing there was desirable.

184. *Volunteers.*—The following shews the strength of the Bangalore Rifle Volunteer Corps as it stood on the 31st March 1879 :—

	No.
Officers	13
Non-commissioned Officers ..	38
Volunteers	116
Cadets.	49
Total....	216

IV. PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

WEATHER.

185. The rain-fall during the year was copious and seasonable, and admitted of agricultural operations being carried on over a longer period than usual. This was of great advantage, as the ryots, owing to their reduced circumstances after the famine, would not have otherwise been able to bring so large an extent of land under cultivation. The rain-fall averaged 34 inches and 34 cents against 35 inches and 92 cents in 1877, and was distributed over the several Districts as follows :—

Districts.	1877.	1878.
Bangalore	39·28	40·81
Kolar	32·63	42·80
Túmkúr	34·98	44·56
Mysore	31·68	31·72
Hassan	38·55	29·01
Shimoga	42·58	27·67
Kadur	42·13	32·16
Chitaldroog	29·94	26·01

186. The average of 1877 especially in the western districts was raised by an untimely heavy fall of rain in the latter months of the year, but compared with previous years generally, the rain-fall, both in regard to its quantity and equal distribution, placed the year under report amongst the most favorable on record in regard to agricultural operations.

187. The rain-fall entered against Bangalore was that gauged at the Bowring Civil Hospital at that station. The average temperature at Bangalore for the year was registered at 75·5 degrees against 76 degrees in the previous year.

CROPS.

188. In the early months of the year, the appearance of locusts in different parts of the Province created great apprehensions amongst the ryots. In a few villages, the locusts ate up the Vaisakh or early rice crop then under harvest: in many others, they destroyed the seedlings of dry grains, but the favorable character of the season, as already referred to, rendered it feasible to re-sow the lands, so that the visitation passed away without any serious injury. Considerable damage was

done in individual villages, especially in the Chitaldroog District, to cotton and rice crops by a plague of rats which appeared in the latter months of the year; but taking the Province as a whole, the out-turn of all descriptions of crops during the year was above the average. The yield of the great staples, rice and ragi, was especially good. In many taluks, ragi gave bumper crops, and as the prices were moderately favorable, the surviving population of the Province made rapid recovery from the effects of the famine.

AGRICULTURAL STOCK.

189. *Number of Agricultural Stock.*—The following comparative statement shews the live stock and other agricultural resources for the past and present years. The statement cannot claim to be very accurate, but the increase of cattle shewn in the present year is fully borne out by the well known fact that there has been an unusual fecundity amongst cattle since the famine:—

Live and other Stock.	1877—78.	1878—79.
Cows and Bullocks	2,297,550	2,361,615
Horses	4,917	5,083
Ponies	13,632	14,723
Donkeys	37,070	38,986
Sheep and Goats	1,592,268	1,693,105
Pigs	32,329	29,221
Carts	83,000	79,130
Ploughs	557,869	562,047
Total.....	4,618,635	4,783,910
Net Increase.....	...	165,275

190. One hundred, sixteen thousand, six hundred and eighty-five head of cattle are returned as having died during the year against 341,894 in the previous year. Of this 5,070 are reported to have been killed by wild beasts and the remainder to have died of disease.

191. *Average Prices of Produce and Labor.*—The following comparative statement shews the prices of the principal articles of agricultural produce. As is to be expected, there has been a great fall in the prices of the various staples especially in that of ragi, the local food grain, as compared with the high rates which prevailed during the famine. But the prices realized were nevertheless above the average and sufficiently profitable to the cultivators:—

Articles.	1877—78.	1878—79.
Rice per Rupee ... ... Seers.	5·98	8·90
Wheat „ ... ... „	5·98	6·87
Dál „ ... ... „	7·86	7·60
Ballar „ ... ... „	6·32	7·73
Ragi „ ... ... „	7·94	14·44
Horse-gram „ ... ... „	6·93	12·52
Bengal-gram „ ... ... „	6·92	6·85
Salt „ ... ... „	9·3	8·47
Cotton, per maund ... ... Rs.	8 3 6	6 14 6
Sugar	4 12 0	5 7 4
Plough bullocks, each	From 10 to 200 Rs.	From 10 to 100 Rs.
Sheep	5 7 10	3 14 1
Fish, per seer	From 1 0 to 6 4	From 1 0 to 6 4
Iron, per maund	4 5 1	4 1 8
Fresh cocoanuts, per 100	6 4 4	5 3 10
Jaggory, per maund	2 13 2	3 1 0
Arecanut	9 1 2	7 14 2
Tobacco	10 3 5	11 10 2
Ghee	14 12 5	10 9 10
Opium, per seer	7 9 11	8 5 6

192. *Labor.*—The average wages of labor during the year were as shewn below :—

		Rates.					
		From			To		
		Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
Wages per diem.	Skilled labor varied	...	4	...	1	...	...
	Unskilled labor do	...	2	...	...	8	...
Cart per day		...	8	...	1	...	...
Donkey per score per day		1	8	...	7	8	...

HORTICULTURE.

193. Lal-Bagh Garden.—The following statement shews the receipts and charges for the garden during the years 1877—78 and 1878—79 :—

	Rs.		Rs.
Receipts..1877-78. ..2,459		Expenditure..1877-78....14,680	
Do ..1878-79....3,375		Do ..1878-79....13,785	

194. The year under report was very favorable for horticultural experiments except for the presence of many destructive insects that did great damage to young vegetable crops.

195. The forage plant *Reana luxurians* has been grown experimentally on a small scale. Sixteen square yards of highly manured land produced 288 lbs of dry fodder and 19 lbs of seed. Cattle are stated to be fond of the green grass, horses especially, and the Superintendent thinks that it will be a useful introduction into the Province as a green forage crop in the monsoon season.

196. Eight pounds of *Prosopis glandulosa* or *Mesquit bean* were received during the year in two consignments of 7 lbs and 1 lb each. All were treated in the same manner, *i. e.*, being steeped for 24 hours in water the seeds were then separated from the carpels and were sown in prepared beds in the nursery. The seeds germinated at the rate of about 10 per cent, two hundred and fifty seedlings being raised altogether. One hundred and forty are in pots growing fairly well.

197. Two ounces of the seed of *Eucalyptus saligna* germinated freely, returning nearly 300 plants. It is a tree of quick growth and elegant habit and one that is likely to succeed in this Province.

198. One ounce of the seed of *Pithecolobium saman* returned 63 seedlings which are now six inches high and looking very healthy.

199. The reserve nursery contains upwards of 10,000 useful plants in pots. The Conservator of Forests availed himself during the year of 420 young plants including 100 of the *Eucalyptus saligna*.

200. The *Liberian coffee* is reported to have made little progress in growth or utility. A few plants were however propagated by cuttings.

201. Thirty young plants of the *Mahogany* tree were raised from 4 lbs of seed presented by Dr. King of Calcutta and Mr. Woodrow of Ganesh Khind.

202. Altogether upwards of 150 new plants were introduced during the year, comprising forest trees, orchids, economic plants, and ornamental garden plants.

203. The old quarry at the east end of the garden is being utilized as a field for profitable cultivation. It is hoped that the clearing up of this untidy corner will be also an improvement in other respects.

204. Steps were taken during the year to reduce the expense of the menagerie and the aviary, and the less important birds and a few small animals have been either sold or let loose.

205. THE EXPERIMENTAL FARM AT BANGALORE.—The season opened with a heavy fall of rain of 3·1 inches which enabled a large tract of land to be re-ploughed. *Cholam* was sown and grew magnificently without irrigation and attained a height of 15 feet, but owing to defective drainage it yielded little seed. In the month of May *yellu*, *white cholam*, *karamani*, *ground-nut* and *maize* were sown, but owing to the cessation of the rains, the sowings were either partial or total failures. The months of May and June gave an average fall of 5·65 inches, the average of the same months for the previous eight years having been 8·25 inches; but the Farm suffered more from the chief fall being earlier than usual and the rain ceasing for considerable intervals than from the low average. In the middle of June the Superintendent left the Farm on a tour to investigate native agriculture in the Districts. Owing to the absence of the Superintendent for several months and to his illness and that of his Overseer during the remainder of the year, little or no experimental cultivation was carried on at the Farm. Portions of the Farm were rented to cultivators and in this manner the financial results of the year, which are as stated below, were more satisfactory than would have been possible otherwise :—

Expenditure (exclusive of the pay of the Superintendent)	Rs.	7,235
Income	..	1,566
Net Charge..		5,669

206. Sixty-three improved English ploughs were issued during the year from the Farm workshop to meet the demands of ryots in the Districts. Out of these only 13 have found purchasers, and there remain on hand 50 ploughs valued at Rs. 1,800.

207. At the end of the year the Farm was closed having been in existence for 3 years and 8 months. The preliminary working expenses incurred in bringing it into an efficient state from the date of opening up to 31st March 1879 have amounted to Rs. 49,089, and the receipts to Rs. 5,668.

FORESTS.

208. The approaching restoration of the Province to Native Rule has necessitated considerable reductions and simplification of establishments, and the consequent abolition of the Forest Department as a separate or independent branch of the Administration. The budget grant for establishments has been reduced from Rs. 1,20,000 to Rs. 75,000 per annum. The office of Conservator has been abolished and only 3 trained Forest Officers are retained for the management of the great forests in the Districts bordering on the Western Ghats and of the plantations and jungles in the Bangalore District and along the line of the Railway. The conservancy of the remaining forests scattered throughout the Province and the promotion of the growth of trees both by Government and by private individuals will devolve mainly on the District Revenue Officers. These arrangements which were approved by the Government of India were but partially carried into effect in the last months of the year under report.

209. *State-Forests.*—The list of State-forests remains unaltered. There are 33 State-forests covering an area of 454 square miles. The only notable alteration which took place during the year was the loss of 3 square miles in the Ainur-Marigudi Forest, which extent was transferred to Madras in the settlement of the boundary disputes between that Government and Mysore. Considerable progress has been made in defining the boundaries of the Hirikalgudda Forest in the Hassan District, which when completed would bring about 80 square miles of Maidan forests under proper conservancy.

210. *Demarcation.*—Ten and a half miles of new demarcation lines have been cut in the Nundydroog Division, and 5 miles in Ashtagram, the latter in connection with the re-adjustment of forest boundaries between Madras and this Province. In other respects the operations of the Forest Departments under this head have been confined to the re-clearing of the old demarcation lines in connection with fire protection. The new demarcation lines in the Nundydroog Division cost Rs. 8 per

ile and the re-clearing 3 rupees. The total length of boundary lines completed up date is 227½ miles.

211. *Breaches of Forest Rules.*—The offences relate almost entirely to unauthoized felling or appropriation of wood. Six hundred and forty-one persons were prosecuted in 295 cases, of whom 556 were convicted. The cases are most numerous in e Shimoga District, where the villages being interspersed among the jungles afford cilities for the unauthorized felling and removal of timber from the forests.

212. *Improvement and Extension of Forests.*—Little has been done during the ar in the way of promoting re-production in natural forests by artificial sowings

213. *Protection of Forests from Fire.*—In the Nundydroog Division, attempts were ade to protect from fire only 3 of the forests containing an area of 33 square miles, t of which about 1¾ square miles were burnt. All the other forests in this ivision were burnt over early in the season. In the Nagar Division, 3 forests ntaining an area of 54 square miles were completely protected, fire having tended only to ¾th of a square mile. In the Ashtagram Division, the protection 4 forests with an area of 87½ square miles was attempted, out of which only 8 uare miles failed. These successful results are partly due to the favorable aracter of the season. The total expenditure on fire-protection amounted to s. 7,215, out of which Rs. 6,605 were incurred in the Ashtagram Division alone. addition to the clearing and burning of fire-paths, the planting of dense belts trees around the forests as the best means of preventing the growth of grass is ing tried.

214. *Plantations.*—There are 20 plantations under the charge of the Forest ficers. The total area planted up to date was 3,986 acres, and the expenditure curred amounted to Rs. 1,36,676. The plantations may be classified as shewn der :—

No. of Plantations.	Class.	Area planted up to date. Acres.	Expenditure up to date. Rs.
5	Teak ..	263	23,372
2	Timber ..	413	15,215
3	Sandal ..	404	5,416
9	Fuel ..	2,902	91,587
1	Exotic plants	4	1,086
	Total....	3,986	1,36,676

215. During the year, 25 acres were sown with teak in the Ashtagram Division, d 105,161 seedlings of different kinds were transplanted in the plantations along e Railway. The expenditure incurred, amounting to Rs. 23,167, was chiefly in the aintenance of existing plantations.

216. *Yield of Forests.*—The quantity of timber of different kinds collected and sold uring the year, the amount realized by Government and the expenditure incurred e shewn below:—

Particulars.	Quantity collected.	Quantity sold.	Amount realized.	Amount expended.
Collected by Government Agency.				
ndal (tons)	1,047¾	1,080	3,69,268	36,479
ak (C. ft.)	5,449	12,040		
nglewood ,, ...	20,878	19,262		
ak poles (pieces)	4,071	3,661	20,646	7,729
ak sleepers ,, ...	39	3		
nglewood poles (pieces)	2,170	2,058		
mboos	76,070	68,882	2,212	1,169
rewood (carts)	2,126	2,204½	2,987	1,368
ass and other produce	...	...	1,259	919
Collected by individuals under licenses.				
mber	...	...	1,420	...
rewood	...	...	940	...
mboos	...	...	2,882	...
azing and other Forest products	...	...	48,354	...
iscellaneous	...	...	2,607	34,078
tablishment	...	...	...	1,16,278
Total.....	...	...	4,52,575	1,98,020

217. *Sandalwood.*—The quantity of sandalwood sold, *viz.*, 1,080 tons, was 70 tons in excess of the sales of the previous year, but the prices realized were less favorable, averaging Rs. 338 as against Rs. 385 per ton.

218. *Other Descriptions of Timber.*—The proceeds from other descriptions of timber are quite inconsiderable. Rs. 15,117 were realized by the Forest Department in the Nagar Division, Rs. 7,650 in Ashtagram and Rs. 3,063 in Nundydroog, the last item consisting entirely of proceeds from the sale of firewood. The markets both at Bangalore and Mysore are largely supplied from outside, the former with Rangoon timber brought by rail from Madras, and the latter with timber cut in private forests in the adjoining British Territories in the Malabar District.

219. The great forests in the Ashtagram Division having been little worked for some years past, and there being an undue accumulation of stunted teak, the removal of which was desirable to promote the growth of the forests as well as to prevent danger from the wood dying and taking fire, it was resolved to utilize the same for the supply of sleepers for the Mysore State Railway. Eleven thousand, three hundred and seven logs of teak estimated to yield 35,000 sleepers were cut during the year and removed to the nearest depôts, where arrangements are being made for their being sawn through contractors.

220. The receipts from timber removed from forests by private individuals under licenses amounted to Rs. 5,242. This was almost entirely from the forests under the charge of the District Officers. Pasture and other forest products in these forests realized Rs. 48,354, the receipts from this source in the State-forests being insignificant.

221. *Financial Results.*—The total Forest receipts under all heads amounted to Rs. 4,52,575. The expenditure incurred amounted to Rs. 81,742 on Conservancy and Works and Rs. 1,16,278 on Establishments. The net revenue derived by Government from forests was therefore Rs. 2,54,555. This is entirely due to sandal. The operations of the Department in other respects being chiefly directed to conservancy, shew on the whole a loss rather than a profit.

222. *Trees in Groves and Avenues.*—There has been little variation under this head, as compared with the previous year. On the 31st March 1879 there were 818,814 trees in 16,645 topes distributed over 12,296 villages. Out of 3,994 miles of road in the Province, 3,718 have been planted with avenues of trees on either side at distances varying from 12 to 60 feet.

MINES AND QUARRIES.

223. The only mineral products worked in the Province are iron and pot-stone. Their produce for the year under report are given below :—

Iron	7,035 maunds	valued at Rs.	24,400.
Pot-stone	920 „	„	1,000.

MANUFACTURES.

224. The estimated produce of the various industries other than agriculture carried on in the Province is detailed below. Their total value is estimated at Rs. 65,33,398, but it must be remarked that this value includes the price of the raw material out of which the manufactures are made :—

	1877—78.	1878—79.	Increase.	Decrease.
Silk	2,02,000	1,16,600	...	85,400
Cotton	5,30,396	15,49,436	10,19,040	...
Wool	1,37,975	2,36,575	98,600	...
Fibres	32,133	88,041	55,908	...
Iron	83,717	67,644	...	16,073
Brass and copper	14,25,475	12,93,875	...	1,31,600
Sugar	8,82,000	13,48,331	4,66,331	...
Coffee	15,89,516	13,35,696	...	2,53,820
Paper	...	...	...	...
Wood	...	39,797	39,797	..
Oils	4,62,736	4,57,403	...	5,333
Total...	53,45,948	65,33,398	16,79,676	4,92,226
Net...	...	...	11,87,450	

TRADE.

225. Appendix III (Nos. 1 & 2) exhibits the estimated quantity and value of the exports and imports of the principal articles both from outside as well as within the Province from one District to another. The statements are compiled from returns made by the Village and Taluk officials upon no proper data, and are altogether unreliable.

PUBLIC WORKS.

226. The annual grant for expenditure in the Public Works Department of this Province was 25 lakhs up to 1877—78 inclusive, but owing to financial difficulties caused by the famine, the grant for 1878-79 was reduced to Rs. 16½ lakhs, and subsequently to 15¾ lakhs, a sum of Rs. 75,000 having been resigned to provide for anticipated outlay on famine works. This grant provided both for "Irrigation" and "Roads and Buildings," which during previous years had been treated as separate branches, each having a distinct budget. The outlay during the year was Rs. 18,44,935, but of this amount Rs.7,25,206 was on account of relief works, leaving Rs. 11,19,729 only as debitable to ordinary works. As in the previous year, the ordinary expenditure was confined to works adapted to affording relief to the distressed classes, the necessity for which did not cease until three-fourths of the official year had elapsed.

227. The following statement shews the original grants, modified grants and outlay, distributed over the various heads and sub-heads of service. The small figures represent the normal expenditure on famine works. The loss or abnormal expenditure which, under the rules, has been debited to the Civil Department, amounted to Rs. 3,55,847:—

Head of Service.	Original Budget Grant.	As modified after issue of Budget Orders.	Expenditure.	Expenditure compared with Modifications: More.	Expenditure compared with Modifications: Less.	Remarks.
Original Works	6,50,000	5,75,000	3,14,172	...	2,60,828	
			2,66,900	2,66,900	...	
Repairs	4,76,000	4,76,000	4,06,023	...	69,977	
			2,19,563	2,19,563	...	
Establishment	4,95,650	4,95,650	4,00,256	...	95,394	
			2,33,301	2,33,301	...	
Tools and Plant	30,000	30,000	16,785	...	13,25	
			5,442	5,442	...	
Profit and Loss	....	...	17	17	...	
Suspense Balance.						
Stock Purchases and Sales	...	...	—778	...	778	
Stock...	...	...	—6,730	...	6,730	
Miscellaneous Advances	...	...	—5,525	...	5,525	
London Stores	...	...	39	39	...	
Grand Total.....	16,51,650	15,76,650	11,24,259	56	4,52,447	
			7,25,206	7,25,206	...	
Deduct Receipts on Capital Account...	...	...	4,530	...	4,530	
			11,19,729	56	4,56,977	
Net Increase and Decrease.....			7,25,206	7,25,206	...	
			...	7,25,206	4,56,921	

228. In addition to the expenditure detailed in the above statement, Rs. 8,409 were expended out of Rs. 8,489 contributed by District Funds, and Rs. 26,271 out of cash contributions amounting to Rs. 60,019 promised by ryots and others. The ryots promised labor contributions towards the repair of irrigation works to the value of Rs. 31,410, but owing to the famine it was not found possible to get them to carry out work to the value of more than Rs. 1,273.

229. The actual money expenditure on works in the Province (exclusive of loss on account of famine charged to Civil Department) was thus Rs. 12,50,588, and the value of work supervised Rs. 12,51,861.

230. Under the head of Civil Buildings belonging to Land Revenue, work was continued in the construction of a Taluk Cutcherry at Yedehalli, but from difficulties in the matter of labor and supervision, the few details required to complete this building were not finished by the end of the year. The building had been roofed in and made habitable in previous year.

231. A still more unsatisfactory lapse of allotment than that of the previous year occurred in the case of the Taluk Cutcherry at Sorab which was also under construction, from delay in the submission of contractor's bills, although the building was practically completed. This delay has still to be explained by the parties responsible for the timely measurement of the work.

232. In addition to these, small sums were spent in completing the Taluk Cutcherries at Belur, Kolar and Kankuppa.

233. Under Law and Justice, work progressed in constructing a Munsiff's Court at Chikmagalur. The walls were run up during the year; but the difficulty experienced by the contractor in getting in properly seasoned wood of good quality prevented further progress, and only Rs. 842 were expended during the year.

234. In the work of constructing a District Jail at Chitaldroog, a few of the minor buildings were completed, whilst the foundations of main block of barracks and of enclosure and cross walls were got in, and part of the superstructure run up. The supervision was imperfect, and the rejection by the Superintending Engineer of a quantity of inferior materials collected by the contractor partly accounts for the bad progress and lapse on the grant. The estimated cost is Rs. 30,800. Out of an allotment of Rs. 12,000, Rs. 9,940 were expended in the year.

235. The bad work done in the previous year in constructing a wall around the Civil Jail at Chikmagalur was re-built, and further progress was as good as the number of stone-workers available for quarrying the stone would admit.

236. The only work under Police buildings was that of constructing a separate block for Police Assistant, Munsiff's Court and Local Fund Engineer's Office at Chikmagalur, which was satisfactorily completed at a cost of Rs. 7,743.

237. The non-receipt from England of iron work and finials for the pinnacles at angles of the central block and wings, prevented the completion of the work of extending and improving the High School at Bangalore so far as it has been determined to complete it. As noted in the review of previous year, the somewhat expensive ornamental iron parapets are to be postponed. The estimated cost of the project is Rs. 45,143 and the total outlay up to date Rs. 34,862.

238. The administrative block, one cottage-ward, cook-room and godowns of the Lying-in-Hospital at Bangalore were satisfactorily finished. To complete the project in its entirety two additional wards and quarters for an Apothecary have still to be built. The estimated cost is Rs. 49,302.

239. *Palace of the Maha Raja at Bangalore.*—The work of the year was restricted to laying Minton tiles and fixing the iron work of upper iron verandah, these materials having been already collected and being useless for other purposes. The total expenditure incurred up to date is Rs. 1,98,158.

240. The large bungalow at Túmkúr, the property of General Dobbs, having been offered for sale on most advantageous terms to Government, and it being necessary to provide the District Munsiff with suitable accommodation at head-quarters, the Chief Commissioner decided to purchase the above property for Rs. 10,000 and to transfer thereto the office and residence of the Executive Engineer, leaving the old Public Works Department office available for the Munsiff's Court, for which its central position and proximity to the District offices rendered it most suitable.

IRRIGATION.

241. In the Cauvery Division the work done on irrigation channels is described below:—

Four miles of new channel were excavated on the extension of north channel, Sriramdevar dam, and water can now be delivered as far as 46¼ miles. Permanent irrigation sluices have been completed with the exception of two. An aqueduct at the 43¾th mile was built, and the one at the 42¾th mile completed during the year. The work still remaining to be done consists of the completion of bridges and accommodation bridges over aqueducts; and the delay in the prosecution of the same is due to the difficulty experienced in the collection of slab stones, of which a large number is required.

242. *Improving Krishnaraj Anicut and Channels*:—In the Ramnathpur channel the Ulenhalli aqueduct was satisfactorily repaired, and water passed over it during the last irrigation season. The Agraram aqueduct was also completed and utilized during the irrigation season. Three miles of extension were completed, including one aqueduct, and water admitted. Twelve permanent sluices, and face walls to four waste-weirs, were built. Bund-raising in 4 miles of channel was also carried out.

243. In the Kattapur channel 11 permanent sluices and 5 bridges were built. Five waste-weirs were overhauled, face and wing walls being constructed of brick, and aprons re-set. Bund-raising for two miles was finished. The foundations for a super-passage were laid, and materials collected for its superstructure. Progress on this channel was somewhat retarded owing to the preparation of materials for masonry works not having been sufficiently advanced.

244. Rupees 10,805 were expended out of an allotment of Rs. 15,000.

245. The allotment for improvements to Chikdevarsagar channel was Rs. 24,000, which was expended together with Rs. 3,452 from ryots' contribution.

246. Thirty-seven permanent sluices were constructed, and 6 bridges of 12 feet width each, and 2 others which were commenced in previous year, were completed. Repairs to 7 bridges were also carried out. Of the waste-weirs, 12 were completed between the head-sluice and the 45th mile. Four Biddagundis or sand-sluices were reconstructed. Some work to aqueducts at the 14th and 25th miles was done, and materials collected for the one at 33rd mile. The Karikal aqueduct was completed, and worked during the last irrigation season with very satisfactory results. The quality of work continues good.

247. The modified allotment for improvements to Viziyanadi channel was Rs. 12,000, of which only Rs. 6,456 was expended; the difficulty in procuring labor delayed the work, but better progress should have been made. The work carried out during the year consisted of completion of waste-weirs, bridges and permanent sluices. The channel bed towards the end has yet to be brought to section, and it is in this portion of the channel that the incompleted items are. It is believed that Rs. 8,000 will suffice to complete the work, but it is proposed to utilize the savings on estimate in the construction of masonry works to deal with the drainage in first 4 miles of channel, and in the re-construction of under-sluice.

248. The allotment for improvements to Ramaswami channel was reduced from Rs. 12,000 to Rs. 2,000. Rupees 2,455 were expended during the year. The revised estimate of Rs. 96,567, providing for improvements to this channel, was not sanctioned till towards the close of the year, and this accounts for the reduction in grant and small expenditure. The work done during the year was in bringing anicut to a level with concrete, with which satisfactory progress was made, over 400 feet in length of lowest portion of anicut having been brought to section. The manufacture of bricks was put in hand, and sufficient bricks burnt to answer for masonry works from head-sluice to 5th mile.

249. Rupees 6,000 were provided for improvements to Kannambadi channel by re-appropriation; but owing to materials not being ready for masonry works, and to the difficulty experienced in procuring labor in this part of the District which is thinly populated, only Rs. 3,214 were expended. During the year the head-sluice was completed, and foundations for under-sluice got in. The quality of work is reported to be fair.

250. The following is a brief account of the work done to irrigating tanks in the different Divisions of the Province.

251. *Hassan Division.*—The allotment for the restoration of Bellur-Dasankere series was increased from Rs. 10,000, to 15,000, and Rs. 14,468 were expended during the year, together with Rs. 1,314 from contributions. With the exception of three tanks, which it has been found necessary to postpone, the series has been completed.

252. The few tanks in the Channaraypatna series which were selected and started with the Chief Commissioner's sanction, for the purpose of affording relief to the distressed in the neighbourhood during the famine, have been completed at a total cost of Rs. 19,308.

253. Work on the Janavar series was completed and accounts were closed. expenditure of Rs. 4,342 incurred during the year has been debited to famine, the works having been expressly started for relief purposes under the sanction of the Local Administration.

254. *Mysore Division.*—The modified allotment for the Koppa series was Rs. 11,250, of which Rs. 9,638 were expended. The short expenditure is attributed to difficulty in procuring labor and to the scattered position of the tanks.

255. In the Sulekere series, Nos. 1 and 2 sub-series were completed in previous years, and tanks handed over to Revenue Department for up-keep by ryots. No. 3 was completed during the year. The tanks still in hand in No. 4 Sub-series are inam; and with the approval of the Deputy Commissioner, works are being carried out by this Department, the amount being recovered from inamdars. No. 5 sub-series was under execution by Revenue Officers. No. I outlaying chain has been completed with the exception of one inam tank, which is now in hand by this Department.

256. Only Rs. 672 was expended for the Maddur series out of a modified allotment of Rs. 5,000, the cause of short expenditure being the same as that assigned for Koppa series. There is only one tank remaining incomplete in this series, and it will be out of hand during the current year.

257. *Kolar Division.*—Rupees 3,012 were expended on the Kadgodi series against an allotment of Rs. 5,000. Rupees 8,029 were expended on the large Mallappa Chetti's tank, which was carried on as a relief work. This tank is completed, except raising of waste-weir to full height.

258. The modified allotment for the Hoskote series (including the Hoskote large tank) was Rs. 19,616. Rs. 23,907 were expended under "Ordinary" and "Famine." Bhadram tank, one of the largest in the series, was carried on as a relief work, and was almost completed at the close of the year.

259. In the Ramsagar series, sub-series 1 to 6 were completed in previous years. Good progress was made with No. 7 and 8 sub-series; only 3 tanks remained incomplete at the close of the year in the former, and one in the latter; and these are approaching completion. Two tanks in No. 9 sub-series were started for relief purposes, of which one was completed, and good progress made with the other. A few tanks in Nos. 10, 12, 13, 15, 17, 18 and 23 were also started for relief purposes, and most of them got out of hand. The large Betmangala and Ramsagar tanks situated in Nos. 24 and 25 sub-series, respectively, were satisfactorily completed.

260. The Palar minor series consisting of 3 sub-series were all completed during the year.

261. The allotments for irrigation works in Kolar Division aggregated Rs. 83,634, and Rs. 1,08,631 were expended under ordinary and famine.

262. *Chitaldroog Division.*—On the abolition of No. I Tank Division, of which Chitaldroog District formed a Range, the latter was constituted a temporary division with the sanction of the Government of India, *vide* Public Works Department No. 50 E. I. of the 2nd April 1878. The modified allotments for original irrigation works in this division aggregated Rs. 25,891, against which Rs. 29,945 were expended. Rs. 13,567 were expended in addition under "Famine," making the total expenditure in the division Rs. 43,512. The principal irrigation works in hand in the division were the tanks in

Chinna Hagari drainage, and the Talak and Dodéri tank feeders; the two former have been completed. The Dodéri feeder was carried on as a relief work.

263. *Túmkúr Division.*—The restoration of the Timmenhalli tank, which was commenced in Chitaldroog Division as a relief work, was transferred in June 1878 to Túmkúr Division, it being situated within easy range of the other works in latter Division. Rs. 11,939 were expended and debited to famine. The work was closed in November 1878, the necessity for it as a relief work having ceased, and its further prosecution as an ordinary work not being considered desirable.

264. *Kadur Division.*—The feeder to Keresante tank was commenced in the previous year as a relief work, and continued as such until October 1878, when it was taken in hand as an ordinary work. Rs. 10,373 were expended under famine, and Rs. 1,390 out of the imperial allotment of Rs. 2,000 provided towards the close of the year by re-appropriation.

265. Rupees 7,992 were expended by Revenue Officers in the restoration of a few small serial and other original works out of Rs. 10,770 provided by re-appropriation. Rs. 2,372 were also expended by them under "Famine."

266. Under the head of Communications many important works are in progress in the Province; the necessity of providing for famine relief and of reducing expenditure generally has adversely affected their progress. The more important road works only need be noticed here.

267. The progress of the year in constructing 7 miles of new road from Periyapatna to Coorg frontier was very poor owing to the great scarcity of labor from which all works along the western frontier suffered severely during the year.

268. Considering the locality which is notoriously unhealthy, and the difficulty of procuring labor, the progress made on improving and bridging the Manantody road was fair. The one arch bridge on the 109th mile was satisfactorily finished, but work to the adjoining iron lattice bridge of 44 feet span across the worst nullah on the road made little or no progress, owing to want of foresight and resource on the part of the establishment. The masonry of an important bridge near Kakankote was completed, as well as several small culverts. This is an important project and its estimated cost is Rs. 1,42,630.

269. Want of labor was the sole cause of the wretched progress on ghat improvements. For stone work in the Kadur Malnad, Mapla labor is solely employed, and large gangs usually come up the ghats at the close of the monsoon in search of contracts for stone revetting, earth-work, &c. This year this class of labor entirely failed, and hardly any progress is in consequence reported in the work of widening the Bhund ghat, on the Basvankanve ghat deviation or the Basvankote-Balehonnur road.

270. Some stone work to parapets, copings, &c., of bridges on the Vastara-Balehonnur road, (sections 3 and 4) alone remained to be done at the close of the year. The expenditure incurred up to date has been Rs. 30,300. Owing to changes in establishment the work of building bridges on the Anemahal-Múdgere road was taken in hand very late in the season, and but little was done.

271. Part of the allotment for the road from Achur to Kamakki on the Vastara-Hariharpur line was withdrawn for reasons already stated, and the supply of labor was inadequate to do more than widen the bridle road in places; on the 2nd section from Balehonnur to Baggunjikatte, however, a small bridge was completed and a little blasting and gravelling done, leaving but little to complete the line, which is now in excellent trafficable order. The total outlay incurred on this section has amounted to Rs. 66,542.

272. It having been considered desirable, in view to meet outlay on famine works which it was found necessary to carry on for a longer period than had been anticipated, to retrench on ordinary works which were not pressing, a large portion of the allotment for the Hydergharghat-Shimoga road, 4th section, Kallurkatte-Bennavalli road was withdrawn in the month of November. Notwithstanding this the expenditure fell far short of the remaining grant from lack of labor. Three small bridges and three culverts were completed, as well as some embanking. For the same reason the project of bridging the Kodachi and Sutah Rivers on the section between

Kallurkatte and Nagar was held in abeyance, but the bridges over the Shiddi and Mumbar nullahs on the Kallurkatte-Bennavalli road were thrown open to traffic, but parapets, cap stones and copings still remain to be done.

273. On the 5th section of the Hydergharghat-Shimoga road between Ainur and Bennavalli, progress was poor owing partly to scarcity of labor, partly to illness of the subordinate in charge.

274. Bridging the Benhatti river which separates the Province from an outlying part of the South Canara Collectorate, was begun. Piers and abutments were brought up to springing level. The exhaustion of the quarry which had been depended on for the supply of stone, prevented more rapid progress, and the rains came on before the arches could be turned.

275. On the Shimoga-Agumbe road scarcity of labor as elsewhere prevented the anticipated completion of the deviation at Bangod. This is to be regretted, as the traffic has still to go over a terribly bad gradient between the 32nd and 34th miles of the Agumbe road, which this deviation is meant to overcome.

276. The Kushavati bridge has been completed during the year.

277. The project for improving the Manjarabad ghat hung fire like others from want of labor. The small outlay incurred was on making good the new embankments which had impeded traffic in the previous year.

278. In connection with the line from Mallur ghat to Shimoga, a road is under construction, partly in the Shimoga District and partly in Kadur, to join Yedehalli by Umblibail with Shimoga. The allotment for the portion in Shimoga was withdrawn, and in the Kadur District very little was done owing to dearth of labor and short establishments.

279. In Miscellaneous Public Improvements the progress made on the Bangalore Water Works was materially affected by the results of the famine upon labor, and also by a considerable reduction therein, due to the carrying on of the railway works near Bangalore. A large proportion of the labor previously came from the Pettah, and nearly the whole of this was diverted to the railway works. A body of relief coolies was employed to supplement the deficient labor during the early part of the year, but the work turned out by these was very small. The main work of the project is the bund, and this was practically completed, the concrete heart wall being carried up to full level, and the earth work to crest level. Some little work in pitching the front slope has yet to be done, and some trimming up of the rear slope, but this should be completed within the next three to four months. The several weirs for the overflow from the tank have since been completed, as also the feeder channels, so far as it is proposed to carry them out for the present.

280. The flat concrete arches of the aqueducts on the delivery channel have not turned out so well as was expected, owing mainly to shrinkage, but the less bold concrete arch over the north inlet channel of 40 feet span and 10 feet rise, carrying the railway feeder road, has answered well.

281. The rock cutting through the Guttahalli ridge has been delayed unexpectedly, owing to the Sappers who undertook the work being required for service in the field. It is now in the hands of a native contractor, but it will probably be some months before the cutting is ready to carry the delivery channel through to the Cantonment basin tanks. The total outlay on the project has up to date amounted to Rs. 4,99,679.

282. Outside what was done upon the Mysore Water Supply Project by the agency of famine and convict labor the progress was very backward, from the scarcity of local able-bodied coolies. The puddle trench along the centre of bund was brought up to ground level, and some progress was made with the bund itself and excavation of feeding channel. The puddling and consolidation of the earth work have been carefully attended to.

FAMINE RELIEF WORKS.

283. The closing months of the previous year had seen the numbers on relief works rapidly diminish as prospects improved and prices became easier ; yet though famine in the ordinary acceptation of the term had ceased altogether as the early rains set in, it was found impossible to close relief works until there was a reasona-

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ble certainty that the occupants of the camps would find means of subsistence elsewhere. The enhancement of tasks, the enforcement of the distance test, and the reduction of the wage to correspond with the fall in prices, first thinned the able-bodied gangs, whilst the transference of the old and infirm to the village grain-dole and the judicious distribution of Mansion House Funds to ryots and artizans, gradually reduced the numbers on relief. No work was closed suddenly, no harsh or summary disbanding of the gangs took place, and till the last the "Specials" were exceptionally treated and the hospitals kept open. By the end of November the gangs had dissolved and famine operations had ceased.

284. The extension of the earth-works of the Mysore State Railway up to Closepet, the completion of the Agrahar reservoir and feeder, the Mysore Water Works, the Hebbur tank, the Bhadram, Bindganhalli, Hoskote, and Mallappa Chetti's Tank, the metalling of the Bangalore-Bellary road, the improvement of the Hiriyur-Bellary road, and the collection of metal along the main roads in Túmkúr, were the chief relief works of the year. Each and all of them were works of decided utility, and for the money expended, a fair out-turn of useful work may be claimed.

REPAIRS.

285. Against the grant of Rs. 15,000 for repairs to Civil Buildings, the outlay was Rs. 14,424. This was much heavier than the similar outlay of previous year, but careful scrutiny of the estimates was maintained and the excess was unavoidable.

286. For repairs of channels Rs. 27,437 were provided, of which Rs. 25,401 were expended, together with Rs. 4,660 from cash contributions. In all 90 works were in hand; they were satisfactorily executed, and call for no special remarks. The decrease in expenditure of late years on the maintenance of these channels is due principally to their improved condition.

287. The expenditure on tank repairs by Public Works Officers has been Rs. 54,230, *viz.*, Rs. 21,137 under ordinary against appropriations aggregating Rs. 24,241, and Rs. 33,093 under famine and from cash contributions.

288. Expenditure on ordinary tank repairs by Revenue Officers amounted to Rs. 1,14,225, which includes Rs. 61,019 expended under famine, and Rs. 430 from cash contributions. The percentage of establishment to outlay under Revenue Officers paid from the Public Works Budget was 12·56 or 3·42 more than that of 1877—78. This establishment has since been amalgamated with that of the Public Works Department, which will in future carry out all public works in the Province.

289. During the year, 115 tanks were breached or otherwise damaged against 564 in the previous year, or an average of 208 in the preceding five years. This is partly due to the scanty rain-fall, and partly to the tanks being in better condition than formerly.

290. The cost of the Conservancy Establishment for maintaining irrigation channels was Rs. 33,263, whilst the expenditure incurred upon the repairs of the channels, including money and labor contributions by ryots, amounted to Rs. 30,184. The revenue for the year was Rs. 3,71,296, being an increase of Rs. 1,268 over that for the previous year. A full supply of water was maintained in the channels throughout the irrigation season.

291. The outlay on road repairs was Rs. 43,832 less than the grant of Rs. 3,35,000, but as a set-off against this saving, there was a famine outlay of Rs. 1,25,530, much of which went towards the actual maintenance of the roads, though the larger proportion went to improvements, and the laying in of stocks of metal. The Hiriyur-Bellary road, which had fallen into serious disrepair during previous years, was greatly improved by the agency of relief coolies. The main roads in the Bangalore, Túmkúr and Shimoga Divisions were kept in excellent order, the Cuddapah road in Bangalore and the Kunigal road in Túmkúr being, however, exceptions. In Hassan-Kadur two of the most important roads deteriorated seriously, but this was partly due to want of establishment and want of labor, whilst in Mysore the 1st class roads from loose and careless work fell far short of the standard condition.

292. The budget grant for establishment was Rs. 4,95,650, and the outlay against it Rs. 4,00,256, the saving being Rs. 95,394; but Rs. 2,33,301 were expended under famine, for which no special provision was made. Excluding the charges for the Channel Conservancy Establishment, the cost of the establishment proper,

including famine, amounted to Rs. 6,00,294; the total expenditure supervised by it being Rs. 12,51,861, the percentage for the year was 48·2 on works alone, and 31·8 on the total outlay. This high percentage is due, among other causes, to the large expensive establishments that were maintained for the purpose of supervising relief works, some of which failed to draw labor and had to be closed.

293. The reduced budget for the year provided for one Superintending Engineer instead of two, as in previous years, for the separate Roads and Buildings and Irrigation Branches; but owing to the famine it was found necessary to retain the services of both Superintending Engineers until the close of the year.

294. During the year 5 passed students of the School of Engineering and Natural Science at Bangalore were appointed Engineer Apprentices, and two Overseers.

295. The Superintending Engineer appends the following remark to his report:—

"The operations of the Department during the year were made subservient to the necessities induced by the famine. Such works as could be deferred were stopped and the funds thus obtained freely applied to other works more suitable to relief purposes. Many budget works that were perfectly suitable languished from want of labor, and as will be seen from the remarks made against these works, indifferent progress was the result. As the pressure of famine declined, the numbers of the famine-stricken and the expenditure thereon of course became gradually less. Supervision could not however be reduced in the same proportion, and this will account to a great extent for the heavy percentage the establishment charges bear to the expenditure.

Taking the very serious drawbacks into consideration, the progress made on works during the year was quite as good as could have been looked for, and a great deal of very important and useful work, notably the earth-work to the Mysore Railway and the construction and improvement of several important tanks, was turned out by the famine coolies."

POST OFFICE.

296. The year exhibits no change in the constitution of the Anche Department or the means employed in the local postal service, but the rates charged were changed in accordance with an alteration made in the Imperial postage rates to which Anche rates are assimilated.

297. No new receiving houses were opened during the year, but one was closed, reducing the number to 156. A new line of 13 miles was opened experimentally between Sorab and Banavasi, and another of equal distance from Periyapatna to Fraserpet was closed, leaving the total length of lines worked by the Anche the same as in the year previous, namely, 2,365 miles.

298. The returns of paid letters shew a decrease of 95,339 or 8·07 per cent. The number of registered letters have fallen from 16,331 in 1877—78 to 14,228 in 1878—79. There was also a decrease in the number of parcels to the extent of 47·17 per cent. On the other hand, the return of packets and newspapers which passed through the post exhibits an increase of 1,538 or 3·13 per cent. Official and un-paid correspondence decreased by 145,770 or 10·39 per cent.

299. The number of mis-sent letters increased from 90 in 1877—78 to 247 in the year under report.

300. The number of letters sent to and received from the Imperial Post Office exhibits a decrease of 14,734 and 458 respectively.

301. There was only one case of highway robbery as against 3 in the year preceding.

302. The total income of the Department including postage of official covers was Rs. 1,86,230, while the actual receipts amounted to Rs. 50,198, or 5,205 less than in the year before, against disbursements amounting to Rs. 1,64,567.

V. REVENUE AND FINANCE.

(a) IMPERIAL REVENUE.

03. The demand for the year under all heads of revenue amounted to Rs. 1,04,52,853, as against Rs. 1,02,72,913 for the previous year, giving a net increase of Rs. 1,79,940 as particularized in the subjoined statement :—

No.	Items.	1877—78.	1878—79.	Difference.	
				Increase.	Decrease.
1	Land Revenue	72,70,654	73,00,677	30,023	...
2	Forest	4,79,283	4,51,843	...	27,440
3	Abkari (including opium revenue)	10,25,596	9,52,082	...	73,514
4	Assessed Taxes	3,03,662	2,76,444	...	27,218
5	Customs (Sayer)	3,66,231	4,58,537	92,306	...
6	Salt pans	6,114	8,713	2,599	...
7	Stamps	4,96,873	5,29,685	32,812	...
8	Post Office	55,450	50,347	...	5,103
9	Law and Justice	1,14,004	1,24,875	10,871	...
10	Police	8,527	7,758	...	769
11	Public Works	25,073	60,235	35,162	...
12	Mint	148	6,293	6,145	...
13	Miscellaneous	1,21,298	2,25,364	1,04,066	...
	Total.....	1,02,72,913	1,04,52,853	3,13,984	1,34,044
	Net Increase.....			1,79,940	

304. Including the balance of Rs. 64,17,722 outstanding on the 1st April 1878 on account of previous years, the revenue to be collected amounted to Rs. 1,68,70,575, of which Rs. 1,21,22,604 were realized during the year. This unprecedentedly large collection is partly owing to the last khist of the previous year amounting to 4 annas in the rupee falling due in May of the current year under special arrangements made in connection with the famine. In the year under report, the revenue khists or instalments were again brought back within the *year. That such large collections were made without difficulty or much resort to coercive measures is proof of the rapid revival of the agricultural classes with favorable seasons and prices.

	Annas.
*December	2
January	6
February	6
March	2

305. Considerable remissions of arrears of revenue due on account of the famine-years had to be made to the extent of Rs. 8,66,126. They were granted under the following heads :—

	Rs.
1. Land Revenue	6,86,727
2. Forests	2,679
3. Abkari	1,42,510
4. Mohatarfa	34,134
5. Miscellaneous	76
	8,66,126

and were distributed over the several Districts as shewn below :—

	Rs.
Bangalore	1,23,048
Kolar	74,745
Túmkúr	3,35,481
Mysore	41,328
Hassan	1,36,784
Shimoga	14,408
Kadur	32,755
Chitaldroog	1,07,577
Total.....	8,66,126

306. The remissions were necessarily heaviest in the Districts which most suffered from the famine. The arrears remitted were almost entirely due by ryots who had died or deserted or otherwise abandoned their lands, or who had lost all their means

and were not able to resume their cultivation In the case of ryots who retained their lands and carried on cultivation to the usual extent, consideration where required was shewn by way of postponement of portions of the demand instead of granting absolute remissions.

307. The remissions shewn under the head of land revenue include Rs. 37,462, the assessment on lands remitted in favor of Patels and Shanbhogs in unsettled taluks on account of the temporary remuneration assigned to them pending the survey.

308. The item of revenue which most suffered from the famine was that derived from toddy, the consumers of which, consisting of the poorer and miscellaneous classes, largely perished from want. The contractors of the monopoly, who entered into their engagements for a term of years in favorable seasons, consequently broke down, and large arrears remained uncollected ; of which portions had to be remitted on condition of the contractors paying up the remainder.

309. Notwithstanding the large collections made and the remissions granted, there still remained at the close of the year a balance of Rs. 38,81,845, of which Rs. 32,60,000 were due on account of land revenue. Of this Rs. 15,87,000 have been subsequently recovered up to the end of September, but a portion of the remainder would require to be remitted in the ensuing settlement.

310. The following is a brief explanation of the fluctuations observable in the several items of the revenue demand of the year.

311. The land revenue amounted to Rs. 73,00,677 as against Rs. 72,70,654 in the preceding year, and was composed of the following items :—

Items.	1877—78.		1878—79.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Extent in Acres.	Amount.	Extent in Acres.	Amount.	Extent in Acres.	Amount.	Extent in Acres.	Amount.
Money Assessment ...	4,206,870	66,62,179	4,093,112	65,27,891	...	...	113,758	1,34,288
Batayi or division of crops	6,140	36,996	23,569	1,46,499	17,429	1,09,503	...	...
Coffee halat ...	...	38,108	...	33,453	...	...	...	4,655
Pasture land ...	...	36,926	...	60,068	...	23,142	...	...
Kayamgutta villages ...	...	61,957	...	62,263	...	306	...	...
Lightly assessed and whole Inam villages ...	...	1,55,518	...	1,56,756	...	1,238	...	...
Inam Jodi on minor inams	...	1,77,341	...	1,96,702	...	19,361	...	...
Sale proceeds of Government lands ...	...	22,954	...	8,314	...	...	...	14,640
Miscellaneous ...	...	78,675	...	1,24,055	...	45,380	...	...
Total.....	...	72,70,654	...	73,16,001	...	1,98,930	...	1,53,583
Deduct $\frac{1}{17}$th of the assessment on wet and garden lands in surveyed taluks, credited to Irrigation Cess Fund ...	...	...	...	15,324	...	...	...	15,324
Net Land Revenue.....	...	72,70,654	...	73,00,677	...	1,98,930	...	1,68,907

312. Under the main head of money assessment on cultivated lands or lands under occupation, there was a net decrease in extent of 113,758 acres, and in assessment of Rs. 1,34,288, and this notwithstanding that the introduction of the Survey settlement during the year into the four Taluks of Banavar, Tarikere, Kavaledurga, and Nelamangala, was attended with an increase to the revenue of Rs. 31,866.

313. The above decrease represents the loss of cultivation and revenue resulting from the famine, consisting of lands relinquished by ryots in indigent circumstances who were not able to carry on their cultivation to the full extent, and of lands belonging to ryots who died or deserted, which were struck off the accounts. These lands continued to be borne on the rent-rolls during the general disorganization which

ensued on the famine, but they brought in no revenue and only swelled the amount of the irrecoverable balances which had afterwards to be written off: but as soon as the Province again settled itself into order, the ryots came forward to relinquish the lands which they could not hope any longer to cultivate.

314. The lands relinquished and those taken up for cultivation during th eyear are shewn in the subjoined statement separately for the surveyed and unsurveyed taluks:—

	Surveyed.		Unsurveyed.		Total.	
	Extent, Acres.	Assessment, Rs.	Extent, Acres.	Assessment, Rs.	Extent, Acres.	Assessment. Rs.
Lands taken up	89,413	93,101	36,687	93,549	126,100	1,86,650
Do relinquished	196,188	166,768	77,260	1,25,111	273,448	2,91,879
Do deserted	...	...	...	...	...	84,365

315. The area under cultivation which amounted to 4,093,112 acres assessed at Rs. 65,27,891 may be classified as under:—

Class of Land.	1877—78.		1878—79.		Increase.		Decrease.	
	Extent, Acres.	Assessment, Rs.	Extent, Acres.	Assessment, Rs.	Extent, Acres.	Assessment, Rs.	Extent, Acres.	Assessment, Rs.
Dry	3,469,693	30,59,072	3,337,831	29,20,245	...	...	131,862	1,38,827
Wet	543,865	23,24,897	554,797	23,35,346	10,932	10,449	...	...
Garden... ...	172,555	11,23,410	179,887	11,18,511	7,332	...	...	4,899
Sugar-cane ...	10,258	1,09,644	10,875	1,12,193	617	2,549	...	...
Mulberry ...	10,499	45,156	9,722	41,596	...	...	777	3,560
Total.....	4,206,870	66,62,179	40,93,112	65,27,891	18,881	12,998	132,639	1,47,286
Net Decrease.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	113,758	1,34,288

316. The falling off in cultivation was entirely in dry lands, and it occurred in the Districts which were most affected by the famine. That the falling off should have been so small when the loss of population from famine was estimated at no less than 20 per cent, shews how the agricultural classes, who are the mainstay of the country, sustained themselves against the effects of that dire calamity, which swept away chiefly the poorer and miscellaneous classes.

317. Amongst the other items included in the land revenue, there is a considerable increase in the receipts from batayi, or lands cultivated under the system of the division of the crop between the Government and the cultivators. These consist chiefly of wet lands in the Kolar and Bangalore Districts which, in order to promote the cultivation of abandoned lands, were given out on more favorable terms than usual. The area under batayi cultivation was therefore greater, and the out-turn of the crop being good and prices favorable, the receipts under this head were larger than usual.

318. The receipts from the halat on coffee which fell off considerably in previous years shew a further loss in the present. The duty being levied at the rate of four annas per maund, the amount of duty levied would represent a total produce for the year of 132,608 maunds, or 33,152 cwts, which is a poor produce for the 120,000 acres held on coffee patta. The introduction of an acreage assessment on the coffee lands is looked forward to to secure to the Government a fair revenue.

319. The rent of pasture lands shews an increase as the concession of free grazing allowed during the famine years has been withdrawn.

320. The increase in the next three heads is due to quit-rent imposed during the Inam settlement. A considerable extent of kodagi inams was enfranchised at varying rates of quit-rent; whilst the remissions of jodi allowed during the famine years on the inam lands of minor village servants were discontinued.

321. There was a considerable falling off in the receipts from the sale of lands for coffee cultivation in which there had been an unusually brisk competition in the previous year.

322. The various items comprised in the head "Land Revenue, Miscellaneous" are particularized in the subjoined statement :—

No.	Items.	1877-78.	1878-79.	Increase.	Decrease.
1	Village Amrayi or fruit trees	59,242	95,652	36,410	...
2	Collections on account of land cultivated but not included in Jamabandi	3,871	6,666	2,795	...
3	Collections on account of concealed cultivation ...	11	457	446	...
4	Do from Inam lands on account of inamdars' absence	784	891	107	...
5	Fees on coffee pattas	456	385	...	71
6	Sale proceeds of assessed unoccupied lands sold by public auction	7,762	...	...	7,762
7	Sale proceeds of ryots' receipt books	103	292	189	...
8	Do of trees in unoccupied lands in surveyed taluks...	...	5,309	5,309	...
9	Fees collected on Revenue processes	487	1,439	952	...
10	Additional assessment charged on lands cultivated without orders	3,918	5,299	1,381	...
11	Other items	2,041	7,665	5,624	...
	Total.....	78,675	1,24,055	53,213	7,833
	Net Increase.....			45,380	

323. There was a considerable increase in the receipts from "Amrayi" or fruit trees which no longer suffered from the effects of the famine.

324. The several causes of increase and decrease which produced the net result under "Land Revenue" above shewn may be thus summarized :—

A. Increase.

	Rs.
By land taken up for cultivation	1,86,650
,, increase of assessment occasioned by Survey and Settlement	1,84,768
,, imposition of rent for additional crops raised	15,057
,, increase in the enumeration of cocoanut and supari trees in gardens not brought to book in previous years	11,022
,, ,, in prices realized by the sale of batáyi crop ..	1,09,503
,, imposition of quit-rent, &c., by the Inam Department ..	20,905
,, increase in sale proceeds of pasture lands	23,142
,, ,, in miscellaneous items	45,380
Total....	5,96,427

B. Decrease.

By decrease owing to relinquishment of lands	2,91,879
Do do desertions	84,365
Do of assessment occasioned by Survey and Settlement ..	1,52,901
Do in enumeration of cocoanut and arecanut trees ..	2,640
Do in Coffee Halat	4,655
Do in sale proceeds of Government lands	14,640
Total....	5,51,080
Net Increase....	45,347

FORESTS.

325. The total revenue from "Forests" amounted to Rs. 4,51,843 or Rs. 27,440 less than that of the previous year, as particularized in the subjoined table:—

Items.	1877—78.	1878—79.
Proceeds from sale of sandalwood	3,89,335	3,65,298
Do do timber	39,791	28,812
Amount realized from the contract of pepper and cardamom jungles ...	8,441	10,379
Lac	2,543	1,175
Wax and honey	1,914	1,868
Iron furnaces	5,069	2,930
Miscellaneous or other minor forest produce including pasturage, &c. ...	32,190	41,381
Total.....	4,79,283	4,51,843
Decrease.....	...	27,440

326. The quantity of sandal sold was slightly in excess of that of the preceding year, *viz.*, 1,080 tons, as against 1,009½ tons in 1877—78; but the prices realized were not favorable, the maximum and minimum rates obtained for good and inferior wood being Rs. 374 and 23 per ton, as against Rs. 427 and 51 respectively in the previous year. The sales of timber to the public fell off as the timber in the State-forests was being utilized for the supply of sleepers to the Mysore State Railway. The increase in the receipts from minor forest products was to be expected as the forests were beginning to recover from the effects of the famine.

ABKARI.

327. The abkari revenue for the year under report amounted to Rs. 9,52,082, as against Rs. 10,25,596 in the previous year, exhibiting a decrease of Rs. 73,514 as shewn in the subjoined comparative statement:—

Items.	1877—78.	1878—79.	Increase.	Decrease.
Still-head duty on arrack	3,62,088	3,80,462	18,374	...
Do do beer	9,612	4,279	...	5,333
License fees	33,433	27,663	...	5,770
Sale of arrack shops by public auction	10,474	7,022	...	3,452
Toddy contract, &c.	5,95,940	5,20,324	...	75,616
Ganja contract	11,026	10,224	...	802
Opium	1,940	1,931	...	9
Miscellaneous	1,083	177	...	906
Total.....	10,25,596	9,52,082	18,374	91,888
Net Decrease.....	...	...	...	73,514

328. Though the receipts from the still-head duty on arrack shews some increase as compared with the preceding year, they are considerably short of the amount realized before the famine. During the year under report, the Sadar Distillery system was discontinued in the Nundydroog Division, and the exclusive right of manufacturing and selling arrack was given out on contract for three years from 1st

April 1878 to 31st March 1881, the renter guaranteeing a minimum amount of rent to Government, who are also entitled to the profits of any increase of sales over the minimum amount. The minimum amount guaranteed, *viz.*, Rs. 3,00,000, was Rs. 22,900 in excess of the receipts of the previous year; but the Government derived no further additional profit as there was no increase of sales.

329. *Beer.*—The revenue from this source, which in 1876—77 amounted to Rs. 17,314, has fallen off considerably. This is attributed to disunion amongst the brewers, and to diminished consumption as well as to some extent to smuggling.

330. *License Fees.*—The falling off under this head was due to a diminution in the number of shops which at several minor stations were closed for want of demand after the famine. The number of wholesale and retail shops was 40 and 648 as against 60 and 790 in the preceding year.

331. For the same reason there was a loss in the receipts from the sale of arrack shops in those Districts in which they are sold by auction, instead of being given out on license.

332. The greatest loss however occurred under the head of toddy rents, which, in the Nundydroog Division, had to be renewed at a reduction of ⅓th and were attended with similar losses in the Nagar Division also. It was found that even these reduced rents could not be realized, and the farms had to be given out for the subsequent year at much reduced rates throughout the Province, and in some cases had to be retained under direct management for want of suitable offers of rent.

333. The privilege of selling gánja and opium is partly rented out and partly worked under a system of license fees, in addition to which an *ad-valorem* duty of 20 per cent is levied on the import and export of opium. These items produce but a small revenue in this Province.

ASSESSED TAXES.

334. Exclusive of the realizations under this head credited to municipal funds, a sum of Rs. 2,76,444 or Rs. 27,218 less than in the previous year, was realized from the various sources noted below :—

Items.	1877—78.	1878—79.	Increase.	Decrease.
Tax on Houses	1,27,005	1,18,660	...	8,345
Do on Shop	91,225	81,223	...	10,002
Do on Looms	47,820	43,049	...	4,771
Do on Oil-mills	12,224	11,521	...	703
Do on Carts	25,384	21,842	...	3,542
Miscellaneous	4	149	145	...
Total.....	3,03,662	2,76,444	145	27,363
Net Decrease.....	...	...	...	27,218

335. The decrease, which is to be found in all the items is due to the effects of the famine which were but partially exhibited in the accounts of the famine-years. These effects were shewn in the abandonment of houses, in the depression of all petty trades and in the ruin of the weaving industry.

336. The mohatarfa revenue before the famine from the several items above shewn amounted to Rs. 3,67,727, so that there has been a loss of nearly a lakh of rupees.

337. The total number of houses, which before the famine had been 1,038,746, was returned during the year under report at 950,260, shewing a loss of 88,486 houses, which affords some indication of the loss of population sustained during the famine.

338. Only 97,427 houses out of the above belonging to non-agricultural and non-privileged classes pay the house-tax, and they are classified as follows:—

Class.	No.	Rate of Tax.						Amount realized.	Average Rate per house.		
		From—			To—						
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	A.	P.
Terraced Houses	25	2	0	0	12	0	0	148	6	0	0
Tiled do	15,865	0	4	8	10	0	0	42,462	2	10	11
Mud do	21,661	0	8	0	9	0	0	33,408	1	8	8
Thatched do	59,876	0	4	8	4	0	0	42,642	0	11	4
Total.....	97,427							1,18,660			

339. *Shops.*—The total number of shops was 25,376 as against 27,863 in the previous year, and 28,383 before the famine; of this number 285 shops belonged to Shanbhogs, Patels and other privileged classes exempted from the tax. The rate of tax varies from annas 8 to Rs. 30, giving an average of Rs. 3—3—2 per shop.

340. *Looms.*—There were 23,774 looms at work as against 25,944 in the preceding year and 39,835 before the famine. Of this number, 1,763 looms belonging to Patels and Shanbhogs were exempt. The tax paid on the remainder ranged from annas 8 to Rs. 8 giving an average of Rs. 1—12—11 per loom.

341. *Oil Mills.*—The number of oil-mills at work during 1878—79 was 2,694, as against 2,898 in the previous year and 3,363 before the famine. The rate of the tax varied from Rs. 1—7—3 to Rs. 20 per oil-mill, averaging Rs. 4—1—0.

342. *Carts.*—Cart tax is levied at the uniform rate of Rs. 2, the carts used for agricultural purposes being exempt. The number of carts upon which the tax was levied in the year was 10,921 as against 12,691 in the previous year and 15,869 before the famine.

CUSTOMS OR SAYER.

343. The details of the sayer collections realized during the year are shewn in the subjoined statement:—

Items.	1877—78	1878—79	Increase.	Decrease.
Supari or arecanut	2,83,394	3,77,318	93,924	...
Tobacco	37,734	41,574	3,840	...
Cardamoms	2,231	4,505	2,274	...
Cocoanut, dry	14,179	4,552	...	9,627
Do fresh	20,934	30,267	9,333	...
Betel leaves	22,776	23,950	1,174	...
Miscellaneous	3,269	3,769	500	...
Total.....	3,84,517	4,85,935	1,11,045	9,627
Deduct Amount paid to Inamdars.. ...	18,286	27,398	9,112	...
Balance credited to Government.....	3,66,231	4,58,537	1,01,933	9,627
Net Increase.. ...	...	...	92,306	...

344. The year was favorable to all agricultural products, and though there was some loss from rot in the Malnad taluks, the produce of supari may be taken as an average one, and as a considerable quantity of the produce of the previous year which remained on hand owing to the want of demand during the famine was also brought into the market, the sayer receipts during the year reached as high a figure as is ever likely to be reached by Government under this head. The receipts from the sayer on supari in 1874—75 when the rate of duty was higher amounted to Rs. 5,56,720.

345. The receipts from the other articles subjected to the sayer are comparatively inconsiderable, and are by no means commensurate with the annoyance to the cultivation and trade, and the cost in establishments which are entailed by the collection.

SALT PANS.

346. The manufacture of earth-salt is restricted and inconsiderable. The details are given below :—

Years.	No. of Salt Pans.	No. of Manufacturers.	Rate of Tax per Pan.		Amount of Revenue.
			From—	To—	
1877—78.	1,840	2,441	0—1—0	16—0—0	6,114
1878—79.	2,158	2,644	0—1—1	6—0—0	8,713

347. The small increase in the revenue derived, as compared with the previous year, is due to the renewal of the manufacture in those cases in which it had temporarily ceased during the famine.

STAMPS.

348. The revenue from stamps has, with the revival of general prosperity, nearly recovered its normal amount before the famine. It amounted to Rs. 5,29,685, being an increase of Rs. 32,812 over the realizations of the previous year :—

Items.	1877—78.	1878—79.	Increase.	Decrease.
General stamps	1,83,323	1,62,717	...	20,606
Receipt draft labels	7,034	6,882	...	152
Penalties and other items	13,794	20,883	7,089	...
Court fees stamps or labels	2,92,722	3,39,203	46,481	...
Total.....	4,96,873	5,29,685	53,570	20,758
Net Increase.....	...	...	32,812	...

349. The increase was entirely under the head of court fee stamps, the civil tribunals whose operation was partially suspended during the famine having again come into full working.

POST OFFICE.

350. The receipts from the Anche or the Local Post were Rs. 50,347, being Rs. 5,103 less than in the previous year.

LAW AND USTICE.

351. The sub-joined is a statement of the realizations under this head as compared with the previous year :—

Items.	1877-78.	1878-79.	Increase.	Decrease.
Magisterial fines	56,597	60,112	3,515	...
Registration fees, &c.	37,049	40,788	3,739	....
Sale of unclaimed property	3,727	4,222	495	...
Sale proceeds of jail manufacture	13,141	12,523	...	618
Value of convict labor	547	1,051	504	...
Miscellaneous	2,943	6,179	3,236	...
Total.....	1,14,004	1,24,875	11,489	618
Net Increase.....			10,871	

POLICE.

352. The decrease under this head of Rs. 769 calls for no remark, as the item is of a fluctuating nature.

PUBLIC WORKS.

353. The Public Works receipts for the year under report amounted to Rs. 60,235, as against Rs. 25,073, exhibiting a net increase of Rs. 35,162 as detailed in the subjoined statement.

Items.	1877—78.	1878—79.	Increase.
Refunds	11,411	34,989	23,578
Contributions	10,797	21,530	10,733
Rent on houses	904	1,256	352
Miscellaneous	1,961	2,460	499
Total.....	25,073	60,235	35,162

354. The increase in the amount of contributions is due to the recovery during the year of sums promised in previous years.

MINT.

355. The receipts under this head comprise chiefly the copper coins received from the Madras Government, for which the intrinsic value of the metal had alone to be paid.

MISCELLANEOUS.

356. The revenue under this head, composed of the items noted in the subjoined comparative table, amounted to Rs. 2,25,364, as against Rs. 1,21,298 in the preceding year, exhibiting an increase of Rs. 1,04,066. This increase is for the most part nominal, as the greater portion thereof consists of refunds of unexpended balances of relief grants and sale proceeds of kitchen property :—

Items.	1877—78.	1878—79.	Increase.	Decrease.
Fines (Revenue Department)...	17,931	10,322	...	7,609
School fees	17,589	14,169	...	3,420
Sale proceeds of school books...	10,187	9,554	...	633
Subscriptions to *Mysore Gazette*	2,140	2,752	612	...
Travellers' bungalow fees	5,163	6,508	1,345	...
Gross revenue of the island of Seringapatam ...	21,247	21,686	439	...
Tolls on bridges...	11,064	9,711	...	1,353
Interest realized on Government securities... ...	1,545	1,545	...	...
Value of private work done by Government Press ..	1,667	1,612	...	55
Produce of Public Gardens	3,176	3,816	640	...
Premium on hundis	2,832	1,138	...	1,694
Savings and fines in the Military Local Force ...	501	405	...	96
Interest collected on arrears of revenue	3,621	12,888	9,267	...
Sale proceeds of Government buildings and unserviceable furniture	1,797	6,933	5,136	...
Sundry receipts	20,838	1,22,325	1,01,487	...
Total.. ...	1,21,298	2,25,364	1,18,926	14,860
Net Increase.....	...	..	1,04,066	...

FINANCE.

357. The total revenue collections under all heads in 1878—79 amounted to 121 lakhs, the largest amount realized in any year. "Land Revenue" alone produced Rs. 90,83,000, a sum which was Rs. 10,83,000 in excess of the budget estimate under that head. It included a large amount of arrears, of which Rs. 57,35,000 were outstanding at the close of the previous year, and 34 lakhs were recovered up to November 1878.

358. Whilst the land revenue collections were so much in excess of the estimates, other heads taken together shewed a deficiency of Rs. 4,45,000 on the estimates, principally under Excise (Abkari) and Assessed Taxes *vide* margin.

	Estimates.	Actuals.
Land Revenue	80,00,000	90,83,509
Forests	5,00,000	4,52,575
Excise (Abkari)	11,87,000	7,79,869
Assessed Taxes	4,12,000	3,36,662
Sayer	4,76,000	4,62,176
Salt	9,000	7,951
Stamps (See also separate statement)	5,34,000	5,29,505
Mint	...	6,293
Post Office	60,000	50,416
Law and Justice	1,24,000	1,28,218
Police	8,000	6,971
Military	4,000	405
Education	38,000	22,840
Interest	16,000	12,866
Miscellaneous	89,000	1,24,415
Public Works Department ...	5,000	11,727
Famine Relief (see Funds) ...	...	82,723
	1,14,62,000	1,20,99,121

359. *Charges.*—The expenditure of the year amounted to Rs. 1,28,44,000 as shewn in the following abstract statement:—

Heads of Disbursements.	Budget Estimates.	Actuals.
Interest	...	3,38,775
Refunds	33,000	28,934
Land Revenue	12,10,000	11,98,893
Forests	2,40,000	1,97,552
Excise (Abkari)	36,000	44,612
Sayer	38,000	31,827
Salt	...	...
Stamps	17,000	16,149
Mint	...	89
Post Office	1,68,000	1,65,899
Administration and Public Departments	14,20,000	13,67,145
Minor Departments...	1,26,000	99,534
Law and Justice	12,08,000	13,08,440
Police	6,24,000	5,72,294
Education	2,49,000	2,32,143
Muzrayi	2,92,000	2,80,463
Medical	1,82,000	1,78,197
Stationery and Printing	75,000	76,511
Allowances and Assignments, &c...	25,61,000	25,61,281
Miscellaneous	83,000	81,906
Superannuation Pensions, &c.	1,83,000	1,51,569
Mysore Local Force	8,65,000	7,85,405
Public Works Department	14,84,000	18,44,935
Mysore State Railway	...	2,05,133
Famine Relief	...	10,76,126
Total.....	1,10,94,000	1,28,43,812

The ordinary Civil charges exclusive of Public Works and Famine amounted to Rs. 97,18,000, against an original budget grant of Rs. 94,60,000, which was increased by Rs. 1,00,000 for Palace expenditure and Rs. 50,000, on account of the Topographical survey. These grants aggregating Rs. 96,10,000 were exceeded by Rs. 1,08,000 principally under the head of jails, the maintenance of which, in consequence of the abnormal jail population since the famine, exceeded by Rs. 1,68,000 the jail grant of Rs. 1,96,000. The Public Works expenditure aggregating Rs. 18,45,000 exceeded the grant provided in the Civil Budget by Rs. 3,61,000. Further, the Mysore State Railway was debited with Rs. 2,05,000 and the Famine Relief expenditure amounted to Rs. 10,76,000. These three items aggregating Rs. 16,42,000 were not provided for when the Civil Budget was framed. They resulted mainly from the necessity that arose for continuing relief to the people during the second year of famine.

360. The famine expenditure proper is classed as follows:—

		Rs.
1.	Famine batta to Civil Establishments on pay not exceeding Rs. 16	32,500
2.	State Grants for Relief Kitchens	1,33,600
3.	Allowances to Special Officers and Establishments	1,86,600
4.	Compensation for dearness of grain to Local Force	57,200
5.	Village Relief	1,28,500
6.	Destruction of Locusts	5,600
7.	Miscellaneous	4,000
8.	Moiety of charges incurred by the Madras Government for opening certain Roads in Wynad	13,800
9.	Loss or excess outlay on account of abnormal rates on works on which famine labor was employed	5,12,800
10.	Interring paupers	1,400
		10,76,000

361. Other special charges of the year were—

I. Interest on the Famine Loan at 5 per cent, thus—

Interest on 55 lakhs received by instalments on various dates between September 1877 and June 1878, computed up to 30th June 1878. .. .. .. Rs. 1,57,575		
Do on 55 lakhs plus 25 lakhs received as above between July and November 1878, computed up to 31st December 1878. Rs. 1,72,315		3,29,890
On Loan of Rs. 2,90,000 from the Madras Bank repaid in February 1879 at 5, 6 and 7 per cent, thus—		
From 6th December to 8th January, 33 days at 5 per cent	Rs. 1,311	
„ 8th to 17th January, 9 days at 6 per cent	„ 429	
„ 17th January to 22nd February, 36 days at 7 per cent	„ 2,002	3,742
		3,33,632

II. Expenses attending the marriage of His Highness the Maha Raja 2,36,300
Deduct charged to His Highness Personal Estate account 1,07,700 — 1,28,600

III. Gratuities to 5 British Officers on retirement from the Administration 15,185

4,77,417

PUBLIC DEBT.

362. The credits and debits under the above are the following—

		Credits.	*Debits.*
1.	Contribution for works recoverable from Ryots	26,450	22,949
2.	Personal Estates of His Highness the Maha Raja. Interest realized on Government Securities and Miscellaneous receipts	20,172	
	Charges on account of His Highness' Marriage ..	..	1,07,754
3.	Military Assistant's Equipment Account ..	15,061	327
4.	One Anna Cess for local purposes	2,71,551	Appropriated in full to credit of No. 6, 7 and 8.
5.	Half Anna Cess	2,05,655	
6.	District Fund { Ordinary receipts .. .. / Grants-in-aid	3,69,912 / 87,149	3,51,511
7.	Local Funds General	40,581	22,109
8.	Village School Fund	1,14,530	93,292
9.	Municipal Funds	1,72,045	1,68,283
10.	District Irrigation Fund	77,782	35,968
11.	Miscellaneous Funds	1,45,758	1,81,696
12.	Revenue Deposits	25,51,452	31,12,416
13.	Judicial do	2,58,656	2,47,100
14.	Mysore Government Savings' Bank Deposits ..	80,068	70,124
15.	Advances recoverable (ordinary)	34,02,764	34,92,543

		Credits.	*Debits.*
16.	Takavi Advances	1,18,221	3,300
17.	Local Loans (recovered)	10,295	..
18.	Famine Loan from the Government of India ..	30,00,000	..
19.	Local Remittances	2,26,79,628	2,25,55,487
20.	Her Majesty's Treasury	7,78,070	8,06,954

363. The apparent excess charge under the head of deposits (Rs. 5,60,000) includes Rs. 4,11,744 paid in the year 1878—79 on account of Mansion House and other Relief Funds which were received in the Treasuries in the previous year, Rs. 95,708 Public Works Funds similarly credited in that year and paid in the next and Rs. 65,000 which were drawn on account of takavi advances and placed in deposit in 1877—78, but paid out in 1878—79.

364. The cash balances in the Treasuries on the 31st March 1879 amounted to Rs. 46,44,478, *i. e.*, Rs. 21,87,640 more than at the close of 1877—78 as shewn below :—

Cash Balance.—

	Rs.	
Cash Balance in Treasuries on 31st March 1878 ..	24,56,838	
Do of the Public Works Department ..	2,55,052	
		27,11,890

Revenue.—

Receipts for 1878—79 ..	1,20,99,121	
Expenditure ..	1,28,43,812	
Deficit on Revenue and Expenditure....		7,44,691

Public Debt.—

Famine Loan	30,00,000		
Other Credits	3,31,85,930		
	3,61,85,930		
Charges ..	3,34,65,024		
Excess of Credits		27,20,906	
Net Receipts		..	19,76,215
Cash Balance in Treasuries on 31st March 1879 .		46,44,478	
Do of Public Works Department ..		43,627	
Cash Balance, 31st March 1879, Rs.		..	46,88,105

(*b*). REVENUE AND FINANCE OTHER THAN IMPERAL.

LOCAL FNUDS.

365. The current demand and actual collections under the several heads of Local Funds are shewn in the subjoined statement. The total receipts credited to the funds during the year amounted to Rs. 6,00,652, the balance remaining to be recovered at the end of the year being Rs. 2,93,232

	1877—78.		1878—79.	
	Current Demand.	Collection inclusive of Arrears.	Current Demand.	Collection inclusive of Arrears.
Local Cess	4,01,537	2,53,267	4,25,318	4,75,664
Irrigation Cess—inclusive of the amount merged in the assessment of wet lands	69,633	41,943	76,803	77,782
Sale of stray cattle and fines	24,120	24,120	27,822	27,822
Ferry collections	4,801	4,185	5,672	5,479
Miscellaneous	6,156	6,156	13,905	13,905
Total...	5,06,247	3,29,671	5,49,520	6,00,652

366. The increase under the heads of Local and Irrigation cesses are due to the progress of the survey settlements, under which the Local cess is raised from 6 pie to 1 anna per rupee and the Irrigation cess is newly given effect to.

MUNICIPAL REVENUE.

367. The Municipal arrangements are in force in 77 towns in the Province comprising all the District Head-quarter and Taluk Kasba stations. Their receipts during the year amounted to Rs. 3,61,499, and were derived from the following sources:—

		Amount.
1.	Octroi	1,46,759
2.	House tax	87,458
3.	Receipts from licenses on trades	28,925
4.	Mohatarfa	35,439
5.	Rents	12,162
6.	Fines	1,915
7.	Miscellaneous	29,839
8.	Grants-in-aid, &c.	19,002
	Total...	3,61,499

368. Inclusive of the cash balance at the beginning of the year, the total amount available for expenditure was Rs. 4,55,572, of which a sum of Rs. 3,48,851 was expended, leaving a balance in hand at the end of the year of Rs. 1,06,721. The expenditure was incurred under the following heads:—

		Amount.
1.	Head office charges	21,154
2.	Collection	30,177
3.	Conservancy	73,490
4.	Police	76,743
5.	Lighting	12,950
6.	Construction and maintenance of roads	51,741
7.	Water supply, &c.	3,003
8.	Drainage works	17,978
9.	Building	14,131
10.	Other Public Works	7,649
11.	Charitable Institutions	4,556
12.	Miscellaneous	35,279
	Total...	3,48,851

VI. VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

369. The total population under registration according to the Census of 1871 was 5,050,000, and according to the Test Census taken in 1878, it was calculated to have been then 4,100,000.

370. *Deaths.*—The total number of deaths registered during 1878 was 73,343. The number of males who died to every 100 females is 129·43. The Deputy Surgeon General remarks that the difference is probably due to the greater exposure of the former.

371. The ratio of deaths *per mille* based on the Census of 1871 was 14·50; according to the Test Census of 1878, it was higher, (17·88). All the Districts shew a great decrease in mortality as compared with 1877, when the rate for the Province was 48·10 *per mille.* The average death-rate for the five years preceding the famine is registered at about 10 in a thousand, but it is generally supposed that the true ratio is probably about 3 times as high or 30 in a thousand. If we consider that in the register of 1878 the same margin of error should be allowed, the ratio of deaths will be not 14·50 or 17·88, but 43·5 or 53·64. In the Town and Cantonment of Bangalore where statistics are to a great extent trustworthy, the death-rate in 1878 based on the population of 1871 is given as 32 and 24 respectively. In the previous year the numbers were 67 and 85.

372. *Deaths according to Season.*—The deaths gradually fell from 10,762 in January to 4,531 in December. The ratio *per mille* (Census of 1871) in January was 2·13, in December ·90. The fall was gradual from January to April, but the ratio increased in May from 1·09, of April to 1·14, June gave a rise to 1·19, and July to 1·36, after which the ratio fell month by month. All the Districts except Shimoga shewed a marked decrease in December as compared with January, but the difference in public health is easily accounted for by the changed condition of affairs. The seasons had been generally favorable, and the country was regaining prosperity.

373. *Deaths according to Age.*—The ratios have been very high in the aged, and adults generally shew a much higher ratio than children do. Among children the mortality of infants under one year, *viz.*, 10·97 *per mille*, is as great as the mortality from 1 year to 12 years.

374. *Deaths according to Nationality.*—The following statement shews the mortality among various classes:—

Hindus	61,957
Muhammadans	3,471
Other classes	7,915

375. *Deaths according to Causes.*—The subjoined table gives the deaths registered from different causes in the Districts and Towns of Mysore:—

Causes.	Deaths. In Districts.	In Towns.
Cholera	658	65
Small-pox	946	25
Fevers	42,558	3,904
Bowel-complaints	7,825	1,462
Injuries	1,001	118
All other causes	10,862	3,919
Total	63,850 or 13·32 per mille.	9,493 or 36·42 per mille.

376. The Province has fortunately been almost exempt from cholera. The total deaths registered are only 723 or in the ratio per 1,000 of population of 0·14. In the year 1877, the deaths were in the ratio of 11·60. According to Districts the ratio was highest in Shimoga, Chitaldroog and Mysore, the respective figures being ·30, ·31 and ·29. There were no deaths in the Kolar District. As regards towns the ratio

of deaths was highest in the small towns of Harihar and Davangere in the Chitaldroog District, where it was 2·19 and 1·82 respectively. The deaths were however only 14 and 12, whereas Mysore had 38 deaths but a ratio of only ·66. As regards monthly mortality no month was quite free, but the deaths rose consequent on an outbreak in Mysore and Chitaldroog from 12 in April to 79 in May. June gave 187 deaths, July 189, August 117, September 62 and October 38, while November and December contributed only 5 and 6. The time of greatest prevalence is thus shewn to be the wet season. According to Districts the months of greatest prevalence were in Mysore, May, July, August and September; in Hassan June and July; in Shimoga June, July and August; in Chitaldroog May, June and July and in Bangalore October.

377. There was a great decrease in the number of fatal cases of small-pox, compared with the previous year. The number in 1877 was 5,922 or 1·17 in 1,000, in 1878 it is only 971 or ·19 in 1,000. This ratio is however higher than the mean of the previous 5 years, which was only ·10. The mortality was above the mean in the Districts of Shimoga, Kadur and Hassan, the respective ratios being ·78, ·54 and ·22. The highest mortality was in the Shimoga and the lowest in the Túmkúr District, the figures being respectively 391 and 1 or a ratio of ·78 and ·001. In towns the number of fatal cases was only 25 or in the ratio of ·09, shewing therefore that the disease was most prevalent in villages. The large towns were almost entirely exempt. According to season it is observed that the first half of the year was the time of greatest prevalence, more especially the first quarter. The Districts of Túmkúr, Kolar, and Chitaldroog and Bangalore suffered very little from small-pox, but in the previous year all these except Túmkúr shewed deaths above the mean rate.

378. The number of deaths from fevers in 1878 was 46,462 against 55,934 in 1877, the ratios being 9·19 and 11·06. The mean ratio of the previous 5 years was 4·73. The three Districts of the Nagar Division gave the highest mortality, the ratios (Shimoga 14·23, Kadur 12·96, Chitaldroog 10·55) being even in excess of the mean of the previous year. The period of greatest fatality was the first quarter, at which time the prices of provisions were still exceedingly high, and the ill-fed people were less able to struggle against the ever-present malaria.

379. The fatality under bowel-complaints in 1878 is much less than in 1877. In the former year the deaths are 9,287 or a ratio *per mille* of 1·84; in the latter 33,781 or a ratio *per mille* of 6·68, the mean of 5 years is ·93. There is a marked difference between the ratio of the Districts which is 1·63 and that of the towns which is 5·68. The difference is probably to be accounted for by the increased influx to towns of destitute and sick persons in search of relief or of such food as was not obtainable in the villages. It is probable too that from imperfect registration the deaths in villages are much underestimated. The Districts in which the deaths are above the average are Kadur where the ratio is 4·51 and Shimoga (4·39). The Districts of lowest average are Kolar (·89) and Túmkúr (1·13). The months of greatest mortality are January, July and August. In the former month the effects of famine added to the cold of the season probably increased the mortality as did the wet season in July and August. The last quarter of the year shewed a greatly diminished mortality due no doubt to cheaper and better food and to improving prospects.

380. *Births.*—The total number of births registered during the year is 12,782, *viz.*, 6,698 male and 6,084 female. The ratio of births per 1,000 is 2·53 for the whole Province, while in the previous year it was 4·75. The highest ratio is in the Shimoga District where it was 5·69, and the lowest in the Hassan District where it is ·79. There was excess of deaths over births in all the Districts, the greatest excess being in Shimoga where it was 16·71, and the lowest in Bangalore where it was 8·82. The total excess of deaths over births is 11·97; in the previous year it was 39·37.

EMIGRATION.

381. The number of emigrants to the colonies during the year 1878—79 was 71, of whom 44 were men, 20 women and 7 children. The largest number embarked for Natal and the Mauritius. The number of emigrants who returned was 4, 2 men and 2 women.

MEDICAL RELIEF.

382. *Number of Dispensaries.*—The number of dispensaries in operation during the year was 19, which was made up of three dispensaries of the first class, four of the second and twelve of the third.

383. *Numbers treated.*—Taking *in* and *out* patients together, the number who received medical treatment and surgical aid was 177,429 or 15,157 more than in the preceding year. The daily average number of in-door sick was 237·26 and of out-door sick 1,525·67, against 281·61 and 1,275·58 respectively in the year previous. The number of individuals treated as in-door patients was 4,851 or 2,786 less than in 1877. The decrease is due partly to the improved circumstances of the year and partly to the fact that many destitute sick were provided for in famine hospitals who in the previous year would have swelled the numbers in the ordinary civil hospitals. The death-rate per cent among in-patients was 21·71.

384. *Operations.*—Of major surgical operations there were 76, of these 34 were performed at the Bowring Civil Hospital at Bangalore, 26 at Mysore, 11 at Chikballapur, 3 at Shimoga, 1 at Kolar and 1 at Chikmagalur. The minor surgical operations numbered 2,841.

385. *Principal Diseases.*—Taking in-patients alone the principal diseases which were treated in the several institutions were, in the order of their frequency, as follow:—

Cholera.	Continued fever.	Wounds and Accidents.
Diarrhœa.	Remittent fever.	Respiratory diseases.
Dropsy.	Dysentery.	Abscess and ulcers.

The cases of continued fever were nearly all treated at the Bowring Hospital. The Deputy Surgeon General remarks:—"Where fever is of long continuance or has been "neglected, it is sometimes impossible to form an accurate diagnosis as to its type "Some of the fatal cases of fever returned as '*Continued*' would perhaps have been re- "cognized as '*remittent*' or '*typhoid*,' had the history been known or had there been "an opportunity of observing the disease from the outset."

386. *Patients distributed by classes.*—Of the total number treated during the year—

1,698	were	Europeans.	59,026	were	Muhammadans.
5,484	„	Eurasians.	19,451	belonged to other classes.	
91,770	„	Hindus.			

387. *Sexes of the patients.*—Of the patients treated—

55·11	per cent were	men.
23·18	„ „	women.
21·71	„ „	children.

388. *Income and Expenditure.*—The expenditure was Rs. 76,386 against Rs. 82,787 in the previous year. The percentage of total cost paid by Government was 93·88 against 87·23 in 1877. The average cost of diet diminished from 3 annas per head in 1877 to 2 annas 5 pies in 1878, consequent on the returning prosperity of the country.

SPECIAL HOSPITALS.

389. The special hospitals in this Province are the Lunatic Asylum and the Leper Hospital, both at Bangalore.

390. *Lunatic Asylum.*—At the close of 1877, there were 121 insane in the asylum. Thirty-eight were admitted during the year, making a total of 162 under treatment or observation. Of this number 10 were discharged cured, 1 improved, 3 absconded, and 16 died, leaving 129 in the asylum at the close of the year 1878. Among the insane there were 14 criminals, of whom 2 were struck off the roll on expiry of the term of sentence passed on them on conviction and transferred to the civil list, and one died, leaving eleven at the end of the year.

391. Gardening was revived during the year. The lunatics were also employed in weaving, rope making and various domestic occupations. They manufacture their own clothes.

392. The total cost of the asylum was Rs. 19,126 against Rs. 22,059 in 1877, the decrease being mainly accounted for by the great fall in the prices of articles of food and in part by the smaller number dieted.

393. *Leper Asylum.*—There were 43 lepers in the asylum on the 31st December 1877, and 18 were admitted during the year. Of the 61 patients, six absconded; ten died, one was discharged at her own request, and one for misconduct, reducing the number at the close of the year under report to 43.

394. A supply of gurjin oil was received from the Madras Medical Stores and used on the patients, but from the Medical Officer's report it does not appear to be of any permanent benefit. The total expenditure incurred on account of the asylum was Rs. 3,760 against Rs. 4,489 in the year previous.

VACCINATION.

395. Eighty-nine thousand, nine hundred and seventy-three cases, or 12,007 less than in the previous year, are reported to have been operated on. Of this number 73,155 cases or 81·31 per cent are said to have proved successful against 84,558, or 83·60 per cent in the previous year.

396. The falling off in the total number vaccinated is no doubt due—1st, "to the diminution of population by famine distress; 2ndly, to the great mortality, and 3rdly, to the low birth-rate during the year" and that in the ratio of successful cases is owing to the low state of vitality of the population.

397. The lymph in use is generally good, but that received from the Vaccine Institution in London failed in the Nagar Division.

398. The cost of the Department amounted to Rs. 10,721 against Rs. 12,347 in 1877.

VII. INSTRUCTION.

EDUCATION.

399. During 1877—78 the work of the Educational Department was carried on under very great disadvantages owing to the general scarcity which prevailed. The year under report has likewise been unfavorable in many respects to the progress of education. It is therefore the more gratifying to find that the results, on the whole, are fairly satisfactory.

400. There were at the end of the year 1,055 schools with 34,378 pupils, against 928 schools and 34,797 pupils in the previous year. There has been no real increase in the number of schools, but the apparent difference is owing to the adoption of the altered classification and revised forms of educational returns prescribed by the Government of India. The schools are classified as under :—

	1877—78.		1878—79.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
Government ..	800	25,781	875	25,620
Aided ..	128	9,016	180	8,758

401. The schools are classified according to the standard of instruction imparted by them as follows :—

Class of Institutions.	1877—78.		1878—79.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
University ... Colleges	4	1,094	4	92
Boys'.....Secondary .. High Schools, English ...	10	1,600	14	574
Boys'.....Secondary .. Middle do do ...	78	5,436	24	1,129
Boys'.....Secondary .. Middle do Vernacular ...			82	1,183
Girls'.....Secondary ... High Schools, English ...	4	547	1	17
Girls'.....Secondary ... Middle do do ..	10	723	6	151
Girls'.....Secondary ... Middle do Vernacular ...			7	114
Boys'.....Primary ... English	775	22,125	32	2,095
Boys'.....Primary ... Vernacular			827	25,323
Girls'.....Primary ... English...	36	2,202	6	252
Girls'.....Primary ... Vernacular			43	2,625
Special ...Engineering, Normal and others	11	1,073	9	823
Total.....	928	34,797	1,055	34,378

402. Schools for Europeans and Eurasians furnished the following results :—

Class of Institutions.	1877—78.		1878—79.	
	Schools.	Pupils.	Schools.	Pupils.
University ... Colleges	1	13	1	15
Boys'.....Secondary.... High Schools	3	386	3	78
Boys'.....Secondary.... Middle do	2	66	4	152
Girls'... ..Secondary.... High Schools	3	200	1	17
Girls'... ..Secondary.... Middle do	2	86	5	137
Boys'.....Primary ... Primary Schools	3	227	8	405
Girls'.....Primary ... Primary Schools	1	22	5	152
Total.....	15	1,000	27	956

GENERAL FINANCIAL STATISTICS.

403. The expenditure for the year under the different budget headings was as summarized below :—

Head of Charge.	Provincial.	Local.	Municipal.
Direction	16,067	...	...
Inspection	20,867	9,342	...
Government Schools	1,26,455	76,836	2,527
Aided Schools	48,059	...	...
Scholarships	1,332	...	...
Miscellaneous	22,249	5,558	...
Total.....	2,35,029	91,736	2,527
		3,29,292	

404. By adding the private expenditure from other sources which amounted to Rs. 93,658, a grand total is obtained of Rs. 4,22,950. The details of the expenditure on instruction in the various grades of Government and Aided colleges and schools are exhibited in the following statement :—

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Class of Institutions.		Government. From Provincial Funds.	Government. From Local Funds.	Aided. From Provincial Funds.	Aided. From Other Sources.
University ...	Colleges	20,274	...	2,160	1,440
Boys'...Secondary...	High Schools, English	23,441	708	3,073	11,320
	Middle do do	13,285	1,005	5,431	16,185
	Do do Vernacular	9,026	...	3,579	4,660
Girls'...Secondary...	High Schools, English	..	...	600	612
	Middle do do	...	...	2,619	6,503
	Do do Vernacular	339	76,836	362	348
Boys'...Primary ...	English Schools	10,536	351	9,056	17,995
	Vernacular do	36,705	463	9,062	10,852
Girls'...Primary ...	English Schools	...	...	2,508	9,155
	Vernacular do	4,081	...	7,859	13,230
Special Schools ...	... ...	14,369	...	1,750	1,358
	Total.....	1,32,056	79,363	48,059	93,658

405. For Government schools the receipts amounted to Rs. 1,45,392, which sum was made up of Rs. 14,493 from fees, Rs. 14,082 proceeds of book sales, Rs. 1,14,290 educational share of Local Fund collections and Rs. 2,527 contributions from Municipal Funds.

406. In Aided schools the receipts were returned at Rs. 93,658, of which Rs. 36,960 were derived from fees.

407. Adding together the receipts from all sources we obtain a grand total of Rs. 2,39,050. Of this sum Rs. 51,453 were paid in fees by the pupils.

408. The fee income from Government institutions shews a falling off of Rs. 2,679. Almost the whole of this deficit is accounted for in the diminished receipts at the Engineering School, the Central College and High School at Bangalore, and the Maha Raja's College and High School at Mysore.

409. The total number of under-graduate pupils in the Government and Aided colleges was 92 against 100 in the previous year.

CONTROLLING AGENCIES.

410. From the 1st April 1879 the new scheme for inspection came into operation. In the place of two European Inspectors five Deputy Inspectors have been appointed to the charge of five circles as specified below :—

Circle.	Area.	Number of Schools.
East	5,491	63
Bangalore Town	...	44
South	7,419	48
West	6,091	31
North	8,077	40

411. Under the above arrangement each Deputy Inspector whose special duty is the supervision of Primary and Middle schools has about 45 schools for which he is directly responsible, besides exercising a general control over Sub-Deputy Inspectors of whom there are 15 for Kanarese schools and 2 for Hindustani.

412. On the work of inspection during the year, the Director remarks : "Departmental changes and an unusual amount of sickness amongst all grades of inspecting officers, have interfered with inspection work, but at the time of writing this report everything is working smoothly and the general health is improved."

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UNIVERSITY EDUCATION.

413. The results of the Matriculation, F. A. and B. A. examinations are contrasted below with those reported for the year before :—

	1877—78.		1878—79.	
	Presented.	Passed.	Presented.	Passed.
Matriculation	139	62	131	26
F. A.	34	15	38	17
B. A.	4	1	3	3

414. One noticeable feature in connection with the Matriculation examination is that the ratio of successful candidates to the examinees has fallen suddenly from 44·6 to 19·8 per cent in the year under notice. The Director explains that this was owing to the comparative severity of the test.

415. COLLEGES.—*Bangalore Central College.*—There was no change in the tuitional staff of the college. The average daily attendance shewed a slight falling off ; a result attributed to the famine and the change to midday-school hours. Twelve pupils were successful at the First Arts and 2 at the B. A. degree examination. The expenditure of the college amounted to Rs. 14,184, of which Rs. 5,313 were contributed by fees.

416. *Maha Raja's College at Mysore.*—The number of pupils at the end of the year on the roll of the Maha Raja's College at Mysore was 12. Fees produced Rs. 164. Six students were sent up for the F. A. Examination, and two passed.

417. *Shimoga College.*—The Shimoga College has not taken a good place this year. It sent up two candidates for the F. A. and 7 for the Matriculation examination, all of whom failed.

418. *Bishop Cotton's College at Bangalore.*—Bishop Cotton's College at Bangalore is described as maintaining a good standard of efficiency and discipline. At the University examinations two students passed the F. A. Fees produced Rs. 1,440.

SECONDARY EDUCATION.

419. There were 8 Government High schools with a total of 286 pupils, against 5 schools with an attendance of 449 in the year previous. No new schools of this grade were opened during the year, but the addition to the list arose from the transfer of the classes hitherto incorporated with colleges and collegiate schools.

420. The Government High and Middle schools at Chikmagalur, Chitaldroog and Kolar are in a state of inefficiency, while those at Bangalore, Hassan, Mysore and Túmkúr as well as the Middle School at Shimoga are in fair working order.

421. The Aided High and Middle schools for boys as well as for girls, which are without exception in the towns of Bangalore and Mysore, appear to be satisfactorily and successfully carried on under the careful and systematic supervision of Missionary Societies, who take deep interest in their work.

422. The number of Aided Sanskrit schools decreased during the year from 12 to 11. The pupils are almost all 'Vaidika' (priestly) Brahmans.

423. There were 12 Government Girls' schools with 504 pupils, as compared with 11 schools with 468 pupils in the year preceding. No fees are levied in this class of schools, but the Director thinks that the time has arrived for doing so at Bangalore and other large towns, where the wealthy and well-born send their daughters regularly for instruction. He adds " although the education of girls " is unquestionably on the increase, the practice cannot yet be regarded as popular, " and the schools opened for this purpose require most careful treatment. Too " much must not be expected of them. Efforts are being made to engage the services of Hindu women, chiefly Brahman widows as teachers in these schools, but " in this direction much caution is necessary."

PRIMARY EDUCATION.

424. There were 110 primary taluk schools with 5,431 pupils classified as follows :—

	Schools.	Pupils.
Kanarese	76	4,221
Telugu	8	228
Hindustani	26	982

425. The Kanarese schools are favorably reported on. Regarding Telugu and Hindustani schools, the Director writes : " Telugu schools have not got on so well as " Kanarese schools principally for the reason that trained masters are not yet available. " Hindustani schools also lack the vitality apparent in Kanarese schools. The masters, " as a class, are superior in attainments to the Telugu masters, and most of them have " had a Normal school training, but the general poverty of the parents is put forward " everywhere as a reason for irregular attendance. In some schools the one anna fee " was reduced one-half and during the famine was largely remitted, but it is doubtful " whether the minimum fee should anywhere be less than one anna. It has been " found that a relaxation in levying fees has generally aggravated irregular atten- " dance."

426. Hobli schools shew a very slight increase of pupils. There were at the close of the year 653 schools with 16,776 pupils against 653 schools with 16,615 pupils in the preceding year. This increase, slight as it is, may be regarded as a sign of returning prosperity amongst the agriculturists after the crushing effects of the late famine. The Director writes : " Reviving activity is beginning to make itself apparent by " applications for new schools, repairs to neglected school-houses, and vigorously ex- " pressed complaints against certain masters who are not giving satisfaction. Dis- " cipline was relaxed under the presence of severe calamity, and it has not been fully " re-established yet."

427. Attending Hobli schools there are 16,456 boys and 320 girls. According to creed there are 15,977 Hindus, 785 Muhammadans and 14 others.

SCHOOLS FOR SPECIAL OR TECHNICAL TRAINING.

428. The School of Engineering and Natural Science, which has been in operation since 1st May 1875, consists of an Upper and a Lower Department. At the examination of the Upper Subordinate Division, 2 out of 5 students passed the required test. One was appointed to the Department Public Works and the other to the Forest Department.

429. There are at present under instruction the following :—

Upper Department 4 students will complete the course in January 1880.
Lower Department 6 students will complete the course in March 1880.

430. Up to the end of March 1879 the number of students who have completed the course of instruction, and been admitted to the public service is 8 in the Superior grade and 6 in the Upper Subordinate's grade. Fees for the year under review produced Rs. 725 which is less by Rs. 1,015 than the sum levied in the previous year. This is owing to a fall in the number of students from 11 to 4 and to the reduction made in the school fees levied from students during their second year's course of study.

431. In connection with the reductions which, owing to financial necessity, were proposed to be made, a suggestion to abolish this institution was submitted for the consideration and orders of the Government of India, who, however, did not approve of the proposal and directed the retention of the school as a local institution.

432. The Hindustani Normal School at Bangalore was the only training school kept up during the year. At the final examination of the school, two out of five students were declared qualified.

433. The Literary and Scientific Institute keeps up a circulating library and a reading-room. This institution is intended for the improvement of Europeans and Eurasians.

434. There were 5 jail schools having 660 convicts under instruction, of whom 600 were male convicts, 37 juveniles and 23 women.

SCHOLARSHIPS.

435. The sum of Rs. 1,332 was expended by Government for scholarships. The following statement shews the distribution for the year under review :—

	Rs.
Colleges	970
High and Middle Schools	362
Primary Schools	..

There were also private scholarships of the aggregate value of Rs. 1,338 per annum.

BUILDINGS.

436. The enlargement of the Central College premises at a cost of Rs. 5,193 was carried out by the Public Works Department. A further sum of Rs. 328 has been expended on the construction of a second class school house from the Public Works Budget.

437. Various repairs to 23 school houses were made by the Educational Department at a cost of Rs. 3,513, and school compounds were laid out and enclosed in 8 stations at a total cost of Rs. 756. Repairs were executed to 4 schools by the Public Works Department at a cost of Rs. 1,188.

LITERATURE.

438. The value of the books in the Central and Branch Depôts on the 31st March 1879 was Rs. 74,870.

439. Books added to the stock during the year cost Rs. 11,792. Branch Depôts were supplied with 18,742 books worth Rs. 5,714.

440. The amount realized by sales and paid into Government Treasuries was Rs. 14,082.

441. The total number of publications registered during the year was only 25, composed of 13 books and 12 pamphlets.

442. The publications are classified under the following prescribed heads :—

Drama 2, Fiction 1, History 1, Language 2, Law 3, Miscellaneous 7, Poetry 1, Philosophy 2. Of these works 7 were in Kanarese and 10 in Hindustani or Urdu, 4 in Sanskrit, 1 in Persian and 3 others in Arabic.

VIII. ARCHÆOLOGY.

Nil.

IX. MISCELLANEOUS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

443. *Roman Catholic Mission.*—Mention was made in last year's report of the addition in the inmates to the Convent owing to a number of orphans and other distressed people being taken in during the year when the famine prevailed in such an unprecedented manner ; this has been further supplemented by their having received a number of orphans from the Government for whom a capitation allowance of Rs. 2 is granted. The principal object of the Mission was to try and find some suitable employment for these orphans, and the best means appeared to be farming, for this purpose the Mission have opened out a farm near Bangalore on which many of these orphans are employed. They appear to like the occupation. A similar method of employing the orphans in the Shimoga and Mysore Orphanage has been adopted in those stations. Land on most favorable terms has been conceded when applied for.

444. *Wesleyan Mission.*—There are six stations which are occupied by European Missionaries, *viz.*, Bangalore, Mysore, Shimoga, Túmkúr, Gubbi and Hassan and native agents in 5 other stations. The mission employs 11 European and 3 Native ministers and 12 catechists. Connected with the Mission are 56 schools in which 177 teachers are employed. The English institutions in Bangalore and Mysore contain 515 boys. The Vernacular Boys' schools contain 2,288 scholars, and the Girls' schools 1,592. They have 455 famine Orphans in their orphanages at Bangalore, Túmkúr and Hassan and to whom a like capitation grant is given.

445. *London Missionary Society.*—Occupies 3 stations and employs 5 missionaries, 8 catechists and 44 teachers. It has 12 schools containing 1,143 scholars, of whom 513 are girls. Much attention is also devoted to the preparation and circulation of Vernacular school books and literature.

MUZRAYI.

446. The fixed annual grant to Muzrayi institutions in the Province is Rs. 2,92,986—3—7, distributed as follows:—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Temples	1,12,654	14	3
Chattrams	54,620	12	1
Dargas	4,181	3	0
Masjids	3,190	14	2
Matts	52,708	5	4
Miscellaneous (Muzrayi stipends, &c.)	15,922	2	9
Total..	2,43,278	3	7

Add allowances to institutions under the management of the Officer in charge of the Palace at Mysore.

	Rs.	As.	P.			
Temples	34,577	0	0			
Chattrams	6,604	0	0			
Other Institutions	8,527	0	0			
				49,708	0	0
Grand Total..				2,92,986	3	7

447. The actual income during the year of the institutions under the management of Muzrayi Officers was—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Money allowance from Government including balances received during the year	2,50,021	2	5
Receipts from land	69,657	15	8
Private contributions	35,840	14	5
Total....	3,55,520	0	6

448. The surplus balances which remained at the credit of the Muzrayi Department at the close of the previous year, amounting to Rs. 1,15,164—1—8, raised the available assets to Rs. 4,70,684—2—2. Deducting therefrom the expenditure incurred during the year as detailed below, the surplus left at the credit of the institutions at the end of the year amounted to Rs 1,21,906—7—4 :—

	Rs.	As.	P.
1. Hindu and Jain Devasthans	1,92,113	4	4
2. Chattrams	60,249	5	7
3. Dargas	6,555	15	8
4. Matts	59,675	1	3
5. Masjids	2,407	5	11
6. Langarkhanas	3,288	0	3
7. Miscellaneous	24,488	9	10
Total....	3,48,777	10	10

449. The expenditure above shewn comprises the following extra items not included in the ordinary Tasdik Patti of the institutions :—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Repairs	5,994	14	7
Temple Establishments	2,558	14	0
Taluk do	900	9	8
District do	4,842	7	10
Contingencies	205	7	4
Government Promissory Notes purchased	4,000	0	0
Total ...	18,502	5	5

450. Besides the above, there are the Puduvat Funds or endowments made by private individuals in order to provide out of their income for special services in the respective temples. These have been invested as follows :—

	Rs.	As.	P.
Lent to private individuals..	84,723	15	5
Deposited in Government Treasury	1,402	11	0
Invested in Government Promissory Notes ..	24,193	4	11
Total....	1,10,319	15	4

GOVERNMENT MUSEUM.

451. The Mysore Government Museum is increasing in popularity with the natives of the country. The number who visited the institution during the year under report was 407,680, against 219,830 of the year previous, being an increase of 187,850. Thirty-four thousand, eight hundred and seventy-four males and 524 females signed their names in the Visitors' book. Two hundred and eighty-three new specimens were added to the collections, 196 being contributed by donors, 19 volumes have been added to the library, making the total number 496.

452. The expenditure during the year on account of the institution was Rs. 2,532.

APPENDICES.

STATISTICAL TABLES.

APPENDICES.

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I. STATISTICS OF PHYSICAL, POLITICAL, AND FISCAL GEOGRAPHY.

A. PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

1. *Area cultivated and uncultivated and Communications.*

Districts.	Total area in square miles.				Un-appropriated culturable waste in acres.			Communications, Mileage of—			Remarks.
	Cultivated.	Waste.		Total.	Remaining last year.	Sold or granted during the year.	Remaining at close of the year.	Water distinguishing navigable rivers and canals.	Made roads, 1st, 2nd and 3rd class.	Rail Road.	
		Culturable.	Un-culturable.								
									Miles. F.	Miles. F.	
Bangalore	894	769	1,177	2,840	435,130	18,656	492,658	...	511—7	17	The total area can only be accurately given after the whole Province is surveyed by the Revenue Survey Department. The area given in the column "Total" includes both the surveyed and unsurveyed portions of the Province.
Kolar	710	306	875	1,891	195,520	12,790	202,420	...	419—4	31—4	
Túmkúr	792	1,497	1,131	3,420	804,277	...	958,377	...	491—6	...	
Mysore	1,138	122	1,720	2,980	78,049	6,917	83,304	...	563—4	...	
Hassan	718	77	831	1,626	26,292	135	49,584	...	588—4	...	
Shimoga	1,069	428	2,300	3,797	301,200	28,400	272,800	...	...	...	
Kadur	1,048	467	6,724	8,239	133,374	...	298,800	...	...	...	
Chitaldroog	1,534	1,442	1,864	4,840	801,313	63,813	922,742	...	370	...	
Total.....	7,903	5,108	16,622	29,633	2,775,155	130,711	3,280,685	...		48—4	

I. A.—PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

2. *Character of the Surface.*

Nature of different Tracts.	Names, Area, and Physical Description of each Tract.	Where situated, in British or Native Territory.	Prevailing Soils, Minerals and Products.
Mountains and Elevated Tracts.	The Mysore country above the ghats is often called the "Table Land," a denomination very little descriptive of its appearance, as it is by no means plain or flat, but in some parts mountainous, and everywhere undulating. The Eastern Ghats form the frontier by which it is separated from the Carnatic. They constitute the exterior of the east ranges of hills, which run along the whole length of the Peninsula from Cape Comorin, stretching up to the Continent of Asia. In many parts the ascent over them into Mysore is very high and difficult, while in others it is more sloping and protracted. The country rises gradually from these ghats towards Bangalore, which is situated in the most elevated portion of the Mysore plateau, and is 3,031 feet above the sea level.		The soils, in the order of their prevailing kinds are as follow:— 1. Red soil mixed with loam and vegetable mould. 2. Inferior red sandy soil. 3. Black cotton, free from stones. 4. Stony and gravelly soil. 5. Rich garden soil. 6. White stiff loam. 7. Black cotton, but light and stony. 8. Soil impregnated with salt.
Plains.	The descent from Bangalore on all sides is perceptible though not rapid. On the north-west, after passing the Chitaldroog range of hills, there is a gradual fall through the broad valley which leads to the river Tungabhadra, near which is the station of Harihar, probably the lowest point in Mysore, its altitude above the sea being only 1,800 feet. To the south-west and west by Seringapatam and Hassan, there is perhaps a more marked descent, until it is abruptly terminated by the western range of ghats comprising in this direction the Nilgiri and Coorg hills, and further north, the Manjarabad and Nagar ranges. A marked feature of the country is the number of isolated hills called Droogs, on the most inaccessible of which the former Pallegars or petty chiefs built forts, afterwards in many instances strengthened and improved by Hyder and Tippu, and still in good preservation, but now without guns.		The great rock, which may be said to constitute the basis of the whole country, is a kind of sienite, composed for the most part of four different ingredients, *viz.*, quartz, felspar, hornblende and mica. The quartz has usually a dull greyish white color, and veins of it, from 4 to 10 inches thick, often traverse the rock in different directions. The felspar varies in color from a silver white to a deep brick red, and is the most copious constituent of the rock. The hornblende is black, very abundant, and very much given to decomposition. The mica is easily distinguished from the hornblende, even when the stone is nearly in a state of disintegration. The hornblende in that state has assumed a brown ochre color, and has lost all lustre and cohesion, while the mica retains both its color, lustre and cohesion to the last, and becomes only more apparent by the progress of disintegration. This is particularly exemplified in the Mysore country, where the undulating high ground consists of sienite, decomposed into pipe clay, intermixed with micaceous shining particles and grains of quartz. From the structure of the country, which is entirely primitive, no coals could be expected. Chlorite slate is found near Sira, and drawing slate in the neighbourhood of Chitaldroog. Other minerals are the following:—
Forests.	The principal forests are found clothing the sides of the Western Mountains. They abound in teak, blackwood and other valuable kinds of timber. There are no forests in the Eastern Ghats. Sandalwood grows in the country bordering the hills.		Clay Iron Stone. Schorl in Quartz. Mica Slate. Magnetic Iron Stone. Pot Stone. Actinolite. Ligniform Asbestos. Brown Spar. Common Salt. Carbonate of Soda. Gold is found near Betmangala by washing the alluvial soil.
Rivers.	The Tunga and Bhadra rise in the north-west of Mysore, and uniting form the Tungabhadra, which flows northwards and eastwards till it joins the Krishna below Kurnool. The banks of the Tungabhadra are too high for irrigation purposes. The Cauvery rises in Coorg and passes through and out of Mysore in a south-easterly direction, after receiving the Hemavati, the Lokapavani, the Shamsha, and the Arkavati from the north, and the Lakshmantirtha and the Kapini from the south. The Cauvery and its tributaries supply numerous irrigation channels and tanks. The Pennair, the Palar and Penar rise in the eastern part of Mysore, in their short course through which their waters are detained and converted into chains of tanks. They become large rivers before they reach the sea. None of these rivers are suitable for navigation.		The chief products are:— Paddy. Ragi—the principal food of the people. Ballar—a kind of small bean. Gram. Wheat. Millet. Oil Seeds. Sugar-cane. Cotton. Hemp. Tobacco. Mulberry. Coffee. Cocoanuts. Betel nuts. Potatoes for export.
Lakes.	There are no natural lakes in Mysore; but there are nearly 20,000 artificial reservoirs, some of which are of considerable magnitude.		
Marshes.	None of any consequence.		

I. A. PHYSICAL GEOGRAPHY.

3. *Climate.*

Places at which observations were taken and year for which taken.	Rain-fall in Inches.				Average temperature in the shade.												Cloud proportion 0 to 10			Remarks.
					May.				July.				December.							
	January to May.	June to September.	October to December.	Total.	Mean of Maximum Reading.	Mean of Minimum Reading.	Highest Reading.	Lowest Reading.	Mean of Maximum Reading.	Mean of Minimum Reading.	Highest Reading.	Lowest Reading.	Mean of Maximum Reading.	Mean of Minimum Reading.	Highest Reading.	Lowest Reading.	January to May.	June to September.	October to December.	
	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.	I. C.																
Bangalore	6·44	27·80	6·57	40·81	93	69	...	...	83	67	...	...	81	60	...	...	55	37	51	
Kolar	4·90	23·22	11·68	42·80	88	80	89	78	84	78	88	74	79	71	82	69				
Tumkúr	5·86	31·10	7·60	44·56	97·3	66·1	99	61	86·1	59·4	90	57	86·2	64·1	89	63				
Mysore	11·42	15·20	5·10	31·72	92·5	68·5	98	57	90	65	93	57	82·5	63·5	85	55				
Hassan	8·19	15·15	5·67	29·01	82·	68·	96	65	76	68	84	63	...	6 5	86	57				
Shimoga	5·81	17·97	3·89	27·67	Information not available.															
Chikmagalur	7·38	18·11	6·67	32·16	Do															
Chitaldroog	6·60	17·31	2·10	26·01	Do															
Total.....	56·60	168·86	49·28	274·74																
General Average...	7·07	21·11	6 16	34·34																

I. B. POLITICAL RELATIONS.

1.—*Native States.*

Name of State.	In subsidiary alliance or feudatory.	Tribute in Men or Money.	Population.	Supposed Gross Revenue.	Military Force.	Transit Duties or not.	Principal Articles of production including manufactures and mines.
			Nil				

R. 2. *Native Chiefs and Principal Male Members of their families.*

Name of individual and State and family to which he belongs.	Present Position.	Caste or Race and Religion.	Age.	How educated.	How employed.	Has Sannad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows Primogeniture or not.	Has Male Heirs or not.	Remarks.
						Nil.			

I. C. CIVIL DIVISIONS OF MYSORE TERRITORY.

The Government of the Province is administered by the Chief Commissioner in the name of the Maha Raja. This Officer was nominated in 1834 *as sole Commissioner in supersession of the Joint Commissioners originally appointed in* 1831—32; *in* 1843 *the duties of Resident were superadded, that Office as a separate post being abolished.*

Names of Commissionerships.	Names of Executive Districts.	No. of Judicial and Revenue Sub-Divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief Towns with Population.	Number of Villages.	How many Civil and Revenue Judges of all sorts.	How many Magistrates of all sorts.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Courts.	Average Do.	Number of Police.	Total Cost of Officials and Police of all kinds.	Revenue Imperial. Land.	Revenue Imperial. Gross.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Nundydroog Division	Bangalore	15	2,840	828,354	Town and Cantonment of Bangalore ... 142,513	5,502	24	24	17¼	11	587	1,19,120 9 3	9,47,745 4 8	16,61,110 3 6	
	Kolar	16	1,891	618,954	Kolar 9,924	5,587	17	26	20 29/32	9¾	489	55,181 15 3	10,06,986 9 0	11,82,795 13 10	
	Túmkúr	12	3,420	632,239	Túmkúr ... 11,170	4,994	13	27	22¼	17	524	63,525 7 ½	8,29,445 13 3	10,23,339 14 5½	
Ashtagram Division	Mysore	19	2,980	943,187	Mysore ... 57,815	4,741	25	25	43	22	763	78,356 7 1	10,12,387 14 4	15,87,072 0 1½	
	Hassan	14	1,626	668,417	Hassan ... 6,305	4,915	13	15	34	17½	495	59,659 12 7	9,76,135 11 4	11,92,714 10 5	
Nagar Division	Shimoga	14	3,797	498,976	Shimoga ... 11,034	3,760	15	24	27	19½	501	59,254 6 2	12,08,524 8 1	16,32,556 3 7	
	Kadur	10	8,239	333,925	Chikmagalur ... 2,027	3,269	11	14	38	24¼	334	46,238 2 10	6,81,065 4 5	9,52,392 15 1	
	Chitaldroog	13	4,840	531,360	Chitaldroog ... 5,812	2,161	14	16	28	21½	571	66,642 15 6	6,38,385 10 5	7,82,955 0 10	
														4,37,905 10 3½	Chief Commr.'s Treasury.
Total.....		113	29,633	5,055,412		34,929					4,264	5,47,979 11 8½	73,00,676 11 6	1,04,52,852 8 1½	

I. D. POPULATION.

Districts.	Inhabited Houses. No. of Masonry Dwellings.	Inhabited Houses. No. of all other kinds.	Inhabited Houses. Total.	Population (According to Census of 1871.) Men.	Women.	Children under 12 years. Male.	Children under 12 years. Female.	Total.	No. per square mile.	Classification of Population. Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Parsis.	Buddhists and Jains.	Occupation. Agriculturists.	Non-Agriculturists.	Prevailing Language.	Emigration or Immigration during the year.
Bangalore	2,223	174,398	176,621	271,794	271,938	142,749	141,873	828,354	284	17,613	756,693	53,485	1	562	145,825	782,529	Kanarese.	A great loss of population has resulted from the Famine since the Census of 1871.
Kolar	292	165,600	165,892	206,232	205,351	103,453	103,918	618,954	240	613	592,682	25,038	0	651	132,872	486,082		
Túmkúr	12	123,435	123,447	199,808	203,716	115,632	113,083	632,239	178	709	609,520	20,535	0	1,475	131,769	500,470		
Mysore	303	167,653	167,956	287,175	308,437	180,387	167,188	943,187	232½	2,249	898,897	39,790	37	2,214	171,047	772,140		
Hassan	87	127,050	127,137	199,202	215,104	129,122	124,989	668,417	203	2,670	649,333	14,460	0	1,954	141,793	526,624		
Shimoga	24	99,311	99,335	170,267	155,485	88,179	85,045	498,976	131 1/3	984	468,351	25,598	1	4,042	128,617	270,359		
Kadur	0	74,490	74,490	109,653	103,660	60,684	59,928	333,925	145 1/3	568	320,028	12,017	0	1,312	68,234	265,691		
Chitaldroog	4	91,379	91,383	168,857	159,507	102,730	100,266	531,360	118¾	270	512,193	18,068	4	825	114,406	416,954		
Total.....	2,945	1,023,316	1,026,261	1,612,988	1,623,198	922,936	896,290	5,055,412	187	25,676	4,807,667	2,08,991	43	13,035	1,034,563	4,020,849		

1. *The Survey and Settlement.*

Area previously surveyed in miles, up to 31st March 1878.				Cost per mile.			Surveyed during the year ending 31st March 1879 with cost per mile.		
		Revenue.							
Trigonometrically.	Topographically.	By Villages.	By Fields.	Trigonometrical.	Topographical.	Revenue.	Trigonometrical.	Topographical.	Revenue.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
22,216	4,653* on 1 inch scale.	13,762	760,270		Rs. 40—4—6	18,852 miles at Rs. 152—0—7 per mile.	4,853	†3,350 on 1 inch scale at Rs. 24—4—0 per square mile including triangulation.	836 miles at Rs. 279—7—11 per mile.

NOTE.—Cost of classification and settlement is included in cost per mile shewn in Columns 7 and 10 above.

* Also 47·6 square miles of State-forests on scale of 4 inches= 1 mile.

† Also 56·3 square miles of State-forests on scale of 4 inches= 1 mile.

Settlement.

Nature of Settlement.	Area in miles.	Annual Revenue assessed.	Date of Expiry of Settlement.	Remarks.
Settled in perpetuity	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	
For 30 years	10,396	26,43,145	1894—1895, 1901—1902, 1901—1902, 1902—1903, 1906—1907, 1907—1908.	
For 10 years and ended 30...	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	
Do do 10...	Do	Do	Do	
Do in progress	Do	Do	Do	
Total (up to 31st March 1878).....	10,396	26,43,145	0	
Settlements previously made including full record of rights	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	
Do without record	Do	Do	Do	
Settlements during the year { Detailed...	1,848	7,16,736	1,908	Settlements introduced during the field season of 1879 were made to take from 1st April 1879 and will appear in the returns of the year 1879—80.
Settlements during the year { Summary	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	

2. *Surveyed and Assessed Area in Acres for* 1878—79.

Districts.	Cultivated.				Un-cultivated.				Assessment.					
	Irrigated.								Gross Amount.					
	By Government works.	By Private individuals.	Un-Irrigated.	Total.	Grazing lands.	Culturable.	Un-culturable waste.	Total Area assessed, Columns 6 and 8.	Land Revenue of the extent shewn in Column 6.	Grazing land.	Total.	Rate per Acre on Cultivation.	Rate per Acre on Culturable land.	Rate per Acre on Total Area of Settlement.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Chitaldroog	26,213 35	44,185 11	828,944 11	899,343 17	570,094 22	922,737 37	622,930 18	1,822,081 14	591,586 9 4	12,140 6 10	6,03,727 0 2	0 10 6	0 6 0	1 8 0	
Shimoga	216,422 27	18,588 10	324,777 33	559,788 30	643,644 22	333,590 28	827,969 8	896,379 18	11,05,304 10 10	13,155 13 6	11,18,460 8 4	1 15 7	0 14 2	1 9 2	
Túmkúr	26,749 3	29,053 0	249,709 2	305,511 5	34,453 5	303,890 14	403,581 19	609,401 19	4,32,822 2 2	... ...	4,32,822 2 2	1 6 8	0 6 5½	1 0 15 9	
Bangalore	13,066 28	4,876 22	125,297 13	143,240 23	59,006 20	62,182 13	51,955 20	205,422 36	2,34,196 12 10	2,852 14 0	2,37,049 10 10	1 10 2	0 9 4	1 7 10	
Kolar	6,226 32	2,202 27	23,725 8	32,154 27	17,182 35	33,392 31	39,999 19	65,547 18	69,139 10 5	220 12 6	69,360 6 11	2 2 5	0 14 9	1 9 7	
Hassan	15,855 16	1,303 16	35,057 12	52,216 4	26,754 4	15,974 0	17,355 0	68,190 4	94,073 6 6	1,362 2 0	95,435 8 6	1 12 10	0 12 4	1 6 2	
Kadur	19,767 15	13,428 6	182,030 38	215,226 19	155,270 26	233,799 13	110,027 12	449,025 32	2,62,084 11 8	3,147 4 0	2,65,231 15 8	1 3 6	0 10 1	0 14 2	
Total.....	324,301 36	113,637 12	1,769,541 37	2,207,481 5	1,506,406 14	1,908,567 16	2,073,818 16	4,116,048 21	27,89,207 15 9	32,879 4 10	28,22,087 4 7	1 4 3	... ...	... ...	

I. E. FISCAL.

3. *Varieties of Tenure held direct from Government.*

Nature of Tenure.	Number of Estates.	Number of Villages.	Number of Holders and Share-holders.	Gross area in Acres.	Average Area of each Estate.	Average Assessment of each Estate.	Revenue Rate per acre.	Supposed net profit per Acre.
Correct information not available.								

4. *Varieties of Tenure not held direct from Government.*

Nature of Tenure.	Number of Holdings.	Average Area of each Holding.	Average Rent of each Holding.	Average Rent Rate per Acre.
Correct information not available.				

5. *Register of Transfers.*

Nature of Tenure transferred.	Number of Transfers recorded.			Average Area in Acres of each holding transferred.		
	By Voluntary Sale or Gift.	By Compulsory Sale.	By Inheritance.	By Voluntary Sale or Gift.	By Compulsory Sale.	By Inheritance.
Correct information not available.						

I. E. FISCAL.

6. *Land Revenue for the year* 1878—79:

Description of Revenue.	Revenue for 1877—78.		Revenue for 1878—79.		Cost of Collection.	Net Collection during the year.	Outstanding Balance.	Number of Sales for Arrears of Revenue.	Revenue of Estates sold.	Cause of Increase or Decrease of revenue with explanation of any items realized in addition to the annual assessed revenue.
	Assessed.	Realized.	Assessed.	Realized.						
From settled estates bearing revenue in past year (Jodi, Kayamgutta and Minor Inams)	3,71,666 14 10		3,94,815 11 1							
Settled estates added to revenue roll during the present year ...	23,148 12 3		20,906 1 4							
Settled estates taken off revenue roll during the present year ...	... ...		... ...							
Collections from Government estates (Ryotwar)	66,62,179 9 10		65,27,890 13 11							
Income from sale of Government estates	22,954 0 0	29,15,057	8,313 15 10	* 52,09,436—15—9	7,65,160—12—4½ as per Deputy Accountant General's statement.	44,44,276—3—4½	20,69,103—5—9	1,573	17,541—15—10	
Miscellaneous land revenue not included in the above ...	1,90,704 7 6		3,64,075 9 9							
Total.....	72,70,653 12 5	29,15,057	73,16,002 3 11	52,09,436—15—9						

* Exclusive of remissions granted *viz.*, Rs. 37,461—14—5.

II. STATISTICS OF PROTECTION.

A. LEGISLATIVE.

1. *Statement of Acts of the Indian Legislature extended to the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878—79.

Title of Act	By whom Proposed.	Object and Character of Act.	Date on which extended.
Act No. I of 1868—The General Clauses Act	Chief Commissioner	An Act for shortening the language used in Acts of the Governor General of India in Council and for other purposes.	Government of India, Foreign Department, Notification No. 93 J., dated 11th July 1878.
Act XXVI of 1871—The Land Improvement Act	Do	An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to Advances of Money by the Government for agricultural purposes.	Do do No. 55 J, dated 5th June 1878.
Act XXI of 1876—An Act to amend the Land Improvement Act, 1871 ...	Do	An Act to remove doubts in certain provisions of the Land Improvement Act, 1871.	
Act IX of 1872—The Indian Contract Act	Do	An Act to define and amend certain parts of the Law relating to Contracts.	Do do No. 47 J, dated 27th May 1878.
Act I of 1877—The Specific Relief Act	Do	An Act to define and amend the Law relating to certain kinds of Specific Relief.	
Act X of 1877—The Code of Civil Procedure	Do	An Act to consolidate and amend the laws relating to the Procedure of the Courts of Civil Judicature	

2. *Statement of Bills proposed or pending in the Legislature of the Province of Mysore during the year.*

Title of Bill.	By whom proposed.	Object and Character of Bill.	When introduced.	When rejected or withdrawn.	If pending, why, and in what state.
		Nil			

3. *Statement of Draft Bills submitted by the Chief Administrative Authority of the Province of Mysore for the consideration of the Legislature of India during the year.*

Title of Bill.	By whom proposed.	Object and Character of Act.	Date, Result, or present Position of the proposed Bill.
		Nil	

1.—*Statement shewing the various Judicial Tribunals, Original and Appellate, existing in the Province of Mysore, on the last day of the year* 1878.

Class of Tribunals, distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges. Europeans. Covenanted.	Europeans. Commissioned Military Officers.	Europeans. Uncovenanted.	Natives.	Average Annual Salary of each Paid Judge. European.	Native.	Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial Work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year. Original. Criminal.	Original. Civil.	Appeal. Criminal.	Appeal. Civil.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Peshkars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.						Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd Class.	Competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties.									All duties entrusted to them by the Amildars, and in their absence all duties connected with their offices.						
Ashtagram ...	5	...	...	5	1			...	...	...	5	...	600 0 0	Included under the head of Amildars.			269	...	266	...	...	...
Nundydroog ...	10	...	...	10	1			...	...	...	10	...	505 0 0				196	...	1,592	...	...	...
Nagar ...	9	...	...	9	1			...	...	...	9	...	600 0 0		88 8 0		579	1	451	...	...	...
Total...	24	...	..	24	1	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	...	...	88 8 0	...	...	...	2,309	...	...	...
Sheristadars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.						Do	Do									Do						
Ashtagram ...	1	...	...	1	1																	
Nundydroog ...	14	...	...	14	1			...	...	...	1	...	210 0 0	Do	...	Revenue and Ministerial functions.	...	...	3	...	...	...
Nagar ...	8	...	...	8	1			...	...	...	14	...	210 0 0		...		164	...	1,201	...	...	...
								...	...	...	8	...	220 5 4		39 8 0		411	...	165	...	...	...
Total.....	23	...	...	23	1	...	...	...	...	...	23	...	...	...	39 8 0	...	...	...	1,369	...	...	...
Amildars—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases, also Revenue powers.						Exercise powers of a Magistrate of the 3rd Class with the exception of 10 Amildars in the Nundydroog and 8 in the Nagar Division who exercise 2nd Class powers.	Do										General supervision of Revenue, Muzrayi, Registration, Municipalities, &c., within their respective Taluks.						
Ashtagram ...	21	...	...	21	1			...	...	...	21	...	1,823 11 5	25,065 0 2	740 15 0		...	...	1,990	...	...	...
Nundydroog ...	27	...	...	27	1			...	...	...	27	...	3,456 0 0	35,616 7 0	1,421 0 0		196	...	2,705	...	...	...
Nagar ...	22	...	...	22	1			...	...	...	22	...	14,941 6 8	15,214 5 10	320 13 0		1,486	1	1,626	...	...	...
Total.....	70	...	...	70	1	...	...	...	...	...	70	...	...	75,895 13 0	2,482 12 0	...	...	...	6,321	...	...	...
Munsiffs—Exercising Civil and Criminal powers.						Dispose of Civil suits up to Rs. 300 in value and have small cause powers up to Rs. 20. Mysore Munsiff has small cause powers up to Rs. 50; also exercise the powers of a 2nd Class Magistrate except the Munsiff of Húnsúr who was 3rd Class Magistrate.	Do										General supervision of their Courts. Some of the Munsiffs are also Sub-Registrars.						
Ashtagram ...	6	...	...	6	1			...	...	...	6	...	2,130 0 0	23,196 2 5	33,423 4 8		223	...	476	4,496	...	...
Nundydroog ...	8	...	...	8	1			...	...	...	8	...	2,413 0 0	21,550 9 0	40,909 2 0		260	...	615	6,068	...	...
Nagar ...	8	...	...	8	1			...	...	...	8	...	2,524 0 0	16,531 7 3	14,167 11 1		804	11	273	2,447	...	...
Total.....	22	...	...	22	1	...	...	...	...	...	22	...	...	61,278 2 8	88,500 1 9	...	...	...	1,364	...	...	...

II. B.—JUDICIAL 1. (*Continued.*)

Class of Tribunals, distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges. Europeans. Covenanted.	Commissioned Military Officers.	Uncovenanted.	Natives.	Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge. European.	Native.	Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial Work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year. Original. Criminal.	Original. Civil.	Appeal. Criminal.	Appeal. Civil.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Sar Amin—Exercising powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.						Exercises powers of a 2nd Class Magistrate.	Competent knowledge of law and fair experience of duties.															
Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nundydroog ...	1	...	...	1	1			...	...	...	1	...	2,400 0 0	2,400 0 0	101 4 0	Sub-Registrar for the Cantonment of Bangalore and Executive Officer of the Municipal Board.	250	...	1,012	...	...	...
Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2,400 0 0	101 4 0	...	...	...	1,012	...	...	...
Town and Cantonment Magistrates—Exercising full powers of a Magistrate in Criminal cases only.						Exercise powers of a Magistrate of 1st Class. The Town and Cantonment Magistrate of Bangalore also hears appeals from the decisions of the Sar Amin and the Magistrate of the Pettah in Criminal cases.	Do														
Ashtagram ...	1	...	...	1	1			...	...	...	1	...	6,600 0 0	9,663 12 2	55 9 0	The Town Magistrate of Mysore superintends the Mysore Town Police and is President of the Municipal Board.	269	...	257	...	...	...
Nundydroog ...	1	...	...	1	1			...	1	...	...	12,000 0 0	...	16,327	147 8 0		250	...	714	...	9	...
Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	2	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	25,990 12 2	203 1 0	...	...	...	971	...	9	...
Judicial Assistant Commissioners—Exercising Civil powers only.						Dispose of Original Civil suits from Rs. 300 to 500, with appellate powers in cases referred to them by the Deputy Commissioners, also Small Cause powers up to Rs. 300 and exercise powers of a 1st Class Magistrate.	Do														
Ashtagram ...	2	...	...	2	1			...	...	...	2	...	3,800	15,609 2 11	27,211 1 10	General supervision of Courts. Also charge of the District Jail and Treasury in some Districts.	230	...	74	852	...	158
Nundydroog ...	3	...	...	3	1			...	...	...	3	6,999	3,000	18,220	31,733 12 ...		255	...	47	1,009	...	332
Nagar ...	3	...	...	3	1			...	...	...	3	...	3,600	13,981 4 7	14,092 ... 11		794	16	166	913	...	93
Total.....	8	...	...	8	1	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	47,810 7 6	73,036 14 9	...	...	...	287	...	...	...

| | | |

II. B.—JUDICIAL 1. (*Concluded.*)

Class of Tribunals distinguishing those which exercise powers in one Department from those exercising powers in two or three Departments, and those consisting of paid from unpaid Judges.	Number of Judicial Divisions.	Average Area of each Division in square miles.	Average Population of each Division.	Number of Tribunals.	Constitution of Tribunals stating number of Judges in each, and Jury or Assessors, if any.	Judicial powers of each Tribunal, Original and Appellate.	Prescribed qualifications of Judges previous to appointment.	Total Number of Judges. Europeans. Covenanted.	Commissioned Military Officers.	Uncovenanted.	Natives.	Average Annual Salary of each paid Judge. European.	Native.	Total Cost of Tribunals.	Net Receipts from Stamps.	Executive or other functions exercised by the same Officers.	Average Number of Days in the year devoted to Judicial Work.	Average Number of Advocates attached to each Tribunal.	Number of Cases decided during the year. Original. Criminal.	Original. Civil.	Appeal. Criminal.	Appeal. Civil.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Commissioners— Exercising powers of a Civil and Sessions Judge, also Revenue powers.						Exercise powers of a Sessions Judge. Dispose of Civil suits above Rs. 10,000 in value. Hear appeals from the decisions of the Judicial Assistants in Civil cases, and of the 1st Class and District Magistrates in Criminal cases.	Do									General supervision in the Division. The Commissioner of Ashtagram is also Sessions Judge of Coorg.						
Ashtagram ...	1	...	...	1	1			...	1	...	...	15,000 0 0	... ...	23,794 9 8	5,639 9 0		...	...	102	3	40	98
Nundydroog ...	1	...	...	1	1			...	1	...	...	15,000 0 0	... ...	15,000	5,094 15 0		165	...	233	5	83	36
Nagar ..	1	...	...	1	1			...	1	...	...	1,500 0 0	... ...	23,214 11 8	2,702 0 0		831	1	65	2	28	28
Total.....	3	...	...	3	1	...		...	3	...	...	... ...	... ...	62,009 5 4	13,436 8 0	...	...	...	400	...	151	...
Judicial Commissioner ...	1	...	...	1	1	Exercises powers of a High Court and original jurisdiction in granting probates and letters of administration.	Do	1	...	...	...	38,000 0 0	... ...	70,868 4 6	8,344 9 0	Also Inspector General of Jails and Police in Mysore and Coorg and Judicial Commissioner of Coorg.	..	...	17	3	379	115
Grand Total.....	178	...	...	178	1	...	...	1	8	4	165	... ...	... ...	4,91,216 9 8	2,42,169 1 6	...	...	...	16,506	21,632	757	884

ABSTRACT.

Courts.	Original. Criminal.	Original. Civil.	Appellate. Criminal.	Appellate. Civil.
Peshkars and Sheristadars	47	...	...	...
Amildars	70	...	..	...
Munsiffs	22	22	...	...
Sar-Amins	1	...	...	...
Town and Cantonment Magistrates ...	2	...	1	...
Judicial Assistant Commissioners ..	8	8	...	8
Small Cause Court, Bangalore ..	...	1	...	...
General Assistant Commissioners ...	14	...	10	...
Deputy Commissioners	8	8	8	8
Commissioners	3	3	3	3
Judicial Commissioner ...	1	1	1	1
Total.....	176	43	23	20

II. B.—JUDICIAL. (CRIMINAL.)

2. *Statement of Offences reported and of Persons tried, convicted and acquitted for each Offence in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1878.

DESCRIPTION OF OFFENCES.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	REMARKS.
CLASS I.									
OFFENCES AGAINST THE STATE, PUBLIC AND JUSTICE.									
Against the State.									
Relating to Coin, Stamps, Weights and Measures.									
Counterfeiting coin	231 to 238	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	5	8	3	5	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	5	8	3	5	...	...	
Passing or possessing bad or altered coin	239 to 243 and 250 to 254	Ashtagram ...	26	32	16	15	1	...	
		Nundydroog...	20	21	9	12	...	...	
		Nagar ...	10	12	3	9	...	...	
		Total...	56	65	28	36	1	...	
Using as genuine counterfeit stamps or effacing or altering same	260 to 263	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	3	4	...	4	...	...	
		Total...	3	4	...	4	...	...	
Making, using or possessing false weights or measures ...	264—267	Ashtagram ...	45	62	28	33	...	1	
		Nundydroog...	13	21	9	12	...	...	
		Nagar ...	7	9	4	5	...	...	
		Total...	65	92	41	50	...	1	
Against Public Justice.									
Personating public servant or Soldier	140—170 and 171	Ashtagram ...	4	12	10	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	2	5	1	4	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total...	7	18	11	7	...	...	
Omitting to give information of an offence or giving false information	176—177 181—182 202—203	Ashtagram ...	10	12	5	7	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	10	12	2	10	...	...	
		Nagar ...	13	16	5	11	...	...	
		Total...	33	40	12	28	...	...	
Causing disappearance of evidence	201 to 204	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	2	3	1	2	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	8	...	5	1	2	
		Total...	3	11	1	7	1	2	
Resisting, obstructing or omitting to assist public servant...	183—187 189—190	Ashtagram ...	7	17	14	3	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	7	22	18	4	...	...	
		Nagar ...	4	7	1	5	1	...	
		Total...	18	46	33	12	1	...	
Disobedience of lawful order and causing injury ...	188	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	4	5	2	3	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	4	5	2	3	...	...	
Intentional insult or interruption in judicial proceedings ...	228	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
Harbouring an offender	212 to 216	Ashtagram ...	...	3	3	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total...	1	4	3	1	...	...	
Taking gift to screen offender	213 to 215	Ashtagram ...	5	9	4	5	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	10	12	3	9	...	...	
		Nagar ...	5	13	6	7	...	...	
		Total...	20	34	13	21	...	...	
Resistance to lawful apprehension and rescue ...	224 to 225	Ashtagram ...	19	26	8	17	1	...	
		Nundydroog...	16	17	1	16	...	...	
		Nagar ...	8	9	1	8	...	...	
		Total...	43	52	19	41	1	...	

II. B.—JUDICIAL 2 (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Escaped from lawful custody or transportation	224—226	Ashtagram ...	9	7	...	7	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	24	23	2	21	...	...	
		Total.....	33	30	2	28	...	...	
Absconding from, avoiding or disobeying summons, or notice, or order to attend, or produce, or refusing to answer or sign	172—175 & 178 to 180	Ashtagram ...	40	52	27	25	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	16	22	5	17	...	...	
		Nagar ...	9	17	6	11	...	...	
		Total...	65	91	38	53	...	...	
By Public Servants.									
Taking valuable thing by, or to influence public servant ...	161 to 165	Ashtagram ...	16	20	9	11	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	24	24	15	17	...	2	
		Nagar ...	11	12	9	3	...	...	
		Total...	51	66	33	31	...	2	
Public servant acting illegally to injure any person ...	166 to 167	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	4	5	1	3	...	1	
		Nagar ...	4	4	...	4	...	...	
		Total...	8	9	1	7	...	1	
Fraudulently defeating punishment or forfeiture ...	217 to 218	Ashtagram ...	2	3	1	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	8	13	3	10	...	...	
		Total...	10	16	4	12	...	...	
Intentionally omitting to apprehend or permitting to escape	221 to 222	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	3	3	1	2	...	...	
		Total...	3	3	1	2	...	...	
Negligently suffering escape ...	129—223	Ashtagram ...	15	23	11	12	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	26	31	5	26	...	...	
		Nagar ...	35	47	13	34	...	...	
		Total...	76	101	29	72	...	...	
Giving false evidence ...	193 to 196	Ashtagram ...	11	26	7	16	...	3	
		Nundydroog...	38	56	25	26	2	3	
		Nagar ...	18	23	9	13	...	1	
		Total...	67	105	41	55	2	7	
Fabricating false evidence ...	193 to 196	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	2	2	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	2	2	...	...	...	
Making, issuing, or using false statement or certificate ...	197 to 200	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
False personation in judicial proceedings	205—220	Ashtagram ...	2	3	2	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	2	3	2	1	...	...	
Fraudulent claim to, or concealment of property or suffering of decree ...	206 to 208 421 to 424	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	6	6	4	2	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	..	..	...	...	
		Total...	7	7	4	3	...	...	
„ Charge of offence ...	211	Ashtagram ...	8	10	3	7	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	5	5	4	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	8	8	3	5	...	...	
		Total...	21	23	10	13	...	...	
Frivolous or vexatious complaints ...	...C. P. C. 209	Ashtagram ...	36	85	85	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	141	428	424	4	...	...	
		Nagar ...	36	56	56	...	...	...	
		Total...	213	569	565	4	...	...	
Forgery or fraudulently using or possessing forged document	465—466 467—469 471—473 to 477	Ashtagram ...	6	14	8	6	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	16	24	16	8	...	...	
		Nagar ...	7	11	10	1	...	...	
		Total...	29	49	34	15	...	...	

II. B.—JUDICIAL 2 (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Public Nuisances.									
Public nuisances under Penal Code	269 to 294	Ashtagram ...	20	53	7	46	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	29	73	22	51	...	...	
		Nagar ...	19	34	5	29	...	...	
		Total...	68	160	34	126	...	...	
Nuisances under Police or Municipal and Local Acts		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	3	3	...	3	...	...	
		Total...	3	3	...	3	...	...	
Relating to the Public Peace.									
Rioting or unlawful assembly...	143—153 157 & 158	Ashtagram ...	11	77	29	29	...	19	
		Nundydroog...	4	21	10	11	...	...	
		Nagar ...	4	35	12	17	...	6	
		Total...	19	133	51	57	...	25	
Causing disappearance of evidence	201—204	Ashtagram ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
Public servant intentionally omitting to apprehend, or permitting to escape ...	221—222	Ashtagram ...	3	3	1	1	...	1	
		Nundydroog...	1	2	...	2	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
		Total...	4	5	1	3	...	1	
Abetment of an offence punishable with death or imprisonment	115 to 117	Ashtagram ...	...	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	1	...	1	...	...	
Affray	160	Ashtagram ...	19	65	10	55	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	18	60	3	57	...	...	
		Nagar ...	11	43	14	29	...	...	
		Total...	48	168	27	141	...	...	
Total Class I.....		Ashtagram ...	316	617	289	302	2	24	
		Nundydroog...	417	893	583	302	2	6	
		Nagar ...	256	416	166	239	2	9	
		Total...	989	1,926	1,038	843	6	39	
CLASS II.									
Offences against the Person.									
Murder, 302—303. By Dacoits		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	63	27	36	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ..	...	63	27	36	...	...	
By Robbers		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Judicial Commissioner		Nundydroog...	...	2	...	2	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	...	2	...	2	...	...	
By poisons. For sake of robbery...		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
From other motives...		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	14	9	5	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	3	...	3	...	...	
		Total...	...	17	9	8	...	...	
Other Murders. From motives connected with women		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	14	27	18	9	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	18	6	8	...	4	
		Total...	14	45	24	17	...	4	
From other motives ...		Ashtagram ...	24	73	28	39	5	1	
		Nundydroog ..	18	37	14	19	...	4	
		Nagar ...	26	32	14	13	...	5	
		Total...	68	142	56	71	5	10	

II. B.—JUDICIAL 2 (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Attempt to murder ...	307	Ashtagram ...	4	8	5	3	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	6	5	1	3	1	...	
Judicial Commissioner		Nundydroog...	...	2	1	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	3	4	1	3	...	...	
		Total...	13	19	8	10	1	...	
Culpable homicide ...	304—308	Ashtagram ...	17	31	14	11	...	6	
		Nundydroog...	17	52	29	18	1	4	
		Nagar ...	16	31	2	28	...	1	
		Total...	50	114	45	57	1	11	
Abetment of suicide ...	305—306	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
Attempt to commit suicide ...	309	Ashtagram ...	7	7	2	5	...	...	
		Nundydroog ..	14	14	6	8	...	...	
		Nagar ...	6	5	2	3	...	...	
		Total...	27	26	10	16	...	...	
Causing miscarriage ...	312—316	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	2	3	2	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	2	3	2	1	...	...	
Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	317—318	Ashtagram ...	12	9	2	5	2	...	
		Nundydroog...	3	3	...	3	...	...	
		Nagar ...	2	3	...	3	...	...	
		Total...	17	15	2	11	2	...	
Grievous hurt	325—326	Ashtagram ...	27	36	21	15	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	20	24	12	12	...	...	
		Nagar ...	9	40	21	18	1	...	
		Total...	56	100	54	45	1	...	
„ on grave and sudden provocation ...	335	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total ..	1	1	...	1	...	...	
Hurt...	323—334	Ashtagram ...	414	903	567	335	1	...	
		Nundydroog...	201	369	185	177	...	7	
		Nagar ...	172	315	144	168	1	2	
		Total...	787	1,587	896	680	2	9	
By dangerous weapon ...	324	Ashtagram ...	25	45	31	13	1	...	
		Nundydroog...	16	38	10	28	...	...	
		Nagar ...	24	38	13	25	...	...	
		Total...	65	121	54	66	1	...	
Administering stupefying drugs	328	Ashtagram ...	3	3	2	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	29	64	25	35	...	4	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	32	67	27	36	...	4	
Causing hurt to extort property or confession	327—329 to 333	Ashtagram ...	4	12	5	7	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	4	19	14	5	...	...	
		Nagar ...	5	14	8	6	...	...	
		Total...	13	45	27	18	...	...	
Act dangerous to life or safety.	336—337	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total...	2	2	...	2	...	...	
Wrongful restraint ...	341	Ashtagram ...	60	137	92	45	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	85	134	101	33	...	...	
		Nagar ...	23	41	18	23	...	...	
		Total...	168	312	211	101	...	...	
Do confinement ...	342—346	Ashtagram ...	18	40	27	11	2	...	
		Nundydroog...	18	20	14	2	...	4	
		Nagar ...	21	27	21	6	...	...	
		Total.....	57	87	62	19	2	4	

II. B.—JUDICIAL 2 (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Wrongful confinement to extort property or confession ...	347 & 348	Ashtagram ...	7	19	17	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	3	7	4	3	...	...	
		Nagar ...	2	6	2	3	...	1	
		Total...	12	32	23	8	...	1	
Assault or use of criminal force	352, 355 to 358	Ashtagram ...	395	851	617	234	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1,344	2,778	2,087	685	1	5	
		Nagar ...	488	908	662	246	...	...	
		Total...	2,227	4,537	3,366	1,165	1	5	
Criminal intimidation or insult.	504, 509	Ashtagram ...	107	174	98	76	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	522	851	532	311	1	7	
		Nagar ...	63	91	40	51	...	...	
		Total...	692	1,116	670	438	1	7	
Causing annoyance in state of intoxication	510	Ashtagram ...	5	5	...	5	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	4	4	1	3	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	9	9	1	8	...	...	
Kidnapping or abduction ...	363—365 367—369	Ashtagram ...	5	12	6	5	1	...	
		Nundydroog...	3	5	1	4	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	3	3	...	...	...	
		Total...	8	20	10	9	1	...	
Dealing in slaves... ...	370 & 371	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	5	...	5	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	5	...	5	...	...	
Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for the purpose or prostitution ...	372—373	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
Enticing a married woman with criminal intent...	498	Ashtagram ...	6	8	6	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	9	11	7	4	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	2	2	...	...	...	
		Total...	15	21	15	6	...	...	
Adultery	497	Ashtagram ...	2	4	3	1	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	10	7	3	2	...	2	
Judicial Commissioner.....		Nundydroog...	...	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	2	2	2	...	...	...	
		Total...	14	14	9	3	...	2	
Rape...	376	Ashtagram ...	4	9	8	...	...	1	
		Nundydroog...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	2	2	2	...	...	...	
		Total...	7	12	11	...	...	1	
Assault or use of criminal force on a public servant ...	353—354	Ashtagram ...	9	19	14	5	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	9	19	14	5	...	...	
Assaulting a woman to outrage her modesty	377	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	1	2	2	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	2	2	...	...	...	
Defamation	500 to 502	Ashtagram ...	4	4	2	2	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	10	19	11	2	...	6	
		Nagar ...	2	4	3	1	...	...	
		Total...	16	27	16	5	...	6	
Total Class II...		Ashtagram ...	1,159	2,409	1,567	822	12	8	
		Nundydroog...	2,357	4,583	3,118	1,418	4	43	
		Nagar ...	870	1,592	966	611	2	13	
		Total...	4,386	8,584	5,651	2,851	18	64	

II. B.—JUDICIAL 2 (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
CLASS III.									
Offences against Property.									
With violence.									
Dacoity	395—397, 398	Ashtagram ...	56	535	304	221	9	1	
		Nundydroog...	95	657	305	320	22	10	
Judicial Commissioner.....		Nundydroog...	...	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	64	342	179	150	9	4	
		Total...	215	1,535	789	691	40	15	
Robbery with hurt or deadly weapon, &c.	394—397, 398	Ashtagram ...	1	7	3	4	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	2	19	17	2	...	...	
		Total...	3	26	20	6	...	...	
Robbery	392—393	Ashtagram ...	63	105	43	55	1	6	
		Nundydroog...	71	152	49	103	...	...	
		Nagar ...	29	41	15	26	...	...	
		Total...	163	298	107	184	1	6	
Extortion	384 to 389	Ashtagram ...	11	27	19	8	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	38	75	56	19	...	...	
		Nagar ...	21	24	15	8	...	1	
		Total..	70	126	90	35	...	1	
House-breaking or house-trespass in order to commit theft.	451—454 457	Ashtagram ...	269	481	175	297	7	2	
		Nundydroog ..	346	553	157	394	1	1	
		Nagar ...	218	238	65	168	5	...	
		Total...	833	1,272	397	859	13	3	
House-breaking or house-trespass in order to commit an offence other than theft ...	449, 450, 451, 454, 457	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
		Nagar ...	2	2	...	2	...	...	
		Total..	2	2	...	2	...	...	
House-breaking or house-trespass with preparation for an attempt at hurt ...	452, 455, 458 & 460	Ashtagram ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	272	402	81	319	...	2	
		Nagar ...	2	2	...	2	...	..	
		Total...	275	404	81	321	...	2	
Without Violence.									
Theft ... Of cattle ...	379, 380, 381	Ashtagram ...	172	2[illegible]	115	165	...	2	
		Nundydroog...	106	1[illegible]6	44	146	1	5	
		Nagar ...	228	4[illegible]2	139	311	...	2	
		Total...	506	930	298	622	1	9	
Theft ... Ordinary ...		Ashtagram ...	1,218	1,861	656	1,189	6	10	
		Nundydroog...	3,071	4,734	1,017	3,707	4	6	
		Nagar ...	848	1,392	416	973	1	2	
		Total...	5,137	7,987	2,089	5,869	11	18	
Dishonestly receiving stolen property	411—414	Ashtagram ...	29	46	30	16	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	113	253	67	186	...	...	
		Nagar ...	48	100	40	59	...	1	
		Total...	190	399	137	261	...	1	
Dishonest misappropriation of property	403 to 404	Ashtagram ...	64	104	67	36	1	...	
		Nundydroog...	166	266	155	109	1	1	
		Nagar ...	95	138	50	88	...	...	
		Total ..	325	508	272	233	2	1	
Criminal breach of trust ...	406—409	Ashtagram ...	36	50	29	19	1	1	
		Nundydroog...	104	134	50	83	...	1	
		Nagar ...	67	78	26	46	2	4	
		Total...	207	262	105	148	3	6	
Cheating	417—420	Ashtagram ...	14	26	18	8	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	54	79	40	35	2	2	
		Nagar ...	21	27	15	12	...	...	
		Total...	89	132	73	55	2	2	

II. B.—JUDICIAL 2 (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.			Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Malicious Offences.									
Mischief, ordinary	426—427 430—433	Ashtagram ...	143	347	251	96	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	161	350	236	114	...	...	
		Nagar ...	30	64	31	33	...	...	
		Total...	334	761	518	243	...	...	
Mischief by poisoning or killing cattle	429—429	Ashtagram ...	76	222	38	184	...	...	
		Nundydroog..	38	86	24	61	1	...	
		Nagar ...	49	129	34	94	1	...	
		Total...	163	437	96	339	2	...	
Mischief by destroying land marks	434	Ashtagram ...	4	4	1	3	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	2	2	1	1	...	...	
		Total...	6	6	2	4	...	...	
Serious mischief by fire ...	435—436 438	Ashtagram ..	11	17	11	4	1	1	
		Nundydroog...	8	15	5	10	..	...	
		Nagar ...	3	3	...	2	1	...	
		Total...	22	35	16	16	2	1	
Criminal trespass or house trespass	447—448	Ashtagram ...	125	314	217	96	...	1	
		Nundydroog...	203	421	257	164	...	...	
		Nagar ..	38	83	58	25	...	...	
		Total...	366	818	532	285	...	1	
Breaking closed receptacle ...	461—462	Ashtagram ...	5	13	6	7	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	8	29	11	18	...	...	
		Nagar ...	7	49	26	22	1	...	
		Total...	20	91	43	47	1	...	
Criminal Procedure Code ...	396 & 397	Ashtagram ...	3	9	...	9	...	...	
		Nundydroog..	...	...	...	..	...	...	
		Nagar ..	...	...	...	...	...	..	
		Total...	3	9	...	9	...	..	
Total for Class III		Ashtagram ...	2,299	4,450	1,983	2,417	26	24	
		Nundydroog...	4,854	8,403	2,555	5,788	32	28	
		Nagar ...	1,774	3,185	1,127	2,024	20	14	
		Total...	8,927	16,038	5,665	10,229	78	66	
CLASS IV.									
Not included in the above classes.									
Vagrancy without ostensible means of livelihood ...	C. P. C. 94	Ashtagram ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
		Total...	2	2	1	1	...	...	
Bad habit and repute,	C. P. C. 505—506	Ashtagram ...	13	67	10	56	1	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	7	43	10	33	...	...	
		Total...	20	110	20	89	1	...	
Criminal breaches of contracts of service ...	490 to 492	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nagar ...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
		Total...	1	1	1	...	...	...	
Maintenance of wives and children	C, P. C. 556	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	3	3	2	1	...	...	
		Nagar ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	3	3	2	1	...	...	
To Contract Act XIII of 1859	...	Ashtagram ...	14	19	14	5	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	7	7	3	3	...	1	
		Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	21	26	17	8	...	1	
„ Soldiers' necessaries, Act VII of 1867		Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Nundydroog...	2	5	...	5	...	...	
		Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total...	2	5	...	5	...	..	

II. B.—JUDICIAL 2 (*Continued.*)

Description of Offences.		Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
To Companies Act X of 1866	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	2	9	9	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	2	9	9	...	...	...	
To Arms Act XXXI of 1860	Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	1	1	...	1	...	...	
	Nagar ...	1	2	1	1	...	...	
	Total...	3	4	1	3	...	...	
To Registration Act	Ashtagram ...	...	1	...	1	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	...	1	...	1	...	...	
To Abkari Rules...	Ashtagram ...	5	9	4	5	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	2	5	4	1	...	...	
	Nagar ...	12	21	6	15	...	...	
	Total...	19	35	14	21	...	...	
To Octroi Rules	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	28	39	1	38	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	28	39	1	38	...	...	
To Police Rules	Ashtagram ...	22	23	4	19	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	560	1,064	22	1,041	...	1	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	582	1,087	26	1,060	...	1	
To Opium	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	2	4	1	3	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	2	4	1	3	...	...	
To Stamps, Acts X of 1862 and XVIII of 1869	Ashtagram ...	2	3	...	3	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	2	...	2	...	...	
	Nagar ...	13	19	4	15	...	...	
	Total...	15	24	4	20	..	...	
To Post Office	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog ...	2	1	...	1	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	2	1	...	1	...	...	
To Municipalities...	Ashtagram ...	36	36	...	36	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	292	768	76	692	...	...	
	Nagar ...	38	45	3	42	...	...	
	Total...	366	849	79	770	...	...	
„ Forests	Ashtagram ...	35	88	5	33	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	203	440	80	360	...	...	
	Nagar ...	165	328	59	269	...	...	
	Total...	403	806	144	662	.	...	
„ Railways	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	22	32	1	31	..	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	22	32	1	31	...	...	
To Gaming and Lotteries	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	7	21	...	21	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	7	21	..	21	...	...	
To Cattle Trespass	Ashtagram ...	38	73	42	31	..	...	
	Nundydroog...	60	132	75	5	...	...	
	Nagar ...	27	66	46	20	...	...	
	Total...	125	271	163	108	...	...	

II. B.—JUDICIAL 2. (*Concluded.*)

Description of Offences.		Number of Offences reported during the year.	Number of Persons under trial during the year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped, transferred.	Remaining under trial.	Remarks.
Chief Commissioner's Circular No. 287 of 1874	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	12	18	...	18	...	...	
	Total ..	12	18	...	18	...	...	
Rules relating to Prostitutes and Brothel Keepers	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog ..	104	104	2	102	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	104	104	2	102	...	...	
Security to keep peace	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	1	2	1	1	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	1	2	1	1	...	...	
Cruelty to animals	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog..	41	48	4	44	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	41	48	4	44	...	...	
Security for good behaviour	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	7	21	13	8	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	7	21	13	8	...	...	
Offences relating to excise on spirits and drugs	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	5	7	2	5	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	5	7	2	5	...	...	
Act XXIII of 1859	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	24	26	3	23	...	...	
	Total...	24	26	3	23	...	...	
Act X of 1872	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	7	28	...	28	...	...	
	Total...	7	28	...	28	...	...	
Total Class IV	Ashtagram ...	167	271	80	190	1	...	
	Nundydroog..	1,351	2,715	296	2,417	...	2	
	Nagar ...	308	598	133	465	...	...	
	Total...	1,826	3,584	509	3,072	1	2	
Grand Total	Ashtagram ...	3,941	7,747	3,919	3,731	41	56	
	Nundydroog..	8,979	16,565	6,537	9,911	38	79	
Judicial Commissioner	Nundydroog...	...	29	15	14	...	...	
	Nagar ...	3,208	5,791	2,392	3,339	24	36	
	Total...	16,128	30,132	12,363	16,995	103	171	

II. B.—JUDICIAL. (*Criminal.*)

3. *Statement shewing the General Result of Criminal Trials in the Tribunals of various classes in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1878.

Class of Tribunals.		Number of Persons dealt with.							Persons disposed of.								Remarks.
		Remaining at end of the last year.	Brought to Trial during present year.				Received by Transfer.	Total.	Discharged without Trial.	Acquitted.	Convicted.	Committed or referred.	Died, escaped or transferred	Remaining at end of the year.	Average Number of Days during which each Case lasted.	Number of Witnesses who attended	
			Under Arrest by Police.	Upon Warrant.	On Summons.	Voluntarily.											
Peshkars	Ashtagram	1	128	147	176	...	3	455	59	186	198	12	...	...	5·6	805	
	Nundydroog	10	1,411	271	1,389	27	1	3,109	81	1,176	1,796	50	...	6	2·8	3,351	
	Nagar	3	268	175	324	25	...	795	99	276	397	22	1	...	4·5	1,362	
	Total	14	1,807	593	1,889	52	4	4,359	239	1,638	2,391	84	1	6	3·33	5,516	
Sheristadars	Ashtagram	..	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	..	...	10·33	6	
	Nundydroog	5	780	349	1,246	2	...	2,382	258	1,009	1,077	29	3	6	4· 3	3,636	
	Nagar	...	70	52	195	2	...	319	34	140	119	26	..	...	4· 9	590	
	Total	5	850	401	1,444	4	...	2,704	292	1,152	1,196	55	3	6	4·4	4,232	
Amildars	Ashtagram	17	1,139	824	1,662	91	38	3,771	694	1,314	1,609	127	3	24	4·7	6,390	
	Nundydroog	51	2,308	458	2,220	72	51	5,160	319	1,858	2,790	164	5	24	3·3	7,902	
	Nagar	71	1,137	491	1,140	115	18	2,972	452	740	1,666	107	2	5	5·9	4,818	
	Total	139	4,584	1,773	5,022	278	107	11,903	1,465	3,912	6,065	398	10	53	4·56	19,110	
Sar-Amin	Ashtagram	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	....	
	Nundydroog	...	1,322	...	294	...	...	1,616	40	227	1,303	46	..	...	1·2	878	
	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
	Total	...	1,322	...	294	...	...	1,616	40	227	1,303	46	...	...	1·2	878	
Munsiffs	Ashtagram	19	569	46	184	2	6	826	206	137	442	35	4	2	5·4	2,065	
	Nundydroog	37	891	41	93	3	12	1,077	99	248	607	122	1	...	5·1	2,603	
	Nagar	12	385	43	56	...	23	519	44	91	344	38	2	...	3·9	858	
	Total	68	1,845	130	333	5	41	2,422	349	476	1,393	195	7	2	5·06	5,526	
Judicial Assistant Commissioners	Ashtagram	9	90	27	13	...	9	148	40	7	82	7	...	12	6·66	331	
	Nundydroog	12	51	35	4	...	...	102	7	46	36	12	1	...	22· 0	309	
	Nagar	25	124	90	27	1	41	308	128	25	93	52	2	8	11· 8	789	
	Total	46	265	152	44	1	50	558	175	78	211	71	3	20	12· 2	1,429	
Yelandur Jahagirdar	Ashtagram	...	39	4	...	...	10	53	25	2	25	1	...	...	3·4	143	
	Total	...	39	4	...	...	10	53	25	2	25	1	...	. .	3·4	143	
2nd Class Assistant Commissioners	Ashtagram	5	248	30	31	...	31	345	95	15	220	15	...	...	12·62	783	
	Nundydroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar	1	59	30	5	...	5	100	16	9	55	20	...	...	17· 3	355	
	Total	6	307	60	36	...	36	445	111	24	275	35	..	...	13· 6	1,138	
1st do do	Ashtagram	210	684	302	151	...	77	1,424	454	298	483	170	16	3	15·5	2,271	
	Nundydroog	25	1,497	142	66	2	30	1,762	379	111	1,062	207	3	...	4·3	2,904	
	Nagar	33	239	76	96	1	34	479	125	54	213	79	6	2	12·1	1,090	
	Total	268	2,420	520	313	3	141	3,665	958	463	1,758	456	25	5	9·05	6,265	
Town and Cantonment Magistrates	Ashtagram	1	216	10	167	...	...	394	19	73	297	4	...	1	2·1	927	
	Nundydroog	2	609	20	294	...	50	975	29	216	685	32	...	13	1·5	1,803	
	Nagar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	....	
	Total	3	825	30	461	...	50	1,369	48	289	982	36	...	14	1·8	2,730	
Deputy Commissioners	Ashtagram	12	105	5	4	...	23	149	53	1	67	21	3	4	14·1	214	
	Nundydroog	2	44	9	7	2	29	93	22	3	50	13	1	4	14·7	80	
	Nagar	6	148	39	4	...	77	274	22	5	200	47	...	...	7·3	525	
	Total	20	297	53	15	2	129	516	97	9	317	81	4	8	10·7	819	
Do (with enhanced powers)	Ashtagram	9	116	8	...	..	5	138	83	1	41	6	5	2	17·6	330	
	Nundydroog	...	163	2	1	...	1	167	41	39	83	4	...	...	9·3	409	
	Nagar	...	154	20	...	...	3	177	52	13	108	2	1	1	9·7	328	
	Total	9	433	30	1	...	9	482	176	53	232	12	6	3	11·8	1,067	
Commissioners (Sessions Judges)	Ashtagram	208	...	...	...	...	231	439	...	154	267	...	10	8	52·6	618	
	Nundydroog	340	...	...	...	...	490	830	...	329	422	29	24	26	34·5	1,074	
	Nagar	32	...	...	...	...	209	241	...	67	144	...	10	20	6·9	459	
	Total	580	...	...	...	...	930	1,510	...	550	833	29	44	54	34·65	2,151	
Judicial Commissioner		...	...	...	...	...	29	29	...	15	14	...	...	...	9	77	
Grand Total		1158	14,994	3,746	9,852	345	1,536	31,631	3,975	8,888	16,995	1,499	103	171	5·65	51,081	

4. *Statement shewing the Punishments inflicted by various Criminal Tribunals in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1878.

| Class of Tribunals. | Persons sentenced to— | | | | | | | | | | | | Persons ordered to find or give— | | | Detail of Punishment. | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Class of Tribunals. | | Persons sentenced to— | | | | | | | | | | | | Persons ordered to find or give— | | | Detail of Punishment. | | | | | | | | | | | |

II. B.—JUDICIAL. (CRIMINAL.)

5. *Statement shewing the Result of Appeal and Revision in Criminal cases in the Mysore Province during the year* 1878.

1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
TRIBUNALS.		Number of Appellants or Persons applying for revision under Section 297, Code of Criminal Procedure.	NUMBER OF PERSONS.								REMARKS.
			Appeals or Applications rejected.	Sentences confirmed.	Sentences modified.	Sentences reversed.	Proceedings quashed.	Further enquiry or evidence ordered.	Cases referred for revision to High Court.	Pending.	
Town and Cantt. Magistrates	Nundydroog...	13	3	4	1	5	...	...	...	...	
	Total...	13	3	4	1	5	...	...	...	...	
Assistant Commissioners...	Ashtagram ...	70	3	23	6	38	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog...	106	1	48	15	28	14	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	176	4	71	21	66	14	...	...	...	
Deputy Commissioners ...	Ashtagram ...	63	5	14	5	35	...	...	...	4	
	Nundydroog...	72	...	33	16	18	...	...	3	2	
	Nagar ...	154	3	29	...	92	29	...	...	1	
	Total.....	289	8	76	21	145	29	...	3	7	
Commissioners ...	Ashtagram ...	57	1	37	11	2	...	6	...	...	
	Nundydroog ...	107	13	66	10	11	...	...	...	7	
	Nagar ...	47	4	34	4	5	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	211	18	137	25	18	...	6	...	7	
Judicial Commissioner...	Ashtagram ...	197	46	84	22	29	15	...	...	1	
	Nundydroog...	400	74	266	19	33	5	2	...	1	
	Nagar ...	179	38	96	23	14	6	...	...	2	
	Total.....	776	158	446	64	76	26	2	...	4	
	Grand Total.....	1,465	191	734	132	310	69	8	3	18	

II. B.—JUDICIAL. (CIVIL)

6. *Statement shewing the Number and Description of Civil Suits instituted in the Civil Courts of the Mysore Province in the year* 1878.

| Class of Tribunals. | Suits for money, distinguishing suits up to Rs. 500, cognizable by Small Cause Courts from "Other Cases." | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Suits under the Rent Law. | | | | | | | | Other Suits. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

II. B.—JUDICIAL. (CIVIL)

7. Statement shewing Value of Suits disposed of in the Civil Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year 1878.

VALUE OF SUITS.		Number of Suits disposed of in different Courts.						Total Value of Suits.			REMARKS.
		Bangalore Court of Small Causes.	Munsiffs.	Judicial Assistant Commissioners.	Deputy Commissioners.	Commissioners.	Judicial Commissioner.				
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8			9
								Rs.	A.	P.	
Not exceeding Rs. 5 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	110	1	...	...	...	439	12	1	
	Nundydroog ...	910	127	9	...	...	...	3,402	8	1	
	Nagar ...	...	51	11	...	...	...	524	9	10	
	Total.....	910	288	21	...	...	...	4,366	14	0	
„ „ „ 20 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	975	17	...	...	...	12,495	14	2	
	Nundydroog ...	2,094	1,266	89	...	...	...	41,789	9	6	
	Nagar ...	...	549	113	...	...	...	14,462	6	4	
	Total.....	2,094	2,790	219	...	...	...	68,747	14	0	
„ „ „ 100 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	2,592	278	...	...	...	1,43,358	11	6	
	Nundydroog ...	1,958	3,542	435	...	...	...	2,82,126	8	1	
	Nagar ...	...	1,293	398	...	...	...	96,623	6	4	
	Total.....	1,958	7,427	1,111	...	...	...	5,22,108	9	11	
„ „ „ 500 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	819	362	1	...	...	2,33,284	0	3	
	Nundydroog ...	794	1,133	233	...	...	...	3,49,029	10	9	
	Nagar ...	...	554	244	...	...	...	1,52,461	8	4	
	Total.....	794	2,506	839	1	...	...	7,34,775	3	4	
„ „ „ 1,000 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	136	...	...	...	94,240	6	7	
	Nundydroog ...	72	...	131	...	...	...	1,33,036	3	3	
	Nagar ...	...	...	86	...	...	...	59,745	2	8	
	Total.....	72	...	353	...	...	...	2,87,021	12	6	
„ „ „ 5,000 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	58	...	...	...	1,12,755	1	7	
	Nundydroog ...	...	...	112	2	...	...	2,21,218	15	8	
	Nagar ...	...	...	61	...	...	2	1,12,575	0	5	
	Total.....	...	...	231	2	...	2	4,46,549	1	8	
„ „ „ 10,000 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	2	...	...	8,749	10	4	
	Nundydroog ...	...	...	...	3	...	1	23,945	9	0	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	5,965	14	6	
	Total.....	...	...	...	6	...	1	38,665	1	10	
„ „ „ 1,00,000 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1,01,687	0	2	
	Nundydroog ...	...	...	...	...	5	...	92,590	15	2	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	2	...	65,456	3	10	
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	10	...	2,59,734	3	2	
Exceeding „ 1,00,000 ...	Ashtagram ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nundydroog ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Nagar ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Grand Total.....	5,828	13,011	2,774	9	10	3	23,61,968	12	5	

II. B.—JUDICIAL. (CIVIL.)

8. *Statement shewing the General Result of the Trial of Civil Suits in the Courts of Original Jurisdiction in the Province of Mysore in the year* 1878.

CLASS OF COURTS.	Suits remaining from last year.	Instituted in 1878.	Received by transfer.	Total for disposal.	Transferred to other Courts.	Plaint rejected or returned.	Dismissed for default.	Withdrawn with leave.	Compromised.	Decreed on confession.	Decreed *exparte*.	Dismissed *exparte*.	Contested.		Total disposed of.	Pending.	Over 2 months.	Over 4 months.	Average Duration of Suits.		Referred to Arbitration.
													Judgment for Plaintiff in whole or part.	Judgment for Defendant.					Contested.	Uncontested.	REMARKS.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Civil Courts.																					
Bangalore Court of Small Causes.	243	5,993	...	6,236	3	...	592	121	85	586	3,092	...	1,080	269	5,825	408	19	3	11·75	10·64	6
Munsiffs ... Ashtagram ...	264	4,508	1	4,773	...	27	339	100	184	944	1,440	147	1,024	291	4,496	277	13	...	31· 5	25	2
Nundydroog...	435	6,051	...	6,486	...	45	544	113	215	1,034	1,981	203	1,611	322	6,068	418	18	2	31· 7	20· 9	...
Nagar ...	316	2,248	...	2,564	...	24	271	37	130	557	648	151	486	143	2,447	117	5	1	38· 7	33· 3	...
Total.....	1,015	12,807	1	13,823	...	96	1,154	250	529	2,535	4,069	501	3,121	756	13,011	812	36	3	32· 8	24· 7	2
Judicial Assistants ... Ashtagram ...	84	836	...	920	2	5	36	15	72	221	253	2	168	80	852	66	7	...	79· 8	35	...
Nundydroog...	98	994	...	1,092	1	8	71	23	32	123	256	19	395	82	1,009	82	39	3	13· 3	26· 3	...
Nagar ...	103	862	...	965	..	1	82	6	17	187	327	35	228	30	913	52	4	1	39· 2	27· 4	...
Total.....	285	2,692	...	2,977	3	14	189	44	121	531	836	56	791	192	2,774	200	50	4	18· 3	25· 3	...
Deputy Commissioners ... Ashtagram ...	1	1	1	3	...	...	..	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	132	70· 5	...
Nundydroog...	2	10	...	12	4	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	2	5	3	...	...	20· 6	22	...
Nagar ...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	..	1	...	...	..	72	...	...
Total.....	3	12	1	16	4	...	1	1	...	...	2	...	2	3	9	3	...	...	53· 2	46· 2	...
Commissioners... Ashtagram ...	3	2	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	3	2	...	2	336	...	...
Nundydroog...	4	2	...	6	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	5	1	...	1	603· 5	168	1
Nagar ...	1	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	210	...	...
Total.....	8	5	...	13	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	4	3	10	3	...	3	376· 4	168	1
Judicial Commissioner ...	...	...	4	4		...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	3	1	...	1	163	55	...
Grand Total.....	1,554	21,509	6	23,069	10	111	1,936	416	736	3,653	8,000	557	5,000	1,223	21,632	1,427	105	14	29· 3	21·27	9

9. *Statement shewing the Business of the Civil Appellate Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year* 1878.

CLASS OF COURTS.	Remaining.	Instituted.	Received by transfer.	Total.	Transferred.	Dismissed for default, or under 5 and 6, Act XXIII of 1861.	Heard *exparte*.			Contested.				Total disposed of.	Pending.	Over four months.	Objections under Section 348, Act VIII, 1859.	Objections allowed.	REMARKS.
							Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.						
Civil Courts.																			
Judicial Assistant Commissioners ... Ashtagram ...	14	151	...	165	...	4	8	3	3	104	15	16	5	158	7	...	...	...	
Nundydroog...	54	295	...	349	1	10	6	2	4	170	31	86	22	331	17	...	17	5	
Nagar ...	9	83	..	96	...	13	16	1	5	34	7	12	5	93	3	...	...	...	
Total.....	77	533	...	610	1	27	30	6	12	308	53	114	32	582	27	...	17	5	
Deputy Commissioners ... ... Ashtagram ...	1	1	...	2	...	...	1	...	..	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	
Nundydroog...	...	2	1	3	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	
Nagar ...	2	19	...	21	...	2	4	...	1	5	1	3	3	19	2	...	...	...	
Total.....	3	22	1	26	...	2	5	...	1	8	1	4	3	24	2	...	...	...	
Commissioners ... ... Ashtagram ...	13	97	...	110	..	3	9	2	...	59	14	8	3	98	12	...	7	...	
Nundydroog...	10	40	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	23	12	1	...	36	14	1	2	2	
Nagar ...	1	31	...	32	...	1	...	...	...	12	5	9	1	28	4	...	...	...	
Total.....	24	168	...	192	...	4	9	2	...	94	31	18	4	162	30	1	9	2	
Judicial Commissioner—																			
Regular Appeals	...	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	2	5	...	...	...	...	
Special Appeals	9	110	...	119	...	...	...	...	...	79	5	19	7	110	9	...	...	...	
Grand Total.....	113	838	1	952	1	33	44	8	13	492	90	155	48	883	68	1	26	7	

II. B.—JUDICIAL.

10. *Statement shewing the Execution of the Decrees of the Civil Courts of the Mysore Province in the year* 1878.

Class of Courts.		Application to execute Decrees.				Decrees completely executed.	Decrees partially executed.	Pending at the end of year.	Decrees executed by possession being given.	Nature and Number of coercive processes issued.						Applications transferred or struck off.	Remarks.
		Pending.	Filed.	Received by transfer.	Total.					Imprisonment of person.	Movable property. Attached.	Movable property. Sold.	Immovable property. Attached.	Immovable property. Sold.	Orders under Section 243, Code of Procedure.		
Civil Courts.																	
Bangalore Court of Small Causes.		197	8,234	6	8,437	855	4,299	364	...	368	263	169	...	...	...	2,919	
Munsiffs ...	Ashtagram ...	442	3,605	105	4,152	1,213	848	397	121	83	441	63	688	408	...	1,694	
	Nundydroog...	580	5,265	518	6,363	1,206	1,448	761	85	336	829	261	973	843	...	2,953	
	Nagar ...	292	1,616	39	1,947	484	369	213	31	20	196	192	243	228	...	881	
	Total.....	1,314	10,486	662	12,462	2,903	2,660	1,371	237	439	1,466	516	1,904	1,479	...	5,528	
Judicial Assistant Commissioners...	Ashtagram ...	191	1,210	21	1,422	277	587	86	24	344	205	30	164	192	1	472	
	Nundydroog...	135	1,505	38	1,678	164	531	170	14	76	387	36	167	90	...	813	
	Nagar ...	105	794	14	913	242	205	118	4	39	93	93	76	83	...	348	
	Total.....	431	3,509	73	4,013	683	1,323	374	42	459	685	159	407	371	1	1,633	
Deputy Commissioners ...	Ashtagram ...	2	2	2	6	1	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	
	Nundydroog...	1	11	1	13	1	2	3	...	1	...	1	2	2	...	7	
	Nagar ...	1	1	2	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	
	Total.....	4	14	5	23	2	3	3	...	1	...	1	2	3	...	15	
Commissioners...	Ashtagram ...	2	1	2	5	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	1	
	Nundydroog...	4	16	2	22	2	5	5	...	...	1	...	11	3	...	10	
	Nagar ...	2	6	...	8	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	2	3	...	4	
	Total.....	8	23	4	35	2	7	11	...	...	1	...	13	6	...	15	
	Grand Total.....	1,954	22,266	750	24,970	4,445	8,292	2,123	279	1,267	2,415	845	2,326	1,859	1	10,110	

11. *Statement shewing Use of Juries and Assessors in the Civil and Criminal Courts of the Province of Mysore in the year* 1878.

Classes of Courts in which Jurors or Assessors are employed, distinguishing Criminal from Civil Courts.		Established or average number of Jury or Assessors in each case, and prescribed qualification.	Number of cases tried by Jury.	Number of cases with Assessors.	Jury Trials. Cases in which the Judge approved of the verdict.	Jury Trials. Cases in which the Judge did not approve of the verdict.	Assessors' Trials. Number of cases in which Judges agreed with Assessors.	Assessors' Trials. Number of cases in which Judges differed from Assessors.	Note shewing in what classes of cases Juries and Assessors have been principally employed.	Remarks.
Criminal.										
Sessions Judges ...	Ashtagram ...	2	...	97	...	...	84	13	...	
	Nundydroog...	3	...	186	...	...	172	14	...	
	Nagar ...	2	...	64	...	...	48	16	...	
Judicial Commissioner for Nundydroog Sessions Cases		2	...	17	...	...	15	2	...	
	Total.....	...	...	364	...	...	319	45	...	

12. *Statement of Deeds registered in the Registration Districts of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1878—79.

Districts.	Number of Registration Offices.	Registrations affecting immovable property, Book I. Compulsory. Instruments of gift (Section 17, clause 1).	Instruments of sale of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Instruments of mortgage of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.	Acknowledgments of consideration on account of do.	Other instruments registered under Section 17, clause 2.	Perpetual leases (Section 17, clause 4).	All leases (other than perpetual leases) which have been compulsorily registered under Section 17, clause 4.	Total of Compulsory Registrations.	Ordinary Fees paid for the same.	Optional. Instruments of sale of the value of less than Rs. 100.	Instruments of mortgage of the value of less than Rs. 100.	Acknowledgments of consideration on account of do.	Leases for one year or less (Section 18, clause 3) and leases exempted under proviso, Section 17.	Awards (Section 18, clause 4).	Miscellaneous registrations other than certified copies of decrees and orders of Courts.	Certified copies of decrees and orders of Courts.	Total of optional registrations relating to immovable property.	Ordinary Fees paid for the same.	Total value of immovable property transferred.	Registrations affecting movable property, Book IV. Instruments of sale of movable property.	Obligations for the payment of money (Section 18, clause 7).	All other documents registered under Section 18, clause 7.	Total of Registration in Book IV.	Ordinary Fees paid for the same.	Number of sealed covers deposited, Book V.	Number of wills registered, Book III.	Number of written authorities to adopt other than those conferred by wills, Book III.	Number of Registrations under Section 24.	Number of Registrations under Section 34.	Number of Refusals to register.	Number of Powers of Attorney attested.	Number of searches or applications for copies.	Receipts. Total of Ordinary Fees including the entries in columns 11, 20 and 26, and the total fees paid for registration under column 23.	Total Extraordinary Fees and Fines.	Total.	Total Expenditure.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
Inspector General's Office ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	5 8	5 8	5,153 11	
Bangalore ...	13	10	1,209	1,340	4	130	11	67	2,771	7,267 12	741	508	1	24	3	26	1	1,304	1,169	8 15,04,805	4	18	113	135	336 8	...	21	2	13	37	29	75	119	8,874 12	1,537 13 9	10,412 9 9	5,188 15 6	
Mysore ...	15	17	1,342	1,468	6	69	11	65	2,978	7,363 ...	899	421	1	5	...	7	2	1,335	1,277	12 11,21,387	3	12	32	47	140	...	...	10	...	5	14	30	73	78	8,832 ...	1,234 12 8	10,066 12 8	4,717 12 8	
Túmkúr ...	11	1	543	567	5	18	...	10	1,144	2,487 8	471	261	...	2	...	6	1	741	666	4 3,35,464	...	11	24	35	80 8	...	4	1	9	12	17	18	22	3,253 8	306 5 7	3,559 13 7	2,119 14 1	
Kolar ...	13	4	273	455	1	21	18	13	785	1,819 ...	487	296	...	1	8	11	1	804	877	4 2,22,085	8	13	32	53	94 8	...	3	...	7	5	5	16	17	2,804 4	179 8 8	2,983 12 8	1,808 4 2½	
Hassan ...	11	2	482	561	...	20	6	19	1,090	2,791 12	507	222	...	...	...	1	...	730	664	... 4,83,200	2	4	16	22	39	...	...	5	...	6	16	6	26	49	3,519 ...	621 ... 4	4,140 ... 4	2,084 1 6	
Kadur ...	8	3	457	376	...	25	4	10	875	3,354 4	236	88	...	...	...	2	...	326	341	8 7,26,391	7	18	38	63	174 4	...	3	...	9	19	33	68	98	3,888 8	1,188 2	... 5,076 10	... 2,313 15 9	
Shimoga ...	9	5	281	256	...	31	32	8	613	1,811 8	72	18	...	1	...	1	3	95	103	4 2,56,773	3	27	32	62	158 12	...	1	...	4	4	18	23	31	2,080 8	430 13 7	2,511 5 7	1,271 2 6	
Chitaldroog ...	10	2	162	157	...	6	...	6	333	719 12	78	29	...	1	...	1	3	112	113	8 92,566	2	3	3	8	10 12	...	...	2	1	2	3	3	8	854 4	172 11 2	1,026 15 2	677 12 5	
Total.....	91	44	4,749	5,180	16	320	82	198	10,589	27,614 8	3,491	1843	2	34	11	55	11	5,447	5,213	... 47,22,671	29	106	290	425	1034 4	...	47	5	54	109	141	302	424	34,106 12	5,676 11 9	39,783 7 9	25,335 9 7½	

General Summary

Shewing the Distribution of the Prisoners of all Classes confined in the Jails and Lock-ups of the Province of Mysore during the year 1878.

1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8						10		
Station.	Place of Confinement.	Classes of Prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.			Received during the year.			Total.			Discharged from all Causes.			Remaining at end of the year.			Daily average number of each class.			Total daily average of whole Jail.		
			M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
	Bangalore Central Jail ...	Convicts ...	1,657	76	1,733	1,143	336	1,529	2,800	462	3,262	1,431	380	1,811	1,369	82	1,451	1,526	90·	16·16			
		Under-trial ...	171	6	177	250	206	456	421	212	633	414	203	617	7	9	16	48	5·	53·			
		Civil ...	5	...	5	82	3	85	87	3	90	81	3	84	6	...	6	6	...	6·			
	District Jails,																				1,580	95·	1,675
	Kolar District Jail ...	Convicts ...	1,098	44	1,142	761	74	835	1,859	118	1,977	1,384	103	1,487	475	15	490	749·9	19·7	769·6			
		Under-trial ...	59	3	42	75	8	83	114	11	125	109	10	119	5	1	6	15·1	1·6	16·7			
		Civil ...	1	...	1	9	...	9	10	...	10	10	...	10	...	...	...	·56	...	·56			
																					765·56	21·3	786·86
	Túmkúr District Jail ...	Convicts ...	677	7	684	188	5	193	865	12	877	634	6	640	231	6	237	485·9	8·0	493·9			
		Under-trial ...	88	1	89	207	6	213	295	7	302	289	6	295	6	1	7	26·6	·7	27·3			
		Civil ...	1	...	1	23	..	23	24	...	24	18	...	18	6	...	6	2·5	...	2·5			
																					515·0	8·7	523·7
	Mysore District Jail ...	Convicts ...	695	31	726	722	65	787	1,417	96	1,513	897	74	971	520	22	542	628·585	24·482	653·067			
		Under-trial ...	144	3	147	162	8	170	306	11	317	304	11	315	2	...	2	37·482	·969	38·451			
		Civil ...	5	...	5	96	6	102	101	6	107	93	6	99	8	...	8	6·846	·350	7·196			
																					672·913	25·801	698·714
	Hassan District Jail ...	Convicts ...	200	13	213	509	49	558	709	62	771	643	57	700	66	5	71	81·581	9·791	91·372			
		Under-trial ...	58	5	63	329	33	362	387	38	425	371	36	407	16	2	18	18·614	1·132	19·746			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	9	...	9	9	...	9	7	...	7	2	...	2	·780	...	0·780			
																					100·975	10·923	111·898
	Shimoga District Jail ...	Convicts ...	787	27	814	208	12	220	995	39	1,034	250	25	275	745	14	759	740·98	19·51	760·49			
		Under-trial ...	10	1	11	177	5	182	187	6	193	176	6	182	11	...	11	8·51	·54	9·05			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	5	...	5	5	...	5	4	...	4	1	...	1	·19	...	0·19			
																					749·68	20·05	769·73
	Kadur District Jail ...	Convicts ...	45	3	48	250	15	265	295	18	313	215	12	227	80	6	86	59·91	2·74	62·65			
		Under-trial ...	33	4	37	355	10	365	388	14	402	385	14	399	3	...	3	18·78	·88	19·66			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	3	...	3	3	...	3	2	...	2	1	...	1	·76	...	0·76			
																					79·45	3·62	83·07
	Chitaldroog District Jail. ...	Convicts ...	282	9	291	351	32	383	633	41	674	584	32	616	49	9	58	112·58	7·25	119·83			
		Under-trial ...	52	1	53	334	26	360	386	27	413	378	26	404	8	1	9	18·39	·83	19·22			
		Civil ...	1	...	1	4	...	...	5	...	5	5	...	5	...	...	...	·52	...	0·52			
																					131·49	8·08	139·57

II. C.—PRISONS.

General Summary.—(*Concluded*).

1	2	3	4			5			6			7			8			9			10		
Station.	Place of Confinement.	Classes of Prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.			Received during the year.			Total.			Discharged from all Causes.			Remaining at end of the year.			Daily average number of each class.			Total daily average of whole Jail.		
			M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
	District Lock-up.																						
	Bangalore ...	Convicts ...	25	...	25	566	...	566	591	...	591	577	...	577	14	...	14	24·	...	24·			
		Under-trial ...	54	...	54	1,264	...	1,264	1,318	...	1,318	1,299	...	1,299	19	...	19	28·	...	28·			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
	Taluk Lock-ups.																				52	...	52
	Bangalore District ...	Convicts ...	31	1	32	818	114	932	849	115	964	846	114	960	3	1	4	33·7	2·4	36·1			
		Under-trial ...	19	...	19	1,156	73	1,229	1,175	73	1,248	1,172	73	1,245	3	...	3	14·2	·5	14·7			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	47·9	2·9	50·8
	Kolar District ...	Convicts ...	68	13	81	928	159	1,087	996	172	1,168	983	172	1,155	13	...	13	89·5·	6·5	96·			
		Under-trial ...	41	1	42	870	120	990	911	121	1,032	908	121	1,029	3	...	3	26·57	1·69	28·26			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	116·07	8·19	124·26
	Túmkúr District ...	Convicts ...	28	1	29	456	54	510	484	55	539	476	55	531	8	...	8	20·29	1·4	21·69			
		Under-trial ...	79	5	84	978	80	1,058	1,057	85	1,142	1,045	85	1,130	12	...	12	41·82	2·16	43·98			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	62·11	3·56	65·67
	Mysore District ...	Convicts ..	38	3	41	653	53	706	691	56	747	688	56	744	3	...	3	23·861	1·599	25·46			
		Under-trial ..	26	...	26	1,633	116	1,749	1,659	116	1,775	1,646	115	1,761	13	1	14	41·683	2·176	43·859			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65·544	3·775	69·319
	Hassan District ...	Convicts ...	30	4	34	381	46	427	411	50	461	396	47	443	15	3	18	19·981	2·158	22·139			
		Under-trial ...	12	2	14	1,656	139	1,795	1,668	141	1,809	1,667	141	1,808	1	...	1	19·541	1·586	21·127			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39·522	3·744	43·266
	Shimoga District ...	Convicts ...	35	1	36	334	37	401	399	38	437	393	37	430	6	1	7	19·12	1·29	20·41			
		Under-trial ...	17	1	18	645	42	687	662	43	705	660	42	702	2	1	3	13·16	·74	13·90			
		Civil ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32·28	2·03	34·31
	Kadur District ...	Convicts ...	8	3	11	201	17	218	209	20	229	197	20	217	12	...	12	9·28	·46	9·74			
		Under-trial ...	6	...	6	249	15	264	255	15	270	255	15	270	...	...	...	5·04	·19	5·23			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14·32	·65	14·97
	Chitaldroog District ...	Convicts ...	55	3	58	554	55	609	609	58	667	582	54	636	27	4	31	57·92	4·48	62·4			
		Under-trial ...	48	...	48	614	49	663	662	49	711	662	49	711	...	...	...	24·03	·91	24·94			
		Civil ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	81·95	5·39	87·34
	Grand Total.....	Convicts ...	5,759	239	5,998	9,053	1,173	10,226	14,812	1,412	16,224	11,176	1,244	12,420	3,636	168	3,804	4,683·088	201·760	4,884·848	-		
		Under-trial ...	897	33	930	10,954	936	11,890	11,851	969	12,820	11,740	953	12,693	111	16	127	405·520	21·603	427·123			
		Civil ...	13	...	13	231	9	240	244	9	253	220	9	229	24	...	24	18·156	·350	18·506	5,106·764	223·713	5,330·477
		General Total...	6,669	272	6,941	20,238	2,118	22,356	26,907	2,390	29,297	23,136	2,206	25,342	3,771	184	3,955	5,106·764	223·713	5,330·477	5,106·764	223·713	5,330·477

II. C.—PRISONS. (JUDICIAL.)

1. *Shewing the Number and Disposal of the Convicts in the Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1878.

1	2		3		4		5				6			7				8										9		10		11		12		13		14			15		
Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Remained on the 1st January 1878.		Imprisoned during the year.		Total.		Received from other Jails. A. To undergo sentence.		Received from other Jails. B. In transit for transportation, or to other Jails.		Total population.			Transferred to other Jails. A. To undergo sentence.		Transferred to other Jails. B. For transportation beyond seas, &c.		Released during the year. A. On appeal.		Released during the year. B. On expiry of sentence.		Released during the year. C. On payment of fine.		Released during the year. D. By order of Government. (a) On account of sickness.		Released during the year. D. By order of Government. (b) On other grounds.		Transported beyond seas.		Transferred to Lunatic Asylums.		Escaped.		Executed.		Died.		Remaining on the 31st December 1878.			Daily Average Number.		
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.
Mysore Province.	5,759	239	9,053	1,173	14,812	1,412	3,368	80	89	11	18,269	1,503	19,772	3,571	102	61	13	111	6	8,031	1,107	524	35	7	...	904	19	34	10	1	1	15	..	35	3	1,339	39	3,636	168	3,804	4683·088	201·760	4884·848

2. *Shewing the Religion, Age and previous Occupation of the Convicts in the Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1878.

1	2														3								4									5		
Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Religion. A. Christians. a. Europeans.		Christians. b. Eurasians.		Christians. c. Natives.		B. Muhammadans.		C. Hindus.		D. Buddhists and Jains.		E. All other Classes.		Age. A. Under 16.		Age. B. 16 to 40.		Age. C. 40 to 60.		Age. D. Above 60.		Previous Occupation. Males. A. Of independent property.	Males. B. Agriculturists.	Males. C. Non-agriculturists.	Males. D. Domestic servants.	Males. E. Government servants.	Males. F. No Occupation.	Females. G. Married.	Females. H. Unmarried.	Females. I. Prostitutes.	Total.		
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F										M	F	Total.
Mysore Province.	16	...	12	4	125	40	1,650	126	11,273	1,100	7	...	1,729	142	486	89	11,332	1,087	2,786	223	208	13	694	7,232	4,719	903	517	747	1,077	182	153	14,812	1,412	16,224

3. *Shewing the Convicts in the Jails of the Mysore Province for the year* 1878, *according to the Nature and Length of Sentence.*

1	2																								3				4		
Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Classes according to length of sentence. A. Not exceeding one month.		B. Above 1 and not exceeding six months.		C. Above 6 months and not exceeding 1 year.		D. Above 1 year and not exceeding 3 years.		E. Above 3 and not exceeding 5 years.		F. Above 5 and not exceeding 10 years.		G. Exceeding 10 years.		H. Sentenced to transportation beyond seas. For life.		H. Sentenced to transportation beyond seas. For a term.		I. Sentenced to death.		Nature of Imprisonment. A. Simple Imprisonment.		Nature of Imprisonment. B. Rigorous Imprisonment.		Total.		
	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.
Mysore Province...	5,736	864	2,926	380	1,563	63	2,714	52	965	18	661	7	13	...	102	21	82	1	50	6	994	291	13,818	1,121	14,812	1,412	16,224

II. C.—PRISONS. (JUDICIAL.)

4. *Shewing the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878, *who had been previously convicted.*

1	2	3			4								5			6				7
Serial Number.	Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Total.			Number previously convicted.											Juvenile prisoners (under 16 years of age, Section 318, Criminal Procedure Code.)				Serial Number.
					A		B		C		D					A		B		
					Once.		Twice.		More than Twice.		Total.					Number imprisoned.		Number previously convicted.		
		M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	
1	Province of Mysore...	14,812	1,412	16,224	425	48	169	29	105	13	699	90	4·72	6·37	4·87	201	48	4	1	

6. *Shewing the Offences committed by the Convicts, and the Punishments inflicted on them, in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878.

1	2	3		4		5						6												7	8
Serial Number.	Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Average number of Convicts.		Criminal Offences.		Breaches of Jail Rules.						Punishments inflicted.												Ratio of Column 6 C to Column 3.	Serial Number.
						Smoking or having possession of forbidden articles.		Offences relating to work.		Other offences against prison discipline.		A		B By Jail Officers.								C			
												By Criminal Courts.		A Solitary confinement.		B Reduced diet.		C Solitary confinement with reduced diet.		D Corporal punishment.	E Other punishments.			Total punishments.	
		Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.		Male.	Female.			
1	Province of Mysore ...	468·88	201·76	26	...	90	1	91	1	117	1	3	...	53	...	3	1	9	1	255	1	1	327	6·6	

7. *Shewing the State of Education of the Convicts imprisoned in and released from the Jails of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1878.

1	2	3		4						5		6		7		8						9						10
Serial Number.	Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Number imprisoned during the year.		Of those in Column 3 there were—						Daily average number of Convicts.		Daily average number under instruction.		Number released during the year.		Of those in Column 7 there were—						Number released during the year after more than six months' in Jail.						Serial Number.
				Unable to read or write.		Able to read or write a little.		Able to read or write well.								Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well.		Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well.		
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	
1	Province of Mysore.	9,053	1,173	8,135	1,153	441	2	477	18	4,683·88	201·76	819·535	18·25	9,577	1,167	8,336	1,155	916	6	325	6	1,319	26	367	5	190	6	

II. C. PRISONS. (FINANCIAL.)

10. *Shewing the Expenditure in guarding and maintaining the Prisoners in the Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1878, *excluding the cost of building new Jails, of additions, alterations or repairs.*

2	3				4				5			6			7						8			9			10			11		12
	Average number of prisoners.				Rations				Establishment.			Police Guard.			Hospital Charges.						Clothing.			Contingencies.			Grand Total expended.			Total Cost per head of average strength.			Serial Number.
					A	B			A	B		A	B		A	B					A	B		A	B								
Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Convicts.	Under trial.	Civil.	Total.	Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength excluding civil prisoners.			Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.		Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.		Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.		Cost per head of average number sick.			Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.		Total Cost.	Cost per head of average strength.								
					Rs.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.	
Mysore Province ...	4,284·848	427·123	18·506	5,330·477	2,50,063	47	1	2	67,129	12	9	6	67,521	12	10	8	22,027	4	2	1	41	3	4	13,306	2	11	7	19,889	3	11	8	4,39,935	...	...	82	8	6	

12. *Shewing the Employment of the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878.

2	3	4	5	6						7			8
				Employment.						Ratio per cent on column 5 of those employed.			
				A	B	C	D	E	F				
Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Average number sentenced to labor.	Average number not sentenced to labor.	Average number of effectives.	Prison officers.	Prison servants.	Building and repairing Jail.	On Jail garden.	On manufactures.	Extramural.	As prison officers.	As prison servants.	On manufactures.	Serial Number.
ysore Province.	4,784·044	100·804	4,170	91	760	233	479	40	2,027	2·17	16·8	15·34	

14. *Shewing the Expenditure on the construction of new Jails, and on additions, alterations and repairs, with the gross and net cost of the Prisoners in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878.

2	3		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	On Jail buildings.										
	A	B									
Jails and Lock-ups of the—	By Jail Department.	By Public Works Department.	On maintaining and guarding the prisoners.	Total expenditure, columns 3 and 4.	Expenditure on manufactures (column 4 D) of Statement 13.	Gross expenditure, columns 5 and 6.	Cash receipts from manufactures (column 3 A) of Statement 13.	Net cost or column 7 minus column 8.	Total expenditure (column 5) per head of average strength.	Net cost per head of average strength.	Serial Number.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Mysore Province...	3,014	4,816	4,39,935	4,47,765	34,492	4,82,257	38,815	4,43,442	92	91	

II. C.—PRISONS. (VITAL.)

15. *Shewing the Sickness and Mortality among the Convicts in the Jails of the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878.

Serial Number.	Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Capacity of the Jail Barracks at 36 superficial feet per head.			Average daily strength.			Maximum population on any one day.			Number admitted into Hospital.			Daily average number of sick.			Number of deaths in and out of Hospital.			Ratio per cent of average strength. A — Of admissions into Hospital.			B — Of daily average number of sick.			C — Of deaths from cholera.			D — Of deaths from all other causes both in and out of Hospital.			E — Of deaths from all causes both in and out of Hospital.			Serial Number.
		M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	
1	Province of Mysore.	4,49,165	313·87	3,808·52	5,106·764	223·713	5,330·477	7,150	248	7,398	8,082	228	8,310	523·909	10·692	534·601	1,401	421	1,443	158·2	101·8	155·9	10·2	49	10·04	·18	...	·17	27·2	18·7	26·9	27·4	18·7	27·07	1

II. C.—PRISONS. (CIVIL.)

20. *Shewing Particulars regarding Civil Prisoners in the Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1878.

Serial Number.	Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Number remained at close of previous year.		Number received during the year.		Total Population.		Average daily number.		Released during the year.		Escaped.		Transferred.		Died.		Remaining on 31st December 1878.		Capacity of Barracks at 36 superficial feet per head.		Average number of Prisoners above capacity.		Average number of Prisoners below capacity.		15 Hospital. A — Admissions.		B — Daily average sick.		C — Deaths.		D — Ratio of deaths per cent of average strength.		16 Cost. A — Total Charges.			B — Average Cost per Prisoner.			Serial Number.
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	R.	A.	P.	R.	A	P.	
1	Province of Mysore.	13	...	231		9	244	9	18·156	·350	220	9	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	84·50	8·25	...	...	65·994	8·25	2	...	·043	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1

II. C.—PRISONS. (UNDER-TRIAL.)

21. *Shewing Particulars regarding Prisoners under trial in the Jails of the Mysore Province during the year* 1878.

Serial Number.	Jails and Lock-ups of the—	Number remained at close of previous year.		Number received during the year.		4(a) Received by transfer.		Total Population.			Average daily number.			Released.			Convicted and sentenced.			Transferred.		Escaped.		Deaths.		Remaining on 1st January 1879.			13 Cost. A — Rations.	B — Guard and Establishment.	C — Other charges.	D — Total.	E — Annual cost per head of average strength.	14 Hospital. A — Admissions.	B — Daily average sick.	C — Deaths.	D — Ratio of deaths per cent of average strength.	Serial Number.
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total	M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	R.	R.	R.	R.	A	P.					
1	Province of Mysore.	897	33	10,954	933	...	...	11,851	969	12,820	405·520	21·603	427·123	5,708	358	6,066	5,967	592	6,559	...	...	3	...	62	3	111	16	127	...	...	...	...	...	...	65	12·764	65	15·2	1

1. *General Statement of Crime shewing the Result of Police Operations in the Detection and Prosecutio*

PART I.

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Cases.											
			Reported to have been committed during the year and received by transfer from other Districts.	Reported in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year, *vide* columns 8 C and 8 F of previous year.	Total.	Investigated.			Number of cases refused to be investigated by Police under Section 117, C. P. C.	Number of cases transferred to other Districts.	Number of cases referred by Police after investigation under Section 125, C. P. C, and struck off by Magistrate as false.	Number of cases struck off by Magistracy, &c., as false, though reported by Police as true.	Number of cases pending under Police investigation.
						By Police *suo motu*.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.					
1	2	3	4	5	5a	6	7	8	8a	8b	8c	8d	8e
		Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, safety and justice.											
1a	Substantive abetments under Sections 115, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	131 to 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467, and 471...	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Govt. notes ...	75	10	85	74	...	...	...	...	18	4	20
3	212, 216	Harbouring an offender	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	224 to 226... ...	Other offences against public justice	77	18	95	85	...	...	...	1	10	4	27
5	143 to 153, 157, 158...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	24	9	33	29	...	...	...	...	6	2	9
6	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier	7	...	7	7	...	...	...	...	1	1	1
		Total.....	184	37	221	196	...	...	...	1	35	11	57
		Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.											
8	302, 303, 396 ..	Murder by thugs	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		Do by dacoits	5	5	10	8	...	...	...	...	1	...	5
10		Do by robbers	4	2	6	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
11		Do by poison	7	1	8	7	...	...	...	...	...	1	4
12		Other murders...	93	48	141	116	...	...	...	1	24	5	47
13	307	Attempts at murder	16	3	19	17	...	...	...	...	4	1	4
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	58	27	85	70	...	...	...	...	21	3	21
15	376	Rape	9	4	13	9	...	...	...	...	7	2	2
16	377	Unnatural offences	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ...	23	7	30	24	...	...	...	...	6	...	10
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	32	11	43	34	...	...	...	..	22	3	5
19	329, 331, 333 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt...	79	36	115	96	...	...	...	...	39	6	23
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt ...	39	13	52	44	...	...	...	1	10	...	21
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession...	10	1	11	11	...	...	...	...	2	1	2
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon...	457	95	552	457	5	2	20	3	142	16	109
24	363 to 369... ...	Kidnapping or abduction	19	5	24	20	1	...	...	...	12	1	1
25	346 to 348... ...	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	13	2	15	15	...	...	...	...	5	2	3
26	372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ...	92	25	117	103	..	...	...	...	54	6	25
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
		Total.....	958	285	1,243	1,038	6	2	20	5	349	47	285

ICE.

Crime and Recovery of Property stolen in the Province of Mysore during the year 1878.

NIZABLE CRIME.

		PERSONS.																PROPERTY.				
Number of cases fully investigated by Police and accepted as true by Magistracy.	Number of cases in columns 8 *g*, in which conviction was obtained.	Number arrested.					Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Police under Section 125, C.P.C. and not sent to Magistrate for enquiry.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good behaviour.)	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number of Persons pending trial at the end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Remarks.
		Pending at the end of 1877.	Within the year.								By Magistrate.	By Session or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.					
			Received by transfer.	By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 & 8.)	Total.									In Police custody.	On bail.							
8*g*	9	10	10*a*	11	12	12*a*	13	13*a*	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
51	29	6	...	61	...	67	...	6	12	46	9	...	37	...	...	...	3	..	...	...	...	...	
1	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
64	46	11	...	58	1	70	8	...	11	48	...	...	48	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	
14	9	12	...	124	...	136	...	..	25	100	21	...	55	24	...	11	...	...	1	1	200	200	
4	3	...	...	8	..	8	...	...	...	6	...	...	6	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
134	88	29	...	252	1	282	8	6	43	201	30	...	147	24	1	11	7	...	1	1	200	200	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	3	33	...	26	..	59	...	...	18	40	8	12	20	...	...	...	...	1	3	1	240	7	
3	3	2	...	2	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	..	2	1	33	6	
6	3	1	...	14	...	15	1	...	6	8	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	5	...	
90	46	37	...	156	1	194	4	9	30	121	...	27	93	1	2	...	19	9	6	5	424	49	
23	9	2	...	19	...	21	...	1	8	12	...	3	8	1	...	...	...	...	2	2	22	22	
43	31	11	...	74	...	85	...	4	17	57	2	4	51	...	...	...	..	7	...	...	...	...	
2	...	5	...	8	...	13	...	...	6	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
14	11	3	...	12	...	15	1	...	1	12	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	
18	13	1	...	26	...	27	1	1	12	13	...	...	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
46	36	20	2	61	6	89	1	3	15	64	6	5	53	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	
33	17	10	...	29	...	39	2	...	3	31	3	1	27	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	4	...	
7	5	...	...	21	...	21	...	...	9	11	...	...	11	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
252	190	34	...	449	4	487	1	6	106	349	22	2	325	...	...	..	25	..	2	...	154	...	
7	6	3	...	16	...	19	...	3	6	16	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	..	2	2	49	3	
4	2	1	...	11	...	12	...	...	4	6	2	...	4	..	...	...	2	...	2	...	57	22	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
39	25	11	...	82	...	93	...	3	39	47	5	...	42	...	...	...	4	...	2	...	17	...	
1	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
594	401	174	2	1,007	11	1,194	11	30	280	788	49	59	678	2	2	...	64	19	23	12	1,045	109	

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Cases. Reported to have been committed during the year and received by transfer from other Districts.	Reported in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year, *vide* columns 8 C and 8 F of previous year.	Total.	Investigated. By Police *suo motu*.	Investigated. By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion in which no previous information was given to the Police.	Investigated. By order of Magistrate after the Police has refused to enquire.	Number of cases refused to be investigated by Police under Section 117, C. P. C.	Number of cases transferred to other Districts.	Number of cases referred by Police after investigation under Section 125, C. P. C. and struck off by Magistrate as false.	Number of cases struck off by Magistracy, &c., as false, though reported by Police as true.	Number of cases pending under Police investigation.
1	2	3	4	5	5a	6	7	8	8a	8b	8c	8d	8e
		Class III.—Serious Offences against person & property or against property only.											
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	229	199	428	307	1	...	...	2	61	1	20
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity. ...	2	1	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery By poisonous or stupefying drugs ...	43	...	43	43	...	...	...	...	6	1	2
		Robbery with hurt { By other means	5	3	8	7	...	...	...	...	2	...	
		Robbery with hurt { in dwelling house	20	6	26	24	...	...	...	1	10	...	1
33	392, 393	Robbery { on the highway, between sunset & sunrise.	43	13	56	51	...	...	...	1	11	1	2
		Robbery { other robberies...	156	95	251	187	2	...	...	...	68	8	6
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	36	20	56	43	1	...	...	...	16	1	1
35	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	1,880	546	2,426	2,081	4	...	5	3	530	70	76
36	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	9	7	16	11	...	...	...	...	4	...	
37	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually...	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total.....	2,425	890	3,315	2,758	8	...	5	7	708	82	1,12
		ClasIV.—Minor Offences against the person.											
38	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	38	1	39	39	...	...	...	..	13	1	1
39	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	77	10	87	79	2	...	...	1	28	3	21
40	336, 337	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life ...	3	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	2	...	1
41	374	Compulsory labor	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	118	11	129	121	2	...	...	1	43	4	23
		Class V.—Minor Offences against property.											
		Mischief, section 428, 429	143	18	161	139	1	1	1	...	25	13	19
42	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ...	59	59	118	75	...	...	...	..	28	...	60
43	379 to 382	Theft ... { Of cattle	1,392	166	1,558	1,459	3	..	9	5	356	28	233
		Theft ... { Ordinary	5,016	668	5,684	5,169	8	1	80	4	989	120	100
44	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	142	23	165	152	7	...	...	...	53	8	36
45	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	95	20	115	99	1	...	...	...	14	2	30
46	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	79	12	91	82	1	...	...	2	23	1	11
47	461, 462	Breaking close receptacle	81	55	136	110	...	...	...	1	42	2	33
		Total.....	7,007	1,021	8,028	7,285	21	2	90	12	1,530	174	1,45
		Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.											
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers & thieves.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
49	Chapter XIX, C. P. C. ...	Vagrancy and bad character	12	1	13	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	
50	295 to 297	Offences against religion	4	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	4	...	
51		Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act ...	7	...	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	
52		Cognizable offences under „ Excise Laws ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
53	Cognizable offences under the Acts in force in the	Cognizable offences under „ Railway Laws ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
54	Cognizable offences under the Acts in force in the	Cognizable offences under „ Salt and Custom Laws ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
55	Cognizable offences under the Acts in force in the Province	Cognizable offences under „ Stage Carriage Act ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
56		Cognizable offences under „ Stamp Act ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
		Security for good behaviour	2	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, & any other Muni. or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	916	11	927	924	...	...	1	...	20	15	9
58	... ...	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police ...	60	1	61	60	...	...	...	...	8	1	
		Total.....	1,001	13	1,014	1,010	...	...	1	...	32	16	1
		Grand Total.....	11,693	2,257	13,950	12,408	37	4	116	26	2,697	334	*2,95

1 (*Continued.*)

			Persons.																Property.			
Number of cases under trial before Magistrate and Superior Courts.	Number of cases fully investigated by Police and accepted as true by Magistracy.	Number of cases in columns 8 *g*, in which conviction was obtained.	Number arrested.					Died, escaped, or transferred before trial.	Released by Police under Section 126, C. P. C. and not sent to Magistrate for enquiry.	Released by Magistrate without trial.	Number actually put on trial.	Acquitted or discharged after trial.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good behaviour.)	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.* died, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number of persons pending trial at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.
			Pending at the end of 1877.	Within the year.								By Magistrate.	By Session or High Court.			Before being put on trial.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.				
				Received by transfer.	By Police.	By order of Magistrate (see columns 7 & 8.)	Total.									In Police custody.	On bail.						
8*f*	8*g*	9	10	10*a*	11	12	12*a*	13	13*a*	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
17	264	139	963	...	732	2	1,697	57	1	239	1,388	247	337	804	...	...	...	7	5	208	85	52,082	5,107
1	1	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	28	12	5	...	32	...	37	3	2	9	22	2	2	18	...	...	...	1	...	27	9	761	207
...	4	3	...	...	13	...	13	...	...	3	10	3	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	1
1	8	3	...	...	15	...	15	...	...	4	11	4	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	11	6	2,228	458
9	29	11	10	...	38	...	48	...	1	10	35	10	...	25	...	...	...	2	...	28	9	2,514	1,312
35	97	79	60	...	187	3	250	2	9	51	174	13	...	161	...	...	...	13	1	107	66	4,366	549
8	24	12	2	...	27	...	29	...	...	9	19	3	...	16	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	885	...
209	1,096	843	238	...	1,597	2	1,837	13	40	218	1,492	175	...	1,316	1	5	1	67	1	1,218	810	76,834	17,230
2	8	4	4	...	9	...	13	...	...	2	7	2	...	5	...	...	...	4	...	1	...	2	1
...	2	1	...	...	5	...	5	...	...	3	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
286	1,561	1,107	1282	...	2,658	7	3,947	75	53	551	3,160	459	339	2,361	1	5	1	94	8	1,603	985	1,39,673	24,865
2	22	22	...	...	37	...	37	...	...	...	36	1	...	35	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
10	34	24	2	...	81	7	90	3	...	34	42	5	...	35	2	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	56	46	2	...	119	7	128	3	...	35	78	6	...	70	2	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...
9	116	94	15	...	303	4	322	...	2	55	260	4	...	256	...	...	1	4	...	7	1	179	80
12	24	18	...	...	27	...	27	...	...	2	25	3	...	22	...	...	...	...	...	6	6	70	40
132	924	775	116	...	1,723	4	1,843	5	22	175	1,564	110	...	1,453	1	5	4	68	...	986	816	18,891	12,919
406	3,509	3,079	223	2	4,896	25	5,146	11	47	398	4,498	234	...	4,262	2	5	5	180	2	3,842	2,468	60,798	20,217
13	68	57	3	...	104	...	107	...	5	23	77	9	...	68	...	...	...	2	...	63	4	3,265	542
6	84	6	1	...	127	...	128	...	2	29	94	12	...	82	...	...	...	2	...	46	43	894	473
4	56	50	3	...	94	...	97	...	1	10	86	14	...	72	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	15	...
34	32	19	27	...	124	...	151	2	1	45	77	4	...	73	...	...	...	26	...	29	14	5,443	3,028
616	4,813	4,155	388	2	7,398	33	7,821	18	80	737	6,681	390	...	6,288	3	10	10	283	2	4,981	3,350	89,555	37,229
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	13	12	1	...	64	...	65	...	...	7	58	...	...	58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	7	7	...	...	21	...	21	...	...	...	21	...	...	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	2	2	...	...	27	...	27	...	...	1	26	...		26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	868	864	9	...	1,647	1	1,657	1	...	12	1,624	29	...	1,595	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	...
1	50	47	1	...	244	...	245	...	...	10	235	7	...	228	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	940	932	11	...	2,003	1	2,015	1	...	30	1,964	36	...	1,928	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	...
1,098	8,010	6,729	1886	4	13,473	60	15,387	116	168	1,681	12,873	970	398	11,473	32	18	22	480	29	6,609	4,348	2,30,473	62,478

II. D.—POLICE
PART II.—NON-

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Number of cases in which the Police were employed.	Number of cases pending at the close of last year, columns 7 and 11.		Number of cases in which convictions were obtained.
				Cases.	Persons.	
1	2	3	4	4a		5
		Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, &c., &c.				
1a	Substantive abetments under Sections 165, 117 to 119, Indian Penal Code...		...	...	...	...
1	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	...	...	...	...
2	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of Ship ...	...	...	...	...
3	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 288 ...	Offences against public justice	20	4	3	10
4	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ...	Do by public servants	28	4	...	17
5	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 229, 421 to 424 ...	False evidence, false complaints and claims ...	7	3	5	4
6	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents...	2	...	...	1
7	264 to 267	Offences relating to weighing and measuring ...	28	4	2	16
8	482 to 489	Making or using false trade marks	1	...	...	...
9	149, 154 to 156, 160 ...	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray... ...	7	...	...	6
		Total.....	93	15	10	54
		Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.				
10	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	3	2	...	...
11	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	3	2	...	...
		Class III.—Serious Offences against property.				
12	384 to 389	Extortion	13	1	...	6
		Total.....	13	1	...	6
		Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.				
13	323	Hurt	111	13	5	44
14	345	Wrongful confinement	3	...	...	1
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	23	4	1	13
		Total.....	137	17	6	58
		Class V.—Minor Offences against property.				
16	417 to 420	Cheating	15	5	...	9
17	403, 404	Criminal misappropriation of property ...	55	1	...	41
18	409	Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	4	...	...	1
19	426 to 429, 434	Mischief (simple)	95	22	17	39
		Total.....	169	28	17	90
		Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.				
20	493 to 498	Offences relating to marriage	1	2	1	1
21	298	Offences against religion	...	...	...	...
22	490 to 492	Criminal breach of contract of service ...	...	...	...	...
23	500 to 502	Defamation	...	2	...	...
24	504, 506 to 510	Intimidation and insult...	7	2	2	7
25	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	Public and local nuisances	2	...	...	...
26	... ...	Offences under Chapters XVIII, XX, XXI, and XXII, C. P. C.	...	...	...	...
27	... ...	Special laws not cognizable by Police ...	17	2	2	16
		Total.....	27	8	5	24
		Grand Total.....	442	71	38	232

1 (*Concluded.*)

COGNIZABLE CRIME.

Number of cases struck off as false.	Number of cases pending at the end of the year.	Number of persons arrested or summoned.	Number of persons acquitted.	Number of persons convicted, including persons ordered to find security.	Number of persons pending or under trial at the end of year.	Amount of property lost.	Amount of property recovered.	Remarks.
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	7	28	9	16	6	25	25	
8	7	32	11	21	...	...	...	
5	1	11	10	5	1	...	...	
...	1	2	...	1	1	...	...	
12	4	20	3	18	1	...	...	
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	1	29	2	27	...	...	...	
33	21	122	35	88	9	25	25	
3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	2	...	...	...	...	...	..	
5	3	20	8	12	...	...	...	
5	3	20	8	12	...	...	...	
60	20	115	14	95	11	...	...	
...	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	
6	8	26	9	18	...	...	...	
66	30	142	23	114	11	...	...	
4	7	17	3	13	1	301	287	
3	12	76	17	55	4	418	248	
1	2	3	2	1	...	13	6	
47	31	141	41	97	20	695	348	
55	52	237	63	166	25	1,427	889	
1	1	2	1	2	...	...	...	
...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	7	1	8	...	...	...	
1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	...	45	27	20	...	...	...	
8	3	55	30	30	...	...	...	
170	111	576	159	410	45	1,452	914	

2. *Comparative Statement of Cognizable Crime with Result of Police Operations in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878.

Serial Number.	Law.	Description of Crime.	Total number of cases investigated during the year, columns 6, 7 and 8 of Statement A.		Total number of cases fully investigated during the year and accepted as true, Column 8 g of II. D.—(A.)		Percentage of cases in which conviction was obtained to true cases investigated.		Number and Percentage of Persons arrested and brought to trial.										Amount of property stolen.		Amount and Percentage of Property recovered.			
									Number of persons arrested.		Number of persons received by transfer.		Total.		Number of persons brought to trial.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested.		Percentage of persons convicted to persons brought to trial.				Amount.		Percentage of property recovered to property stolen.	
			1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878	1877	1878
1	2	3	4	5	5 *a*		6	7	8	9	9 *a*		9 *b*		10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
		Class I.—Offences against State, public tranquillity, safety and justice.																								
1 *a*	Substantive abetments under Sections 115, 117 to 119, I. P. C.	... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	231 to 259, 260 to 263, 467 & 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government Notes	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	212, 216 ...	Harbouring an offender	99	74	64	51	64·06	56·86	88	67	...	...	88	67	63	46	55	55·22	96·1	89·12	2	...	2	...	100	...
4	224 to 226 ...	Other offences against public justice...	12	1	10	1	80	100	15	1	...	...	15	1	10	1	53·53	100	80	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	143 to 153, 157, 158...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	73	85	58	64	86·2	71·87	84	70	...	...	84	70	63	48	72·6	68·56	96·8	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier...	27	29	9	14	89	64·28	97	136	...	...	97	136	75	100	66.	40·44	85·3	55	...	200	...	200	...	100
		Total.....	7	7	7	4	86	75	9	8	...	...	9	8	8	6	77·77	75	87·5	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
			218	196	148	134	76·3	65·6	293	282	...	...	293	282	219	201	64·1	52·12	85·8	73·13	2	200	2	200	100	100
		Class II.—Serious Offences against the person.																								
8		Murder by thugs...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		„ dacoits	15	8	12	6	66·66	50	119	59	...	...	119	59	77	40	43·7	33·89	67·5	50	1,767	240	239	7	12·9	3
10	302, 303, 396 ...	„ robbers	7	5	5	3	40	100	9	4	...	...	9	4	5	4	55·5	100	100	100	5	33	3	6	60	18·18
11		„ poison	2	7	1	6	100	50	3	15	...	...	3	15	2	8	66·66	26·6	100	50	92	5	12	...	13·04	...
12		Other murders	145	116	89	90	60·6	51·11	325	194	...	...	325	194	246	121	54·7	47·94	72·3	76·85	2,818	424	242	49	8·5	11·35
13	307	Attempts at murder	25	17	10	23	100	43·9	25	21	...	...	25	21	20	12	80	38·09	100	66·66	...	22	...	22	...	100
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	185	70	65	43	52·5	71·88	185	85	...	...	185	85	114	57	36·07	60	57·9	89·87	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	376	Rape	10	9	6	2	33·33	...	9	13	...	...	9	13	4	2	33·33	...	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	1	...	1	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	317, 318 ...	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	31	24	12	14	41·7	78·5	13	15	...	...	13	15	7	12	38·5	80	71·4	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	52	34	35	18	69	72·22	39	27	...	...	39	27	27	13	53·8	48·33	77·77	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	329, 331, 333 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession	2	...	2	...	50	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	50	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	325, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt	141	96	67	46	72	78·29	169	87	...	2	169	87	104	64	51·2	59·56	81·5	82·81	...	...	...	...	...	...
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt... ...	53	44	22	33	50	51·51	59	39	...	...	59	39	31	31	37·3	68·97	70·9	87·09	130	4	125	...	97	...
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession ...	10	11	3	7	100	71·42	9	21	...	...	9	21	6	11	66·66	82·38	100	100	...	154	...	...	...	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	166	466	78	252	70·5	74·3	166	487	...	...	166	487	117	349	60·	66·73	84·6	90·25	1	49	1	3	100	6·12
24	363 to 369 ...	Kidnapping or abduction	28	21	7	7	85·7	85·71	24	19	...	...	24	19	13	10	50·	52·63	92·3	100	128	57	18	22	19·06	38·59
25	346 to 348 ...	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purposes of extortion	11	15	3	4	100	50	17	12	...	...	17	12	10	6	43·7	33·33	70	66·66	...	...	...	...	...	...
26	372, 373 ...	Selling, letting, or unlawfully obtaining a woman for prostitution	1	...	1	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	100	...	100	...	1	...	1	...	100	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	140	103	72	39	76·3	64·1	109	93	...	...	169	93	137	47	63·04	45·16	83·9	89·14	616	17	174	...	28·24	10·43
29	338	Rash act causing grievous hurt	1	2	...	1	...	100	1	1	...	...	1	1	...	1	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total.....	956	1,046	491	594	66	67·5	1,315	1,192	..	2	1,345	1,194	924	788	52·04	56·78	75·7	86·04	5,558	1,045	815	109	14·6	9·47

		Class III.—Serious Offences against person and property or against property only.																											
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	585	308	371	264	59·5	52·65	3,690	1,697	1	...	3,691	1,698	2,306	1,388	46·04	41·54	74·02	57·99	95,388	5,282	8,892	5,107	9·32	96·57			
31	399, 402 ...	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	4	2	2	1	100	...	22	3	...	...	22	3	8	...	36·36	...	100	...	...	7	...	...	...	...			27·2
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt { By poisonous or stupefying drugs	...	43	...	28	...	42·85	...	37	...	...	...	37	...	22	...	45·94	...	81·81	...	781	...	207	...	27·2			
		By other means	15	7	9	4	77·77	75	30	13	...	...	30	13	26	10	83·3	55·84	96·2	70	124	1	43	1	34·6	100			
		In dwelling house	17	24	10	8	60	37·5	16	15	...	...	16	15	16	...	100	46·66	100	63·63	2,437	2,228	180	458	7·39	26·55			
33	392, 393 ...	Robbery. { On the highway, between sunset and sunrise	49	51	37	29	59·5	37·93	101	48	...	...	101	48	70	35	48·5	52·29	70	71·41	11,967	2,514	1,452	1,312	12·13	52·18			
		Other robberies	374	189	206	97	68	81·44	538	250	...	...	538	250	369	174	58·8	64·4	85·3	95·52	7,872	4,366	2,253	549	28·6	12·57			
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440 ...	Serious mischief and cognate offences	193	44	50	24	62	50	115	29	...	...	115	29	91	19	59·5	51·17	73·6	84·21	363	885	1	...	3	...			
35	454, 455, 457 to 460...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt.	3,305	2,085	2,148	1,096	83·9	77	4,453	1,837	...	...	4,453	1,837	3,773	1,492	74·04	71·63	87·4	88·20	89,648	76,834	39,322	1,723	44·4	22·42			
36	449 to 452 ...	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	29	11	21	8	80·95	50	28	13	...	...	28	13	23	7	75	38·4	91·3	71·4	62	2	...	1	51·63	50			
37	412, 413 ...	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	3	2	2	2	100	50	3	5	...	...	3	5	3	2	100	40	100	100	...	...	..	...	...	...			
		Total.....	4,483	2,766	2,856	1,561	79·7	70·9	8,996	3,947	1	...	8,997	3,948	6,685	3,160	61·03	60·1	82·4	74·7	2,07,861	1,39,673	52,675	24,865	25·3	17·8			
		Class IV.—Minor Offences against the person.																											
		Voluntarily causing hurt	81	39	55	...	71·4	...	57	37	65	...	122	37	97	...	60·7	...	76·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
38	334 ...	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	76	81	37	22	81·08	100	63	90	...	...	63	90	53	36	68·3	94·6	81·1	97·7	...	...	...	...	...	...			
39	341 to 344 ...	Wrongful restraint and confinement	74	...	28	34	55·6	67·64	63	1	...	...	63	1	37	42	30·1	38·89	51·3	83·33	...	...	...	...	...	...			
40	336, 337 ...	Rash act, causing hurt or endangering life	5	3	4	...	50	...	5	1	...	...	5	1	5	...	80	...	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
41	374 ...	Compulsory labor	30	...	22	...	22·7	...	17	...	...	...	17	...	23	...	70·6	...	52·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Total.....	278	123	147	56	62·5	82·14	205	128	65	...	270	128	215	78	56·3	54·61	70·67	89·74	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Class V.—Minor Offences against property.																											
		Mischief by killing animals	168	141	123	116	89·42	81·03	334	322	...	...	334	322	292	260	80·8	79·5	92·4	97·7	1,341	179	380	80	28·2	44·69			
		Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	160	75	89	24	73·03	75	104	27	...	...	104	27	84	25	75·9	81·48	94·04	88	33	70	19	40	57·5	57·14			
42	453, 456 ...	Theft { Of cattle	2,091	1,462	1,734	924	94·2	83·87	3,773	1,843	...	..	3,773	1,843	3,463	1,564	86·4	78·84	94·17	91·62	20,078	18,891	13,274	12,919	65·61	68·07			
43	379 to 382 ...	Ordinary	7,979	5,178	6,353	3,509	90·9	85·72	11,833	5,144	...	2	11,883	5,144	10,919	4,498	83·4	82·8	90·7	94·78	73,765	60,798	28,986	20,217	39	33·25			
44	406 to 408 ...	Criminal breach of trust	154	159	89	68	80	85·29	128	107	...	...	128	107	104	77	67·01	65·56	83·27	88·31	3,296	3,265	1,311	5,262	39	16·6			
45	411, 414 ...	Receiving stolen property	17	100	87	84	70·6	751	170	128	...	...	170	128	132	94	55·8	64·96	72	87·23	2,219	894	721	473	32·49	52·9			
46	447, 448 ...	Criminal or house-trespass	134	83	104	56	83·4	92·59	184	97	...	...	184	97	167	86	84·8	7·.23	93·4	8·72	212	15	62	...	29·24	...			
47	461, 462 ...	Breaking close receptacle	245	110	105	32	67·6	59·37	439	151	...	...	439	151	264	77	55·3	41·72	92·04	94·8	8,670	5,443	3,988	3,028	46	55·62			
		Total.....	10,948	7,308	8,684	4,813	90·8	86·33	17,015	7,821	...	2	17,015	7,823	15,425	6,681	82·9	83·78	91·4	94·12	1,09,614	89,555	48,741	37,299	44·4	41·65			
		Class VI.—Other Offences not specified above.																											
		Attempts to commit offences	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
48	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves.	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
49	Chapter XIX, C. P. C....	Vagrancy and bad character	35	13	32	13	75	92·3	101	65	...	...	101	65	84	58	67·3	88·88	80·96	100	2	...	2	...	100	...			
50	295 to 297 ...	Offences against religion	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
51		Cognizable offences under the Gambling Act	9	7	9	7	100	100	33	21	...	...	33	21	38	21	115	100	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...			
52	Cognizable offences under the Acts in force in the Province	" Excise Laws	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
53		" Act XIII of 1859	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
54		" Section 505 C. P. C.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
55		" Stage Carriage Act, Abkari Act	1	...	1	...	100	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	100	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
56		" Stamp Act, Arms Act	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	96·3	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		" Security for good behaviour	...	2	...	2	...	100	...	27	...	...	...	27	...	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285 to 287, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other Municipal or local laws	Public and local nuisances	908	924	891	868	95·2	99·4	1,842	1,657	..	...	1,842	1,657	1,831	1,624	95·7	96·26	96·3	98·28	1	...	1	...	100	...			
58	... ...	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	13	60	13	50	76·92	94	17	245	...	...	17	245	16	235	76·5	93·03	81·25	97·02	...	...	...	...	...	...			
		Total.....	971	1,010	946	940	93·43	99·14	1,994	2,015	...	...	1,994	2,015	1,970	1,964	94·5	95·68	95·6	98·1	3	...	3	...	100	...			
		Grand Total.....	17,855	12,449	13,272	8,010	87·2	71·53	29,848	15,383	66	4	29,914	15,383	25,438	12,873	75·3	74·56	88·5	81·36	3,23,038	2,40,973	1,02,236	62,473	31·6	27·11			

II. D. POLICE.

3. *Thuggee and Dacoity, Administration of Poisonous or Stupefying Drugs for Criminal Purposes, and other Professional Crimes in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1878.

Description of Crime.	Cases.				Persons.							Comparative Return.															Remarks.
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under columns 2 and 3 brought to trial within the year.	Cases under columns 2 and 3 in which no one was brought to trial up to close of year.	Number supposed to be concerned in cases in columns 2 and 3.	Arrested.	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.	No. of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			
												1876	1877	1878	1876	1877	1878	1876	1877	1878	1876	1877	1878	1876	1877	1878	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13			14			15			16			17			18
Thuggee { By strangulation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Thuggee { By poison ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Dacoity on land ...	...	45	98	85	48	1,246	428	340	167	197	7	228	559	1,400	428	288	1,022	340	233	785	167	27,342	43,993	22,044	3490	9864	2337	
Dacoity on water ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(*a*) with murder ...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
(*b*) without murder	...	6	4	3	7	10	9	7	5	2	...	1	...	13	9	...	13	7	...	9	5	...	30	375	...	10	120	
Other professional crimes, *viz.*—																											
Kidnapping ...	...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	3	6	...	2	3	...	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Cattle theft ...	...	61	240	228	73	587	487	436	409	27	6	76	175	1,450	487	143	1,224	436	136	1,129	409	1,073	8,382	4,660	853	5536	3853	

4. *Statement of Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property, or quartered as a Punitive Measure, in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1878.

District.	Part I. Additional Police collected for the Protection of Persons and Property.																Part II. Additional Police quartered as a Punitive Measure.						
	Names of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular Force.		Specially employed in addition to columns 5 to 8.		Total Cost under columns 9 and 10.		Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.		Number of cases.	Strength of additional Police.		Total Cost of additional Police, including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or place in which the additional Police was established.	Remarks.
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To local or private funds.	Investigated by the Police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.		Officers.	Men.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
Bangalore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kolar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	92	651	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Túmkúr	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	91	1,200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	79	844	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
Hassan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	734	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shimoga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	58	609	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kadur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	339	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chitaldroog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	57	668	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Town and Cantonment, Bangalore ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	174	87	127	127	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Town, Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	458	5,219	87	127	127	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

II. D.

5. *Statement shewing Strength, Cost, Distribution and Employment*

Districts.	Sanctioned Strength of Police Force.									Cost of									
	Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspector General.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Municipal Revenues.						Strength of Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police paid wholly from other than Imperial Revenues.		Pay and travelling allowances of Controlling Officers (Column 2) and pay and travelling allowances of their Establishments.	Total pay of District and Assistant District Commissioners (Column 3)	Other Expenses of Column 3.		Total pay of Subordinate Officers. (Cols. 4 and 5) (4.)	Total pay of Constables of all classes (6, 7 and 8)	Horse and travelling allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in Cols. 11, 13 and 14.	Average Pay of		Contingencies and all expenses other than those included in Cols 2 and 17.
		Number of District and Assistant District Commissioners.	Number of Subordinate Officers on Rs. 100 and upwards.	Number of Subordinate Officers on less than Rs. 100.	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Foot.	Water.	Officers.	Men.			Travelling allowances of District and Assistant District Commissioners.	Pay and travelling allowances of their Establishments.			Mounted Constable.	Foot and Water Constables.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Deputy Inspector General of Police	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,440	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	394
Bangalore ...	...	1	1	98	...	510	...	...	...	...	3,600	896	2,668	22,103	41,973	4,104	...	80	1,473
Kolar ...	...	1	1	78	...	410	...	3	15	...	2,200	767	2,026	15,233	31,141	3,852	...	80	2,238
Túmkúr ...	...	1	2	85	...	443	..	...	...	...	3,000	1,500	2,184	17,976	34,140	3,720	...	80	3,105
Mysore ...	...	1	1	113	...	565	...	5	50	...	3,600	775	3,411	23,508	36,092	4,844	...	80	5,534
Hassan ...	...	1	1	80	...	414	...	1	13	...	3,043	958	2,623	13,903	32,584	3,105	...	80	6,316
Shimoga ...	...	1	1	87	...	447	...	...	...	...	2,076	976	3,266	14,527	23,489	2,553	...	80	5,299
Kadúr ...	...	1	1	57	...	297	...	1	15	...	2,500	1,259	3,508	9,774	22,879	2,382	...	80	4,555
Chitaldroog ...	...	1	2	93	...	475	...	2	15	..	4,347	1,385	4,765	15,372	37,474	4,659	...	80	1,334
Town and Cantonment of Bangalore ...	...	1	4	62	...	230	...	20	139	...	7,200	...	1,569	24,216	33,696	1,640	...	90	9,395
Town of Mysore.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	177	...	...	...	...	5,857	15,178	300	...	80	2,237
Total...	1	9	14	753	...	3,791	...	62	424	3,440	31,566	8,516	26,020	1,62,469	3,08,646	31,139	...	81	41,880

6. *Return shewing Equipment, Discipline and general Internal*

Districts.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.											
			Number provided with fire arms.	Number provided with swords only, or swords and batons.	Number provided with batons only.	Dismissed.		Fined, degraded or suspended by their own departmental officers.		Punished judicially by a Magistrate.							
										Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 331, & 348, of the Indian Penal Code.		Under Chapter 9 of the Indian Penal Code.		Other offences.	
	Officers.	Men.				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
Bangalore ...	99	510	...	...	570	9	27	29	393	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	19
Kolar ...	82	425	50	...	472	1	18	13	84	...	4	...	...	...	2	1	11
Túmkúr ...	86	443	...	...	495	3	33	31	89	...	3	1	2	...	...	1	6
Mysore ...	121	614	...	...	683	7	80	15	124	...	12	...	...	...	1	2	7
Hassan ...	82	431	72	...	460	2	50	142	277	1	1	1	...	...	...	3	11
Shimoga ...	88	437	80	...	436	5	45	50	123	...	6	1	...	...	...	...	...
Kadur ...	59	312	84	...	341	2	21	26	81	...	3	...	...	...	9	...	...
Chitaldroog ...	97	490	100	100	508	6	29	31	102	2	1	...	...	...	...	3	19
Town and Cantonment, Bangalore ...	86	369	...	...	425	2	17	12	33	2	...	...	...	1	1	1	8
Town, Mysore ...	29	177	...	...	198	...	5	2	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total...	719	4,208	386	100	4,391	386	325	351	1,321	5	30	3	2	1	13	15	81

Detail of Columns 9

Districts.	Fined 5 Rs. and under.	
	Officers.	Men.
Bangalore	12	391
Kolar	5	70
Túmkúr	11	57
Mysore	6	110
Hassan	121	254
Shimoga	35	105
Kadur	20	64
Chitaldroog	22	52
Town and Cantonment, Bangalore ...	4	18
Town, Mysore	...	...
Total...	236	1,151

POLICE.

of Police in the Province of Mysore during the year 1878.

Police.			Distribution of Force.										Proportion of Police Officers and Men.					
			On District.										To Area (6.)			To Population.		
			Guards at District, Central, or subsidiary Jails.		Guards over Lock-ups and Treasuries or as Escort to Prisoners and Treasure.		On other Duties.											
Total Cost.	Payable from Municipal Revenues.	Payable from other sources.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	On Town, Municipal or Harbour Duty.	In Cantonments.	Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole District.	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns (5)	Of Towns.	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns. (5.)	Of Towns (5.)
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
3,834	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
76,817	...	...	...	...	...	23	93	474	...	...	2,914	6,85,841	1 to 4	...	...	1 to 1,160	...	...
57,437	55,862	1,575	...	...	...	30	67	348	18	...	2,577	6,18,954	1 to 5	...	...	1 to 1,336	...	...
65,625	65,625	...	...	...	6	48	66	377	14	...	3,606	6,32,239	1 to 7	...	...	1 to 1,237	...	...
77,733	72,805	4,959	...	...	6	26	75	499	36	...	4,127	9,15,728	1 to 6	...	...	1 to 1,426	...	...
62,532	61,485	1,047	...	...	...	20	61	371	11	...	7,011	6,23,272	1 to 15	...	...	1 to 1,346	...	...
52,186	48,102	2,992	...	...	8	32	63	355	35	..	3,805	5,13,106	1 to 7	...	...	1 to 1,040	...	...
46,857	45,692	1,265	...	...	6	18	44	256	16	...	2,294	3,58,145	1 to 6	...	...	1 to 1,053	...	...
69,336	67,855	1,481	...	...	4	55	62	383	16	...	4,471	5,31,360	1 to 8	...	...	1 to 1,021	...	...
77,716	39,040	38,676	...	...	...	...	...	...	146	281	14	1,42,513	...	...	31 to 1	...	...	1 to 333
23,572	...	23,572	...	...	...	...	...	...	203	...	3	57,815	...	...	72 to 1	..	...	1 to 284
6,13,675	4,56,466	75,567	...	...	30	252	531	3,063	495	281	30,822	50,78,973	...	..	...	...	...	...

Management of the Force in the Province of Mysore during the year 1878.

Reward.		Education.				Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	Number who have left the Force during the year.							Percentage of men in Hospital during the year to total strength of Force.	Percentage of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.
Number of Police rewarded during the year.		Number of Police who can read and write.		Number of Police under instruction during the year.					On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal (columns VII and VIII.)	By discharge otherwise than under preceding columns.	By desertion.	By death.		
By promotion.	By money rewards.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.												
19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
71	...	84	133	...	...	72	359	159	1	6	15	36	3	...	7	22·4	1·2
43	...	66	125	...	...	38	211	214	..	8	16	19	20	...	8	37·71	1·79
62	9	86	117	...	...	67	296	148	...	...	11	36	...	14	13	1·6	2·54
15	11	79	213	...	...	127	268	247	...	1	24	87	6	5	30	5	5·10
34	...	61	189	...	...	92	260	111	...	5	26	52	11	...	22	20	6·4
...	...	91	82	...	..	65	266	162	...	2	17	50	...	...	10	53	2·02
42	3	43	80	...	...	101	174	65	...	1	11	23	13	55	12	27·49	3·38
35	...	68	97	...	...	31	402	87	...	...	12	35	7	16	15	54	2·6
133	...	75	161	6	7	68	267	92	1	3	38	19	13	8	5	60·8	1·1
...	...	15	89	4	20	25	83	95	1	3	9	5	4	...	5	73·39	2·46
435	23	686	1,286	10	27	686	2,586	1,380	3	29	179	362	77	94	127	364·59	2·7

and 10.

Above 5 Rs.		Degraded.		Suspended.	
Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.
...	...	12	2	3	...
...	...	5	5	3	9
3	...	11	10	6	24
1	1	3	12	5	2
2	...	8	4	1	20
2	...	14	3	9	15
1	...	4	6	1	11
...	...	5	2	4	13
...	...	8	13	...	2
...	...	2	13	...	3
11	1	72	70	32	99

II. D.—POLICE.

7. *Statement shewing the Race and Religion or Caste of Officers and Men employed in the Police in the Province of Mysore for the year* 1878.

| District. | Race. | | | | | | | | | | | | | Religion or Caste. | | | | | | | | | | | | |

II. E.—MILITARY.

1. *Statement shewing the Strength, Caste and other particulars of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore in the year* 1878—79.

Arm of Service.	Total Number of Fighting Officers and Men.					Detail of Force at the end of the year.										Average Annual Pay and Allowances of each.					Total Cost including Contingencies.
	Remaining at the end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c.	Remaining at the end of year.	No. of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	No. of Guns.	No. of Men.					European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting Men.	Camp Followers.	
			In Action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting Men.	Paid Camp-followers and Non-Combatants.						
Cavalry ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sappers ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Artillery ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Infantry ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,209 4 1·76 324 13 11·20	1,534 2 0·96 419 15 0·21 126 15 0·90	546 14 1·11 312 3 7·87 90 0 0·33	402 3 8·20 69 1 10·32 61 14 10·76	131 0 9·8	5,33,111 6 5 3,09,651 8 9	8,42,762 15 2
Cavalry ...	1,172	73	...	22	22	...	75	1,148	3	...	36	102	1,010	18	...						
Sappers ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
Artillery ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...						
Infantry ...	2,418	42	...	73	73	...	442	1,945	4	...	69	246	1,587	138	...						
Total.....	3,590	115	...	95	95	...	517	3,093	7	...	105	348	2,597	156	...						

2. *Statement shewing Distribution and Employment of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore in the year* 1878—79.

Arm of Service.	Employment on last day of the year.							Employment during the year.						
	Number of Regiments, Batteries, &c., on active Service.	Number of permanent Cantonments occupied.	Number of Out-Posts occupied.	Average Number of men at Head-Quarters of each Regiment, Battery, &c., not on Actual Service.		Average Number of men of each Regiment, &c., detailed for Out-Post Duty.		Average Number of Days spent by each man on Active Service.	Average Number of Days spent by each man not on Actual Service.			Number of Divisional or Station Parades during the year.	No. of Regimental Parades during the year.	Average Number of Days devoted to Musketry Instruction, &c.
				On Duty.	Off Duty.	On Duty.	Off Duty.		On Duty.	With Corps or Company not on Duty.	On Furlough.			
Cavalry	...	8	30	142	33	98	102	...	176	181	8	...	36	...
Infantry	...	8	54	76	101	223	84	...	216	113	7	...	48	40

3. *Statement shewing religion, races, and classes of the Native Officers and Men of the Army attached to the Province of Mysore on the last day of the year.*

	Classification according to Religion, Race &c.	Average Age.	Average Height.	Average Weight.	General Physiognomy and Characteristics of each Race and Caste.
According to Religion.	Muhammadans	33·2	5′ 6″	...	
	Hindus	32·0	5′ 5″	...	
	Seikhs	37·0	5′ 8″	...	
	Christians	24·35	5′ 4″	...	
	Parsis	...	...	...	
	Other Castes	...	...	..	
According to Countries and Races.	Hindustanis	28·0	5′ 6″	...	
	Punjabis	37·0	5′ 8″	...	
	Afghans	...	...	...	
	Beloochis	...	...	...	
	From W. Himalayas	...	...	...	
	From E. do	...	...	...	
	From Maharatta countries	34·5	5′ 6″	...	
	Bengalis	...	...	...	
	Telingas	31·60	5′ 3¾″	...	
	Kanarese	27·15	5′ 4″	...	
	Tamils	22·55	5′ 5″	...	
	Malabars	...	...	..	
Hindus According to Caste.	Brahmans	32·28	5′ 5″	...	
	Rajputs	28·0	5′ 6″	...	
	Mahrattas	34·5	5′ 6″	...	
	Rajay	...	...	...	
	Kunbis	22·40	5′ 5″	...	
	Telingas or Naidus	31·60	5′ 3¾″	...	
	Alemans	23·20	5′ 2″	...	
	General Average.....	31·59	...	...	

II. F. MARINE.

1. *Statement shewing the Strength and other particulars of the Marine Force attached to the Province of in the year*

Arm of Service.	Total Number of fighting Officers and Men.								Detail of Force at the end of the year.								Average annual pay and allowance of each.						Total cost including contingencies.
	Remaining at end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c.	Remaining at end of last year.	Number of Ships.	No. of Guns.	No. of Men.						European Commissioned Officer.	Native Commissioned Officer.	Non-Commissioned Officer.	Fighting man.	Paid non-combatant.		
			In Action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.	Paid non-combatants.								
			—	—	—		—		Nil.														

2. *Statement shewing the Religion, Races and Classes of the Native Officers and Men of the Marine Force attached to the Province of on the last day of the year.*

Classification according to Religion, Races, &c.	Average Age.	Average Height.	Average Weight.	General physiognomy and characteristics of each Caste and Race.
		Nil.		

III. STATISTICS OF PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

A. FINANCE.

1. *Account of the Gross and Net Revenues of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1878—79.

Sources of Income.	Gross Receipts.			Refunds and Drawbacks.			Charges against Income. Charges of Collection including Cost of Salt and Opium and Cost of maintaining Reproductive Works.			Allowances and Assignments payable under Treaties and other Engagements.			Allowances to District and Village Officers and Inamdars and Charitable Grants.			Total.			Net Receipts.			Deficit.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Land Revenue ...	90,83,508	12	4	7,805	14	0	7,65,160	12	4½	25,61,280	8	4	99,520	15	10	34,25,962	4	6½	56,49,740	9	9½	...	...	...
Forests	4,52,575	6	11	468	3	0	1,97,552	0	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,97,552	0	7	2,54,555	3	4	...	...	...
Excise on spirit and drugs ...	7,78,262	8	9	...	...	...	44,612	7	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	44,612	7	2	7,33,650	1	7	...	...	...
Tributes and contributions from Native States ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
Total.....	1,03,14,346	12	0	8,274	1	0	10,07,325	4	1½	25,61,280	8	4	99,520	15	10	36,68,126	12	3½	66,37,945	14	8½	...	...	...
Assessed Taxes ...	3,36,661	10	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,36,661	10	3	...	...	...
Sayer Customs ...	4,62,176	1	1	17	13	4	31,826	12	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	31,826	12	9	4,30,331	7	0	...	...	...
Salt { Duty on imported / Excise duty / Government sales }	7,951	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	7,951	3	3	...	...	...
Opium { Export and import duty ... / Government Sales..	850	10	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	850	10	4	...	...	...
	755	15	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	755	15	1	...	...	...
Stamp	5,29,504	14	3	3,909	3	6	16,149	3	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	16,149	3	8	5,09,446	7	1	...	...	...
Post Office	50,415	13	2	...	...	...	1,65,899	6	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,65,899	6	11	...	...	...	1,15,483	9	9
Electric Telegraph ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mint ...	6,292	9	7½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,292	9	7½	...	...	...
Law and Justice. { Refunds / Real Fines, &c...	5,157	6	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,157	6	1	...	...	...
	1,23,060	5	9	12,579	15	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,10,480	6	5	...	...	...
Police { Refunds ... / Real ...	6,437	6	4	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,437	6	4	...	...	...
	534	3	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	534	3	6	...	...	...
Education	22,840	9	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22,840	9	10	...	...	...
Interest	12,866	0	2½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,866	0	2½	...	...	...
Public Works { Refunds / Sales / Real }	11,727	1	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,727	1	6	...	...	...
Marine { Refunds ... / Real ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Military Refunds, &c. ...	404	12	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	404	12	6	...	...	...
Miscellaneous ...	1,24,415	1	¾	4,153	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,20,261	13	10¾	...	...	...
Famine Relief	82,723	6	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	82,723	6	11	...	...	...
Total.....	17,84,775	2	8¾	20,660	3	4	2,13,875	7	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,13,875	7	4	16,65,723	1	9¾	1,15,483	9	9
Total Revenue.....	1,20,99,121	14	8¾	28,934	4	4	12,21,200	11	5½	25,61,280	8	4	99,520	15	10	38,82,002	3	7½	83,03,669	0	6¼	...	...	...
Local Funds.																								
Municipal Fund ...	1,72,045	4	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,72,045	4	8	...	...	...
District Fund	4,57,061	3	½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,57,061	3	½	...	...	..
One Anna Cess for Local purposes	2,71,551	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,71,551	2	4	...	...	.
District Irrigation Fund ...	77,782	4	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	77,782	4	0	...	...	...
Half Anna cess for Local purposes	2,05,654	15	0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,05,654	15	0	...	...	...
Local Fund General ...	40,580	14	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40,580	14	6	...	...	...
Miscellaneous Funds ...	2,80,459	15	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,80,459	15	10	...	...	...
Total.....	15,05,135	11	4½	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15,05,135	11	4½	...	...	..
Gross Total.....	1,36,04,257	10	1¼	28,934	4	4	12,21,200	11	5½	25,61,280	8	4	99,520	15	10	38,82,002	3	7½	98,08,804	11	10¾	...	...	...

III. A. FINANCE.

2. *Account of Expenditure from the Net Income of the Province of Mysore for the year* 1878—79.

Subject of Expenditure.	Amount. Last year, 1877—78.	Amount. Present year, 1878—79.	Cause of Increase or Decrease.
Interest on Service Funds and other accounts ...	4,268 15 11	*a* 3,38,775 3 5	*a.* Increase due to the interest paid on account of famine loan.
Civil and Political Establishments included under Administration, Inam Commission and Revenue Survey ...	15,41,413 10 6	*b* 16,68,458 3 10	*b.* Increase under Palace due to expenses on account of H. H. Marriage Rs. 1,23,526.
Civil Contingencies	38,685 2 0	32,897 13 7	
Minor Departments	1,21,663 2 11	*c* 99,534 5 1	*c.* Decrease due to reduction of Topographical Survey Establishment.
Judicial Charges. { Courts, &c.	9,47,044 2 11¼	9,43,509 14 8	
Judicial Charges. { Prisons	5,44,622 14 3	*d* 3,64,930 3 1	*d.* The famine tended to increase the number and cost of prisoners in 1877—78.
Police Charges	5,72,934 15 2	5,72,293 9 11½	
Military	8,26,066 7 6	*e* 7,85,405 6 9	*e.* Savings owing to reductions in Force.
Famine Relief	42,53,582 13 0	*f* 10,76,126 4 1	*f.* Decrease owing to the closing of relief Kitchens and the operation of Special Famine Relief Officers.
Mint	400 9 5	88 10 9	
Deficit.—Post Office	1,06,994 9 9	1,15,483 9 9	
Superannuation and retired allowances, religious and charitable grants	1,32,996 4 10½	*g* 1,51,569 2 3½	*g.* Increase in number of pensioners.
Public Works Department.			
Irrigation { New	4,51,443 2 6	2,84,654 11 0	
Irrigation { Repairs	1,58,700 4 10	1,93,776 14 6	
Military... { New	9,540 12 8	42 4 0	
Military... { Repairs	... ...	... ...	
Civil Buildings { New	92,594 15 0	44,803 9 5	
Civil Buildings { Repairs	9,607 12 6	14,424 8 10	
Communications { New	2,08,719 11 3	1,10,980 14 7	
Communications { Repairs	3,89,128 15 9	4,16,697 5 2	
Miscellaneous Public Improvements { New	2,39,623 1 5	1,40,590 9 6	
Miscellaneous Public Improvements { Repairs	2,519 8 9	687 3 9	
Establishments, &c.	7,87,693 2 2	6,55,800 4 2	
Suspense Heads	— 11,272 10 5	— 17,523 10 5	
	23,38,368 12 5	18,44,934 10 6	Reduction of Grant.
Mysore State Railway.			
Preliminary Expenses	4,083 9 3	9,877 1 9	
Land	20,220 0 0	4,222 1 9	
Construction of Line	70,182 0 0	1,02,988 3 9	
Ballast and Permanent Way	3,304 0 0	8,258 0 0	
Stations and Buildings	... ...	2,921 9 8	
Steam Ferries	... ...	... ...	
Plant	11,526 7 9	1,809 1 10	
Rolling Stock	... ...	... ...	
Establishment	45,259 4 2	75,924 12 8	
Suspense Heads	1,458 3 4	— 878 3 2	
	1,56,033 8 6	2,05,133 6 3	
Education	2,28,679 11 8	2,32,142 15 2	
Muzrayi or Religious and Charitable Institutions ...	2,80,295 3 7	2,80,463 7 5	
Medical Services	1,56,440 15 7	1,78,196 11 8	
Stationery and Printing	70,467 3 7	76,511 8 2	
Miscellaneous	2,25,094 7 0	*h* 81,905 9 2	*h.* Charges of 1877-78 include the expenditure on account of the Imperial Assemblage at Delhi Rs. 1,30,500.
Total Provincial.....	1,25,40,053 10 6¾	90,48,360 11 7	
Expenditure in excess of Receipts.....	93,11,205 8 10	7,44,691 11 ¾	
Local Funds.			
Municipal Expenditure	1,55,428 8 8	1,68,283 0 1	
District Fund. Establishment and Works	16,69,905 3 5½	*i* 3,51,511 3 8	*i.* Owing to famine, the outlay of 1877-78 was abnormally high.
One Anna Cess for local purposes. { Transferred to Village School Fund ...	32,073 9 2	65,169 14 6	
One Anna Cess for local purposes. { Do to District Fund ...	84,064 11 7	1,86,171 5 8	
One Anna Cess for local purposes. { Do to Local Fund General ...	17,501 9 9	20,200 0 9	
One Anna Cess for local purposes. { Refunds	7 0 7	9 11 5	
District Irrigation Fund	33,862 0 0	35,968 0 0	
Half Anna Cess for local purposes	1,19,907 9 1	2,05,654 15 0	
Local Fund General	17,333 7 2	22,103 12 4	
Miscellaneous Funds	2,12,604 12 11½	3,82,742 0 11½	
Total Local Funds.....	23,42,688 8 5	14,37,819 0 4½	
Grand Total.....	1,48,82,742 2 11¾	1,04,86,179 11 11½	
Local Fund.....	*b* 4,36,622 10 11½	*a* 67,316 11 0	*a.* Receipts in excess of expenditure.
Total.....	*b* 97,47,828 3 9½	*b* 6,77,375 0 ¾	*b.* Expenditure in excess of receipts.

III. A. FINANCE.

3. *Account of Cash Receipts and Disbursements of the Treasuries of the Province of Mysore in the year* 1878—79.

Receipts.	Amount.	Disbursements.	Amount.
Treasury and Public Works, Cash balance of last year ...	27,11,889 11 6	Expenditure as per Statement No. 2 ...	90,48,360 11 7
Net Revenue as per Statement No. 1	83,03,669 0 6½	Loans and interest	... ...
Receipts on account of loans	10,294 12 8	Mysore invested surplus account ...	... ...
Do Famine loan	30,00,000 0 0	Miscellaneous Local Funds as per Statement No. 2	14,37,819 0 4½
Mysore invested surplus account	... ...	Advances	43,37,371 3 9½
Miscellaneous Local Funds, *vide* Statement No. 1 ..	15,05,135 11 4½	Repayment of deposits	34,29,640 14 ½
Repayment of Advances	43,40,566 0 11½	Bills paid	15,36,786 0 9½
Deposits	28,90,176 5 2	Public Works Department Debt Heads ...	12,68,950 15 1
Prize money	... ...	State Railway	4,35,752 13 3
Sale of waste land	... ...		
Bills drawn	15,18,887 12 9½		
Balance of remittances	1,42,038 10 7½		
Public Works Department Debt Heads	13,43,843 10 1		
State Railway do	4,16,285 10 8		
	2,61,82,787 6 4¼		2,14,94,681 10 11
Disbursements.....	2,14,94,681 10 11		
Treasury and Public Works Cash Balances at end of year...	46,88,105 11 5¾		

4. *Statement shewing the Gross and Net Revenue of General and Court Fee Stamps during the year* 1878—79.

Description.	Gross Revenue.	Expenditure.					Net Revenue.
		Charges for stamping, &c., at Madras.	Establishment and Contingencies of Superintendent of Stamps.	Salaried Court Fee Vendors at Head Quarters of Districts.	Discount to Vendors	Total.	
General Stamps	1,71,912	4,852	159	...	4,885	9,896	1,62,016
Court Fee Stamps	3,39,206	766	315	2,850	2,322	6,253	3,32,953
Total.....	5,11,118	5,618	474	2,850	7,207	16,149	4,94,969

N. B.—The difference of Rs. 18,387 between the amount herein shewn as Gross Revenue and that under "Stamps" in Statistical Statement No. I consists of "Duty on unstamped and insufficiently stamped Documents, Fines, Penalties, &c," excluded from this statement.

III. B.—PUBLIC WORKS.

(BUILDINGS AND ROADS.)

1. *Statement shewing the Foreign Fund Expenditure incurred in the Public Works Department, Mysore during the year* 1878—79.

Details.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.			Remarks.
	Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.	Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.	
MILITARY.							
Hospital Accommodation.							
Constructing Hospital and Apothecary's quarters at Bangalore	42	...	42	...	...	...	
Total Military.....	42	...	42	42	...	42	
CIVIL BUILDINGS.							
Forest	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Land Revenue Buildings	5,190	3,900	9,090	...	...	...	
Excise Buildings	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Administration.							
Residences for Local Government ...	2,247	2,508	4,755	...	...	...	
Secretariat Offices	...	480	480	...	...	...	
Minor Departments.							
Museum	8	14	22	...	...	...	
Law and Justice.							
District Court Buildings	842	1,179	2,021	...	...	...	
Jails—							
Central Jail	...	262	262	...	...	...	
District Jails	12,228	...	12,228	...	...	...	
Police Buildings	2,045	..	2,045	...	...	...	
Post Offices	100	...	100	...	...	...	
Telegraph	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Education.							
Government Schools, Higher Class ...	5,193	...	5,193	...	...	...	
Do Middle Class ...	...	851	851	...	...	...	
Do Lower Class ...	329	337	666	...	...	...	
					...	...	
Medical.							
Hospitals and Dispensaries ...	6,117	83	6,200	...	...	...	
Printing Office	...	25	25	...	...	...	
Miscellaneous or General	...	490	490	...	...	...	
Clock Tower over Sir Mark Cubbon's Statue	336	...	336	...	...	...	
Raja's Palace	—2,677	...	—2,677	...	...	...	
Do Grounds ...	370	...	370	...	...	...	
Other Minor Works	990	..	990	...	...	...	
Public Works Buildings	11,486	4,295	15,781	...	...	...	
Total Civil Buildings.....	44,804	14,424	59,228	44,804	14,424	59,228	
COMMUNICATIONS.							
Road from Madras to Cannanore with branches south of Madras-Mangalore road	20,221	68,469	88,690	...	...	...	
	...	16,466	16,466	...	...	...	
Road from Madras to Mangalore with branches south of Madras-Honnur road	52,887	90,640	1,43,527	...	...	...	
	...	108	108	...	...	...	
Madras-Honnur road with branches south of Bangalore-Bellary road ...	5,302	43,364	48,666	...	...	...	
	...	44,454	44,454	...	...	...	
Bangalore-Bellary road	1,987	34,198	36,185	...	...	...	
	27,887	64,502	92,389	...	...	...	
Suburban Roads	1,134	14,497	15,631	...	...	...	
	1,563	...	1,563	...	...	...	
Grant-in-aid to District Funds ...	...	40,000	40,000	...	...	...	
Total Communications.....	81,531	2,91,168	3,72,699	81,531	2,91,168	3,72,699	
	29,450	1,25,530	1,54,980	29,450	1,25,530	1,54,980	

III. B. PUBLIC WORKS.—*Continued.*

Details.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.			Remarks.
	Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.	Original Works.	Repairs.	Total.	
MISCELLANEOUS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.							
Water Supply Project at Bangalore ...	60,230	...	60,230	...	...	...	
Do at Mysore and Drainage of the Town of Mysore ...	8,415	...	8,415	...	...	...	
Agrahara Tank bund and Channel combined with 1st mile of Mysore State Railway	34,472	...	34,472	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Jogankere Tank	23,258	...	23,258	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Magadi Road Diversion	—1,451	...	1,451	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Two Kodis, 2 Culverts, 3 Masonry Drops and 1 Bridge	2,622	...	2,622	...	...	...	
	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Other Minor Works and Repairs ...	11,802	...	11,802	...	...	...	
	1,202	687	1,189	...	...	...	
	41	...	41	...	...	...	
Total Miscellaneous Public Improvements.	69,847	687	70,534	69,847	687	70,534	
	70,744	...	70,744	70,744	...	70,744	
Establishment	...	...	2,11,506	...	...	2,11,506	
			1,32,728	...	...	1,32,728	
Tools and Plant...	...	...	13,803	...	...	13,803	
			2,636	...	...	2,636	
Profit and Loss...	...	...	17	...	...	17	
Suspense Balances.							
Stock Purchases and Sales	...	...	—778	...	...	—778	
Stock	...	...	—6,730	...	...	—6,730	
Miscellaneous Advances	...	...	—5,525	...	...	—5,525	
London Stores	...	...	39	...	...	39	
Net debits to Suspense	...	..	—12,994	...	...	—12,994	
Total Expenditure	...	...	...	...	...	7,14,835	
						3,61,088	

NOTE.—The antique figures denote famine expenditure.

IRRIGATION.

Statement shewing the Foreign Fund Expenditure in the Public Works Department during the year 1878—79.

Details.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.		
	Capital.	Revenue.	Total.	Capital.	Revenue.	Total.
Hesargatta Series	...	...	...			
Ramasagar do	—21,226	...	—21,226			
	82,946		82,946			
Chinna Hagari do	17,881	...	17,881			
Sulikere do	3,015	...	3,015			
Bellur Dasankere do	14,468	...	14,468			
Hoskote do	1,322	...	1,322			
	24,404		24,404			
Bharmasagar do	33	...	33			
Dodéri Drainage do	6,280	...	6,280			
	13,567		13,567			
Nayakanhatti Drainage	5,688	...	5,688			
Arakere Series	...	...	...			
Kadgodi do	6,527	...	6,527			
	4,534		4,534			
Palar do	—982	...	—982			
	5,861		5,861			
Shimsha Chain	...	...	...			
Basral Series	2,155	...	2,155			
Bannur do	...	...	...			
Maddur do	672	...	672			

III. B.—PUBLIC WORKS.—IRRIGATION.—(*Continued.*)

Details.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.		
	Capital.	Revenue.	Total.	Capital.	Revenue.	Total.
Koppa Series	9,638	...	9,638			
Arkavati do	116	...	116			
Chikdevaraysagar Channel	24,000	...	24,000			
Channaraypatna Series...	5,941	...	5,941			
Viziyanadi Channel	6,456	...	6,456			
Papagni Series	1,880	...	1,880			
	4,412		4,412			
Rekalgere Series	139	...	139			
Janavar do	—5	...	—5			
	4,347		4,347			
Malvalli do	...	...	...			
	83,998	...	83,998	83,998	...	83,998
	1,40,071		1,40,071	1,40,071		1,40,071
Bangalore District.						
Restoring the Sarjapur tank	2,423	...	2,423			
	2,952		2,952			
Hulimangala tank	...	1,263	1,263			
		3,233	3,233			
Anekal big tank	...	28	28			
		2,352	2,352			
Darmambhudi tank	759	...	759			
	783		783			
Alsur tank feeder	...	...	...			
	34		34			
Biskur tank	15	...	15			
Karpur tank	...	863	863			
Manne great tank	...	3,218	3,218			
Timmanhalli tank	...	791	791			
Nagarur tank	...	...	...			
		778	778			
Nelamangala tank	...	...	...			
		2,121	2,121			
Tyamagondal Hirekere tank	...	...	...			
		1,507	1,507			
Minor works and repairs costing Rs. 2,500 and under each	113	6,181	6,294			
		7,017	7,017			
	3,310	12,344	15,654	3,310	12,344	15,654
	3,769	17,008	20,777	3,769	17,008	20,777
Kolar District.						
Gathere tank	1,036	...	1,036			
Ganigarhalli tank	...	1,399	1,399			
Vadigan tank	...	1,291	1,291			
Sadli Hoskere	...	897	897			
Doddakere of Rascherhalli	...	182	182			
Gurrammanakere	...	839	839			
Nukanda Dodkere	...	...	...			
Hebbare Amanikere	...	...	...			
		1,913	1,913			
Kamaraddi Hallikere	...	...	...			
Gaudankere	...	...	...			
Santehalli tank	...	...	...			
		654	654			
Ulvadikere	...	...	...			
Minor works and repairs costing Rs. 2,500 and under each	6	14,924	14,930			
		19,198	19,198			
	1,042	19,532	20,574	1,042	19,532	20,574
		21,765	21,765		21,765	21,765

III. B.—PUBLIC WORKS—IRRIGATION.—(*Continued.*)

Details.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.		
	Capital.	Revenue.	Total.	Capital.	Revenue.	Total.
Tumkúr District.						
Excavating a feeder from the Pennar river to the Marlur tank	1,483	...	1,483			
Kadagattur tank	1,261	...	1,261			
Hebbur tank	...	...	...			
	...	10,608	10,608			
Bukapatna tank	...	2,996	2,996			
Yelliyur tank	...	...	...			
	...	1,884	1,884			
Gubbi tank	...	194	194			
Minor works and repairs costing Rs. 2,500 and under each		12,358	12,858			
	126	14,447	14,573			
	2,744	16,048	18,792	2,744	16,048	18,792
	126	26,939	27,065	126	26,939	27,065
Mysore District.						
Improving Ramaswami channel	2,455	...	2,455			
Do Maddur Ane channel	..	...	...			
	1,069		1,069			
Viziyanadi channel	...	2,217	2,217			
Chikdevaraysagar channel	...	4,173	4,173			
Rajparmeswari channel	...	341	341			
Devaray channel	...	790	790			
Tippur channel	...	1,621	1,621			
Tailur tank	...	10	10			
Minor works and repairs costing Rs. 2,500 and under each	438	15,206	15,644			
	2,893	24,358	27,251	2,893	24,358	27,251
	1,069		1,069	1,069		1,069
Hassan District.						
Sriramdever Dam and channel	...	...	...			
	—399		—399			
Do north channel extension ...	8,586	...	8,586			
Improving Krishnaraj channel	10,805	...	10,805			
Mandigherri channel extension	2	...	2			
	—641		—641			
Constructing head sluice and improving Kannambudi channel	3,214	...	3,214			
Tigganhalli tank	...	1,353	1,353			
Shambudevar tank	...	124	124			
Hulvagal anicut and channel	...	1,360	1,360			
North channel Sriramdevar Dam ...	...	625	625			
Nagasandra tank	...	...	...			
		1,306	1,306			
Hunsankere	...	...	...			
		2,054	2,054			
Mudadi tank	...	...	...			
		1,759	1,759			
Minor works and repairs costing Rs. 2,500 and under each	216	5,638	5,854			
		2,450	2,450			
	22,424	9,100	31,524	22,424	9,100	31,524
	—641	7,569	6,928	—641	7,569	6,928

NOTE.—The antique figures denote famine expenditure.

III. B. PUBLIC WORKS—IRRIGATION.—(*Concluded.*)

Details.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.		
	Capital.	Revenue.	Total.	Capital.	Revenue.	Total.
Shimoga District.						
Minor Works and repairs costing Rs. 2,500 and under each	150	4,309	4,459			
	150	4,309	4,459	150	4,309	4,459
Kadur District.						
Keresante tank feeder	1,390	...	1,390			
Javur Tank	10,373 131	...	10,373 131			
Belur Channel	86	...	86			
Alsur Anicut	...	513	513			
Herakatturkatte Holé Anicut ...	...	1,579	1,579			
Karadikatte tank	...	—234	—234			
Tangle Anicut	...	3,034	3,034			
Minor Works and Repairs costing Rs. 2,500 and under each	—219	2,104	1,885			
	1,388 10,373	6,996 0	8,384 10,373	1,388 10,373	6,996 0	8,384 10,373
Chitaldroog District.						
Timmenhalli tank	...	...	...			
Kotagudda tank	11,939	... 2	11,939 2			
Siddapur tank	...	3,028 20	3,028 20			
Kotagudda tank	..	...	...			
Byadnur tank	...	1,952 1	1,952 1			
Kannamadi tank	...	2,377 2	2,377 2			
Oblapur tank	...	4,540 994	4,540 994			
Huchavanhalli tank	..	...	...			
Minor Works and repairs costing Rs. 2,500 and under each ...	...	3,877 6,038	3,877 6,038			
	... 11,939	4,978 7,057 20,752	4,978 7,057 32,691	... 11,939	7,057 20,752	7,057 32,691
Total Works and Repairs...	...	...	...	1,17,949 1,66,706	99,744 94,033	2,17,693 2,60,739
Deduct receipts on capital account ...	...	...	...	4,530	...	4,530
Net Outlay on Works and Repairs ...	...	...	...	1,13,419 1,66,706	99,744 94,033	2,13,163 2,60,739
Establishment	..	...	1,88,750 1,00,573	...	...	1,88,750 1,00,573
Tools and Plant	...	...	2,981 2,806	...	...	2,981 2,806
Profit and Loss	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total...	...	...	...	...	...	4,04,894 3,64,118

NOTE.—The antique figures denote famine expenditure.

III. B.—PUBLIC WORKS (STATE RAILWAY).

2. *Statement shewing the Income and Expenditure on the Mysore State Railway for the year* 1878—79.

Name of Work.	Total Outlay on construction to end of 1878—79.	Total Income realized during 1878—79.	Deduct Charges up to end of 1878—79.			Net Deposit.
			Cost of main branches including Establishment.	Interest on Capital at 4½ per cent.	Total Charges.	
Mysore State Railway	4,72,622	...	...	43,612	43,612	43,612

III. C.—RAILWAYS.

Name of Work.	Miles opened during the year.	Total miles opened.	Passengers during the year.					Approximate Receipts from Passengers.	Approximate Receipts fom merchandize.	Miscellaneous receipts.	Total approximate receipts.	Working expenses, approximate.	Net profits, approximate.	Number of European Staff.	Do Native Staff.	Total Capital Expenditure.
			1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	Cooly Class.	Total.									
Nil.																

III. D. MARINE.

1. *Statement shewing the various Government Ships and Vessels employed under the Government of in the year*

Detail of Vessels.	Tonnage of each vessel and horse power of engines, if a steamer.	Number of Officers.	Number of Men.	Total Annual Cost.	Total Annual Earnings of the Vessels.	Remarks (In this column should be stated the nature of the duties on which each vessel was employed.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
SEA-GOING VESSELS				Nil.		
RIVER-GOING VESSELS						
ALL OTHER CRAFT BOATS, &C.						

After the name of the vessel, it should be stated whether she is a steamer or a sailing vessel.

2. *Statement shewing the number of Officers and Men employed otherwise than in Government Vessels under the Government of in the year*

*Description of Establishment.	Number of Officers.	Number of Men.	Total Annual Cost.	Total Annual Earnings.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
SUPERINTENDING ESTABLISHMENT			Nil.		
DOCK-YARD ESTABLISHMENT					
PILOT ESTABLISHMENT—					
Government salaried					
Government free...					
Licensed					
ANY OTHER ESTABLISHMENT					

* When necessary the description of Establishments here shewn should be altered to suit local circumstances.

III. E—1. *Crops cultivated in Acres, Actual or Approximate, for the year* 1878—79.

No.	Districts.	Rice.	Wheat.	Other food grains including Ragi, Tuvar Ballar, Bengal Green, Horse and Black Grams.	Oil Seeds.	Sugar.	Cotton.	Opium.	Indigo.	Fibres.	Tobacco.	Tea.	Coffee.	Vegetables.	Mulberry.	Cocoanut and Arecanut.	Pepper.	Lac.	Total.	Remarks.
1	Bangalore	44,176	24	479,739	26,741	2,420	...	61	...	12	740	...	...	5,029	4,780	8,178	...	171	572,071	
2	Kolar	62,250	95	287,971	12,522	8,054	...	44	...	98	714	...	45	3,515	778	590	...	...	376,676	
3	Túmkúr	44,632	...	419,328	7,191	902	...	...	...	5	1,163	...	...	1,953	1,335	30,074	...	...	506,583	
4	Mysore	62,637	5,681	617,140	24,480	218	116	...	...	...	2,051	...	...	2,562	3,444	14,006	...	...	732,335	
5	Hassan	71,339	293	314,692	18,300	2,459	...	...	...	188	5,755	...	45,338	249	41	14,800	...	...	473,454	
6	Shimoga	245,000	35	365,000	4,000	1,100	4,900	...	...	1,400	100	...	3,245	850	...	18,000	7,000	...	650,630	
7	Kadur	66,500	3,000	196,073	6,900	724	1,519	...	...	3,000	8,000	...	79,065	315	...	20,580		...	385,676	
8	Chitaldroog...	46,585	4,725	585,156	23,663	725	14,508	...	...	345	613	...	...	1,200	...	13,724	...	...	691,244	
	Total.....	843,119	13,853	3,265,099	123,797	16,602	21,043	105	...	5,048	19,136	...	127,693	15,673	10,378	119,952	7,000	171	4,388,669	

2. *Statement of Stock for the year* 1878—79.

No.	Districts.	Cows and Bullocks.	Horses.	Ponies.	Donkeys.	Sheep and Goats.	Pigs.	Carts.	Ploughs.	Boats.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1	Bangalore	321,322	723	2,986	11,454	270,643	1,166	14,246	65,870	1	688,411
2	Kolar	210,609	607	1,761	7,576	263,237	2,128	22,058	64,085	...	572,061
3	Túmkúr	244,133	241	1,388	3,930	193,824	2,182	6,036	77,532	...	529,266
4	Mysore	419,829	739	3,610	5,474	390,660	2,724	8,687	101,208	39	932,970
5	Hassan	342,964	132	2,130	2,750	220,541	10,203	3,405	83,503	...	665,628
6	Shimoga	377,811	688	1,720	2,340	45,266	2,062	13,784	67,416	57	511,144
7	Kadur	232,524	541	1,128	1,999	62,406	5,610	5,969	52,813	23	363,013
8	Chitaldroog	212,423	1,412		3,463	246,528	3,146	4,945	49,620	4	521,541
	Total.....	2,361,615	5,083	14,723	38,986	1,693,105	29,221	79,130	562,047	124	4,784,034

3. *Statement shewing the Rates of Rent and Produce for the year* 1878—79.

| Districts. | Average Rent per Acre, for land suited for— | | |

III. F. PRICES OF PRODUCE AND LABOR.

1. *Produce in the Province of Mysore at the end of year* 1878—79.

| Districts. | Price of produce per maund of 80 lbs. | | |

III. G. MINES AND QUARRIES *for* 1878—79.

Districts.	Mineral Produce.	Number of Mines.	Annual Produce.	Remarks.
Bangalore ...	Iron	7	230 Maunds, Iron	
Kolar ...	Stone and Iron	373	370 do do	
Túmkúr ...	Iron	2	250 do do	
Mysore ...	Iron	32	4,800 Rs.	
Hassan ...	Stone and Iron	14	600 Rs.	
Shimoga ...	Black and Pot Stone, Iron and Gold	833	20,800 Rs.	
Kadur ...	Stone and Iron	31	Iron Maunds. 5,385 Iron.	Pot Stone Maunds. 410
Chitaldroog...	Do	108	800	510

III. H. MANUFACTURES.

Estimated Value of Manufacture for the year 1878—79.

Districts.	Class of Manufacture.											
	Silk.	Cotton.	Wool.	Fibres.	Iron.	Brass and Copper.	Sugar.	Coffee.	Paper.	Wood.	Oils.	Total.
Bangalore ...	1,10,000	12,60,000	50,000	9,250	1,534	12,40,000	2,36,000	...	...	...	1,98,120	31,04,904
Kolar ...	6,000	74,600	30,400	5,081	...	...	5,01,600	...	...	...	18,600	6,36,281
Túmkúr ...	...	43,540	10,300	64,080	7,100	52,800	1,08,971	...	...	...	57,715	3,44,506
Mysore...	...	1,26,216	1,18,675	2,500	6,900	...	3,99,260	96	...	...	94,318	7,47,965
Hassan ...	...	16,000	13,200	6,670	...	...	42,000	4,35,600	...	...	56,650	5,70,120
Shimoga ...	...	15,000	6,000	300	19,000	375	...	...	...	9,000	19,000	68,675
Kadur ...	...	6,080	3,000	100	32,310	...	60,500	9,00,000	...	30,797	13,000	10,45,787
Chitaldroog ...	600	8,000	5,000	60	800	700	...	...	...	...	...	15,160
Total.....	1,16,600	15,49,436	2,36,575	88,041	67,644	12,93,875	13,48,331	13,35,696	...	39,797	4,57,403	65,33,398

III. I. TRADE.

1. *Principal Imports.*

Articles.	Quantity.			Average value.	From what place.
Rice	29,314	5	80	35,98,500	Interior of the Province of Her Majesty's Territories.
Ragi	11,415	0	0	6,74,000	Do do
Wheat	15,893	17	16	21,62,600	Bellary, Mangalore, Dharwar and other places.
Paddy	9,975	0	0	3,82,500	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Cholam	712	2	96	39,900	Do Dharwar and other places.
Bengal-gram	2,034	1	48	2,86,180	Interior of the Province, Dharwar, &c.
Horse-gram	3,832	17	16	1,99,800	Do and Her Majesty's Territories.
Black-gram	1,241	18	64	1,58,720	Do do
Green-gram	1,311	8	64	1,71,020	Do do
Tuvar	5,469	15	80	5,76,400	Mangalore, Dharwar and other places.
Poppy seeds...	32	2	96	3,750	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Arecanut	1,802	12	92	11,25,463	Do do
Cotton	2,223	3	16	12,43,720	Bellary, Dharwar, Coimbatore, &c.
Coffee	440	14	48	4,10,731	Interior of the Province, Coorg, &c.
Cardamoms	33	4	8	35,645	Coorg, Mangalore, Madras, &c.
Cloves	14	14	0	33,972	Her Majesty's Territories.
Chillies	1,324	16	48	3,52,015	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Dry cocoanuts	384	0	0	1,91,980	Do do
Pepper	263	0	80	1,86,100	Talacheri, Mangalore, &c.
Tamarind	263	4	32	20,340	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Tobacco	998	2	32	4,85,165	Bellary, Mangalore, Coimbatore, &c.
Jaggory	1,073	18	64	1,99,650	Interior of the Province and South Canara.
Sugar	257	1	24	92,542	Do do
Gingelly oil	357	1	48	1,64,500	Do and other Districts of H. M. T.
Cocoanut oil...	107	19	0	60,046	Mangalore, Madras, &c.
Sandal oil	...	...	60	760	Her Majesty's Territories.
Opium	...	1	13	181	Do
Camphor	41	6	56	65,484	Madras, Mangalore, &c.
Silk	91	17	104	2,48,400	Kollegal, Dharwar, &c.
Cotton thread	456	0	64	2,45,850	Madras, Bellary, &c.
Course cloth...	No. 170,884	0	0	3,10,000	Salem, Coimbatore, &c.
Piece goods	„ 449,650	0	0	42,63,350	Salem, Madura, Conjeveram, Adoni, Bombay, &c.
Silk cloth	„ 14,530	0	0	2,07,600	Collegal, Poona, Benares, &c.
Gold	...	14	58	10,86,600	Bellary, Mangalore, Madras, &c.
Silver	21	19	110	19,72,984	Poona, Mangalore, &c.
Iron	1,098	11	48	2,19,275	Madras, Mangalore, &c.
Cocoanuts (fresh)	No. 6,549,300	0	0	1,99,958	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Betel leaves (bundles)	„ 8,180,200	0	0	5,13,970	Do do
Hides	„ 28,800	0	0	40,500	Do do
Total.....	...	0	0	2,22,30,151	

2. *Principal Exports.*

Articles.	Quantity.			Average Value.	To what place.
	Tons.	cwt.	lbs.		
Rice	2,632	2	96	2,68,300	Bellary and other places in H. Majesty's Territories.
Ragi	34,125	...	...	14,85,066	Coorg, Bellary and do
Wheat	30	...	...	3,200	Interior of the Province.
Paddy	54,743	6	64	21,31,876	Bellary and other places in Her Majesty's Territories.
Cholam	11,409	5	80	7,13,150	Do do
Bengal-gram	141	17	6	22,200	South Canara, &c.
Horse-gram	4,683	...	...	1,84,320	Coorg and Bellary.
Green do	80	14	16	6,780	Interior of the Province.
Tuvar	180	...	...	18,000	Talacheri and other Districts.
Arecanut	4,626	1	104	20,56,658	Coorg, Hindupur, Bellary and other Districts.
Cotton	73	11	48	38,800	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Coffee	1,578	11	48	11,99,120	Mangalore, &c.
Cardamoms	25	8	64	1,19,989	Do
Chillies	848	4	32	1,31,209	Coorg, Bellary and other Districts.
Dry cocoanuts	222	10	...	80,800	Do do
Pepper	103	...	...	52,600	Interior of the Province.
Tamarind	851	15	80	48,625	Talacheri, Ganjam and other Districts.
Tobacco	483	5	89	1,21,323	Coorg, Bellary, Magalore, and other places.
Jaggory	2,046	5	...	3,71,000	Coorg, Bellary, Dharwar, &c.
Sugar	161	15	80	60,400	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Gingelly oil	113	6	8	46,550	Talacheri, Bellary and other Districts.
Cocoanut oil...	20	17	96	10,350	Bellary, Dharwar, &c.
Opium	...	4	56	2,090	...
Camphor	3	4	32	4,500	...
Silk	32	2	96	60,000	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Cotton thread	64	5	80	45,325	Madaksira, Bellary and other places.
Coarse cloth...	No. 42,350	...	...	61,800	Coorg and the interior of the Province.
Piece goods	„ 46,900	...	...	4,18,275	Coorg, Dharwar, and South Canara.
Silk cloth	„ 1,000	...	...	20,000	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Gold	...	4	32	3,20,000	Do do
Silver	5	7	16	4,80,000	Do do
Iron	169	6	48	32,725	Dharwar and South Canara.
Cocoanut (fresh)	No. 8,060,370	...	...	2,91,016	Coorg, Bellary and other places.
Betel leaves (bundles)	„ 6,331,270	...	...	6,28,691	Coorg, Bellary and Dharwar.
Hides	„ 101,240	...	...	74,850	Interior of the Province and South Canara.
Total.....	...	...	...	1,16,09,579	

III. K. COINAGE AND CURRENCY.

1. *Coinage.*

Bullion and Silver Coin imported during the year.						Coined During the Year.									Sovereigns imported during the year.	Estimated Value of Coin in circulation.					
Gold.		Silver.		Copper.												Gold.		Silver.		Copper.	
By State.	Private.	By State.	Private.	By State.	Private.	Gold mohars.	Rupees.	Half-Rupees.	Quarter-Rupees.	1/8th Rupees.	Double Pice.	Single Pice.	Smaller Coin.	Total Value.		Government.	Native.	Government.	Native.	Government.	Native.
											Nil.										

2. *Paper Currency.*

Notes in circulation at beginning of the year—Number and Value of			Total value of Notes cashed during the year.	Total Value of Notes issued during the year.	In circulation at end of the year—Number and Value of			Reserve at end of the year stated in Rupees.						Securities, Class of security being stated.
Small Notes under Rs. 50.	Notes of Rs. 50 and under Rs. 500.	Large Notes of Rs. 500 and upwards.			Small Notes under Rs. 50.	Notes of Rs. 50 and under Rs. 500.	Large Notes of Rs. 500 and upwards.	Coin.			Bullion.			
								Gold.	Silver.	Copper.	Gold.	Silver.	Copper	
							Nil.							

III. L. CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

Charitable Institutions in the Province of Mysore for the year 1878.

No.	Class and Object of Institutions.	Number of Institutions.	Average number of persons daily aided.	Number aided during the year.	Income.								In what shape Relief is given.
					Paid by Government.	From Local or other Funds.		From Endowments.		Subscriptions and Donations.			
						In land.	In money.	In land.	In money.	In-Door.	Out-Door.	General.	
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary	1	290·28	26,028	19,507	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine and food.
2	Pettah Dispensary, Bangalore	1	173·55	22,451	6,799	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine.
3	Civil do Closepet	1	77·69	9,971	726	...	323	...	...	...	1	...	Do
4	„ Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar	1	95·48	13,212	2,155	...	1,480	...	...	1	1	1	Do
5	„ Dispensary, Chikballapur	1	87·75	6,847	1,011	...	316	...	...	...	1	1	Do
6	„ „ Túmkúr	1	60·47	5,432	3,035	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	Do
7	„ „ Kunigal	1	53·00	7,953	752	...	335	...	...	...	1	...	Do
8	Raja's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore	1	182·66	15,970	13,520	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine and food.
9	Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd	1	33·22	3,119	1,258	...	285	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine.
10	„ „ Húnsur	1	37·47	5,490	1,291	...	660	...	...	...	1	...	Do
11	„ Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan	1	79·46	9,890	3,362	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Do
12	„ Dispensary, Saklespur	1	49·75	5,949	963	...	180	...	...	...	1	...	Do
13	„ Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga	1	132·44	10,836	6,795	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine and food.
14	„ Dispensary, Ságar	1	27·75	3,430	634	...	258	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine.
15	„ „ Tirthaha'li	1	62·74	6,070	1,192	...	340	...	...	...	1	...	Do
16	„ Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog	1	145·58	9,065	3,250	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine and food.
17	„ Dispensary, Davangere	1	42·87	4,442	750	...	355	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine.
18	„ Hospital and Dispensary, Chikmagalur	1	104·75	9,573	4,191	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine and food.
19	„ Dispensary, Hariharpur	1	25·02	1,611	720	...	193	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine.
		19	1,762·93	77,429	71,711	...	4,675	...	...	...	...	...	

IV. STATISTICS OF INSTRUCTION.

A. ECCLESIASTICAL.

Return of Persons according to Religious denominations in the Province of Mysore for the year 1878—79.

1	2		3	4	5	6
DENOMINATION.	Number of Persons.		Number of Ministers or Priests.	Number of Churches or buildings designed or used for worship.	Total annual income from Government.	REMARKS.
	a. Natives.	*b.* Others.				
Church of England	1,744	5,600	10	6	31,872	No return.
Church of Scotland			1	1	9,600	Do
Protestant Dissenter			21	15	...	Do
Roman Catholic	16,343	1,914	26	51	300	Do
Greek Church	...	. .				
Armenian	...	...				
Syrian	...	...				
Jew	...	...				
Parsi	43					Do
Hindu	4,807,425					Do
Muhammadan	208,991					Do
Buddhist	13,263		For these denominations columns 3, 4, and 5 should not be filled up.			Do
Jain						Do
Sikh	...					
Other Sects	14					Brahmos.

IV. B. EDUCATION.

1. *Return of Colleges, Schools and Scholars for the official year* 1878—79.

Area and Population of the Province.					Colleges, Schools and Scholars.	University Education.	Secondary Education.		Primary Education.	Special or Technical Education.				Percentage of Schools and Scholars to Population.			REMARKS.
Number of Districts.	Number of Divisions.	Total Area.	Cultivated Area.	Total Population.		Colleges.	High Schools.	Middle Schools.	Primary Schools.	Engineering Schools.	Normal Schools.	Industrial Schools.	Other Schools.	High Schools.	Middle Schools.	Primary Schools.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11*a*	11*b*	11*c*	11*d*	12	13	14	15
					Institution — For Males...	4	14	106	859	1	1	5	2	·00027	·00209	·00106	
					Institution — For Females	...	1	13	49	...	...	...	...	·0000019	·00025	·00096	
					Total.....	4	15	119	908	1	1	5	2	·00029	·00235	·0179	
8	3	27,077	8,111	5,055,412													
					Scholars — Males ...	92	574	2,312	27,418	10	5	660	148	·01135	·04	·54	
					Scholars — Females ...	...	17	265	2,877	...	...	...	...	·00033	·00523	·05	
					Total	92	591	2,577	30,295	10	5	660	148	·01169	·05	·59	

IV. B. EDUCATION.

2. *Return of Colleges, Schools and Scholars for the official year* 1878—79.

Class of Institutions.	Government Institutions.							Aided Institutions.							Grand Total of Institutions.	Grand Total of Scholars on 31st March 1879.	Grand Total of Scholars on 31st March learning—			Classification according to Race or Creed of the Scholars on 31st March 1879.					Remarks.
	Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the Rolls during the year.	Average Daily Attendance.	Number of Scholars on 31st March learning—			Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the Rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the Rolls during the year.	Average Daily Attendance.	Number of Scholars on 31st March learning—					English.	A Classical Language.	A Vernacular Language.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Native Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.	
					English.	A Classical Language.	A Vernacular Language.					English.	A Classical Language.	A Vernacular Language.											
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21*a*	21*b*	21*c*	21*d*	21*e*	22
Arts Colleges.																									
University Education ... English...	3	77	73	55	77	2	75	1	15	15	14	15	15	..	4	92	92	17	75	16	...	76	...	...	
High and Middle Schools.																									
Secondary Education. For Boys. High Schools ... English	8	286	241	216	286	4	289	6	288	231	196	238	79	218	14	574	574	83	507	89	8	463	12	2	
Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
For Boys. Middle Schools ... English	12	568	498	389	568	...	555	12	561	495	442	536	153	353	24	1,129	1,104	153	908	178	33	901	17	...	
Vernacular	54	690	639	501	..	70	688	28	493	482	366	17	336	208	82	1,183	17	406	896	...	8	1,008	167	...	
For Girls. High Schools ... English	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	17	17	15	17	17	...	1	17	17	17	...	17	...	...	...	...	
Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
For Girls. Middle Schools .. English	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	151	147	128	151	3	...	6	151	151	3	...	151	...	...	...	...	
Vernacular	3	18	15	9	...	...	18	4	96	90	77	...	...	96	7	114	...	...	114	...	4	109	...	1	
Primary Education. For Boys ... English	13	591	600	462	591	...	591	19	1,504	1,446	1,268	1,297	...	849	32	2,095	1,888	...	1,440	449	328	1,187	112	19	
Vernacular	663	22,211	20,669	15,015	...	47	22,187	14	3,112	2,982	2,327	117	452	2,708	727	25,323	117	499	24,895	2	255	22,025	3,025	16	
For Girls ... English	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	252	253	222	252	...	...	6	6	252	...	...	252	...	...	...	...	
Vernacular	12	504	497	321	...	...	504	31	2,121	2,041	1,553	66	...	2,121	43	535	66	...	2,625	...	379	2,100	137	9	
Schools for Special or Technical Training.																									
Engineering School	1	10	16	11	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	10	10	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	
Normal School for Masters	1	5	5	4	...	5	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	1	5	...	5	...	...	...	1	4	...	
Industrial Schools	5	660	623	564	12	...	628	1	90	80	76	90	...	...	5	660	12	...	622	...	34	399	103	124	
Others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	58	58	58	58	...	...	2	148	134	..	...	148	...	...	...	..	
Total.....	875	25 620	23,858	17,547	1,544	128	25,535	180	8,758	8,338	6,742	2,904	1,055	6,553	1,055	34,378	4,448	1,183	32,088	1,302	1,049	28,279	3,571	171	

3. *Return of Expenditure on Educational Establishments in Mysore for the official year* 1878—79.

Class of Institutions.	Expenditure.														Average Annual Cost of educating each Pupil.				REMARKS.
	Government Institutions.					Aided Institutions.						Total Government Expenditure.	Total Expenditure from Other Sources.	Grand Total of Expenditure.	Percentage on Total Expenditure.	Government Institutions.		Aided Institutions.	
	Provincial Revenues.	Local Rate or Cesses.	Fees.	Municipal Grants.	Total.	Provincial Revenues.	Endowments.	Fees.	Municipal Grants.	Other Sources.	Total.					Total Cost.	Cost to Government.	Total Cost.	Cost to Government.	
1	2a	2b	2c	2d	2	3a	3b	3c	3d	3e	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Arts Colleges.																				
English	19,304	...	697*	..	19,304	2,160	...	1,440	...	...	3,600	21,464	1,440	22,904	5·41	264 7 0	254 14 3	240 0 0	144 0 0	
High and Middle Schools.																				
Secondary Education. For Boys. High Schools... English ...	22,587	...	2,922	708	23,295	3,073	10	5,392	...	5,918	14,393	26,368	11,320	37,688	8·91	96 10 7	84 8 7	62 0 7	13 3 11	
Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
For Boys. Middle Schools English ...	13,255	...	3,883	853	14,108	5,431	32	7,362	...	8,791	21,616	19,539	16,185	35,724	8·44	28 5 3	20 8 6	43 10 8	10 15 6	
Vernacular ...	7,705	...	470	152	7,857	3,579	704	403	...	3,553	8,239	11,436	4,660	16,096	3·80	12 4 9	11 8 11	17 1 6	7 6 9	
For Girls. High Schools English ...	...	..	..	...	...	600	...	612	...	...	1,212	600	612	1,212	0·28	...	...	71 4 8	35 4 8	
Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
For Girls. Middle Schools English ...	...	...	...	...	...	2,619	...	5,654	...	849	9,122	2,619	6,503	9,122	2·15	...	...	62 0 10	17 13 1	
Vernacular ...	339	...	...	...	339	362	...	...	...	348	710	701	348	1,049	0·24	22 9 7	22 9 7	7 14 3	4 0 4	
Primary. For Boys ... ... English ...	9,811	...	2,840	351	10,162	9,056	138	7,340	...	10,517	27,051	19,218	17,995	37,213	8·79	16 14 0	12 3 3	18 11 4	6 4 2	
Vernacular ...	35,371	76,836	2,956	463	1,12,670	9,062	453	1,311	...	9,088	19,914	1,21,732	10,852	1,32,584	31·34	5 7 2	5 4 11	6 10 10	3 0 7	
For Girls ... ... English ...	...	...	...	...	...	2,508	...	6,941	...	2,214	11,663	2,508	9,155	11,663	2·75	...	...	46 1 7	9 14 7	
Vernacular ..	3,714	...	...	...	3,714	7,859	578	505	60	12,087	21,089	11,573	13,230	24,803	5·86	7 7 6	7 7 6	10 5 3	3 13 7	
Schools for Special and Technical Training.																				
Engineering School	12,006	...	725	...	12,006	...	...	...	...	...	...	12,006	...	12,006	2·83	750 6 0	705 1 0	...	...	
Normal School for Masters ...	963	...	...	...	963	...	...	...	...	...	...	963	...	963	0·22	192 9 7	192 9 7	...	...	
Industrial School	...	...	...	...	...	1,200	...	...	...	720	1,920	1,200	720	1,920	0·45	...	...	24 0 0	15 0 0	
Others...	...	...	...	...	...	550	...	...	...	638	1,188	550	638	1,188	0·28	...	...	20 7 9	9 7 9	
Direction	16,067	...	...	...	16,067	...	...	...	...	...	...	16,067	...	16,067	3 79	...	...	...	...	
Inspection	20,867	9,342	...	...	30,209	...	...	...	...	...	...	30,209	...	30,209	7·11	...	...	...	...	
Scholarship ...Colleges ...	970	...	...	...	970	..	...	...	...	...	...	970	..	970	0·23	...	...	...	...	
Schools ...	1,762	...	...	...	1,762	..	...	...	...	...	...	1,762	...	1,762	0·41	...	...	...	...	
Buildings	4,269	...	...	...	4,269	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,269	...	4,269	1·00	...	...	...	...	
Endowments	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
Miscellaneous	17,980	5,558	...	...	23,538	...	...	...	...	...	...	23,538	...	23,538	5·56	...	...	...	...	
	1,86,970	91,736	14,493	2,527	2,81,233	48,059	1,915	36,960	60	54,723	1,41,717	3,29,292	93,658	4,22,950	...	...	...	...	...	

* The fees entered in Column 2c in Government Schools are paid into the treasuries.

4. *Return shewing the Result of prescribed Examinations during the official year* 1878—79.

Name of Examination.	Number of Institutions sending Examinees.			Number of Examinees.				Number passed.				Percentage of passed Scholars on Total Number on Rolls at the beginning of the year.		Remarks.
	Government Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Total.	Government Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Private Students.	Total.	Government Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Private Students.	Total.	Government Institutions.	Other Institutions.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
ARTS COLLEGES.														
Master of Arts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Bachelor of Arts	2	...	2	3	...	...	3	3	...	...	3			
First Arts	3	1	4	33	4	1	38	14	2	1	17			
SCHOOLS.														
Matriculation	6	5	11	58	70	3	131	12	13	1	26			Accurate information could not be gathered under these heads for 1878-79, as the new form requiring the information was received in the last month of the official year.
Standard equivalent to Matriculation ... ... { Boys ... ... Girls														
Middle School Examination ... ... { Boys ... ... Girls														
Upper Primary School Examination ... ... { Boys ... . Girls														
Lower Primary School Examination ... ... { Boys ... ... Girls														

III. F. PRICES OF PRODUCE AND LABOR.

1. *Produce in the Province of Mysore at the end of year* 1878—79.

| Districts. | Price of produce per maund of 80 lbs. | | |

III. G. MINES AND QUARRIES *for* 1878—79.

Districts.	Mineral Produce.	Number of Mines.	Annual Produce.	Remarks.
Bangalore	Iron	7	230 Maunds, Iron	
Kolar	Stone and Iron	373	370 do do	
Túmkúr	Iron	2	250 do do	
Mysore	Iron	32	4,800 Rs.	
Hassan	Stone and Iron	14	600 Rs.	
Shimoga	Black and Pot Stone, Iron and Gold	833	20,800 Rs.	
Kadur	Stone and Iron	31	Iron Maunds. 5,385 Pot Stone Maunds. 410	
Chitaldroog...	Do	108	Iron. 800 510	

III. H. MANUFACTURES.

Estimated Value of Manufacture for the year 1878—79.

Districts.	Class of Manufacture.											
	Silk.	Cotton.	Wool.	Fibres.	Iron.	Brass and Copper.	Sugar.	Coffee.	Paper.	Wood.	Oils.	Total.
Bangalore	1,10,000	12,60,000	50,000	9,250	1,534	12,40,000	2,36,000	...	...	...	1,98,120	31,04,904
Kolar	6,000	74,600	80,400	5,081	...	...	5,01,600	...	...	...	18,600	6,36,281
Túmkúr	...	43,540	10,300	64,080	7,100	52,800	1,08,971	...	...	...	57,715	3,44,506
Mysore...	...	1,26,216	1,18,675	2,500	6,900	...	3,99,260	96	...	...	94,318	7,47,965
Hassan	...	16,000	13,200	6,670	...	...	42,000	4,35,600	...	...	56,650	5,70,120
Shimoga	...	15,000	6,000	300	19,000	375	...	...	...	9,000	19,000	68,675
Kadur	...	6,080	3,000	100	32,310	...	60,500	9,00,000	...	30,797	13,000	10,45,787
Chitaldroog	600	8,000	5,000	60	800	700	...	...	...	...	...	15,160
Total.....	1,16,600	15,49,436	2,36,575	88,041	67,644	12,93,875	13,48,331	13,35,696	...	39,797	4,57,403	65,33,398

III. 1. TRADE.

1. *Principal Imports.*

Articles.	Quantity.			Average value.	From what place.
Rice	29,314	5	80	35,98,500	Interior of the Province of Her Majesty's Territories.
Ragi	11,415	0	0	6,74,000	Do do
Wheat	15,893	17	16	21,62,600	Bellary, Mangalore, Dharwar and other places.
Paddy	9,975	0	0	3,82,500	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Cholam	712	2	96	39,900	Do Dharwar and other places.
Bengal-gram	2,034	1	48	2,86,180	Interior of the Province, Dharwar, &c.
Horse-gram	3,832	17	16	1,99,800	Do and Her Majesty's Territories.
Black-gram	1,241	18	64	1,58,720	Do do
Green-gram	1,311	8	64	1,71,020	Do do
Tuvar	5,469	15	80	5,76,400	Mangalore, Dharwar and other places.
Poppy seeds...	32	2	96	3,750	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Arecanut	1,802	12	92	11,25,463	Do do
Cotton	2,223	3	16	12,43,720	Bellary, Dharwar, Coimbatore, &c.
Coffee	440	14	48	4,10,731	Interior of the Province, Coorg, &c.
Cardamoms	33	4	8	35,645	Coorg, Mangalore, Madras, &c.
Cloves	14	14	0	33,972	Her Majesty's Ter itories.
Chillies	1,324	16	48	3,52,015	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Dry cocoanuts	384	0	0	1,91,980	Do do
Pepper	263	0	80	1,86,100	Talacheri, Mangalore, &c.
Tamarind	263	4	32	20,340	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Tobacco	998	2	32	4,85,165	Bellary, Mangalore, Coimbatore, &c.
Jaggory	1,073	18	64	1,99,650	Interior of the Province and South Canara.
Sugar	257	1	24	92,542	Do do
Gingelly oil	357	1	48	1,64,500	Do and other Districts of H. M. T.
Cocoanut oil...	107	19	0	60,046	Mangalore, Madras, &c.
Sandal oil	...	...	60	760	Her Majesty's Territories.
Opium	...	1	13	181	Do
Camphor	41	6	56	65,484	Madras, Mangalore, &c.
Silk	91	17	104	2,48,400	Kollegal, Dharwar, &c.
Cotton thread	456	0	64	2,45,850	Madras, Bellary, &c.
Course cloth...	No. 170,884	0	0	3,10,000	Salem, Coimbatore, &c.
Piece goods	„ 449,650	0	0	42,63,350	Salem, Madura, Conjeveram, Adoni, Bombay, &c.
Silk cloth	„ 14,530	0	0	2,07,600	Collegal, Poona, Benares, &c.
Gold	...	14	58	10,86,600	Bellary, Mangalore, Madras, &c.
Silver	21	19	110	19,7?,984	Poona, Mangalore, &c.
Iron	1,098	11	48	2,19,275	Madras, Mangalore, &c.
Cocoanuts (fresh)	No. 6,549,300	0	0	1,99,958	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Betel leaves (bundles)	„ 8,180,200	0	0	5,13,970	Do do
Hides	„ 28,800	0	0	40,500	Do do
Total... ..	...	0	0	2,22,30,151	

2. *Principal Exports.*

Articles.	Quantity.			Average Value.	To what place.
	Tons.	cwt.	lbs.		
Rice	2,632	2	96	2,68,300	Bellary and other places in H. Majesty's Territories.
Ragi	34,125	...	...	14,85,066	Coorg, Bellary and do
Wheat	30	...	...	3,200	Interior of the Province.
Paddy	54,743	6	64	21,31,876	Bellary and other places in Her Majesty's Territories.
Cholam	11,409	5	80	7,13,150	Do do
Bengal-gram	141	17	6	22,200	South Canara, &c.
Horse-gram	4,683	...	...	1,84,320	Coorg and Bellary.
Green do	80	14	16	6,780	Interior of the Province.
Tuvar	180	...	...	18,009	Talacheri and other Districts.
Arecanut	4,626	1	104	20,56,658	Coorg, Hindupur, Bellary and other Districts.
Cotton	73	11	48	38,800	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Coffee	1,578	11	48	11,99,120	Mangalore, &c.
Cardamoms	25	8	64	1,19,989	Do
Chillies	848	4	32	1,31,209	Coorg, Bellary and other Districts.
Dry cocoanuts	222	10	...	80,800	Do do
Pepper	103	...	...	52,600	Interior of the Province.
Tamarind	851	15	80	48,625	Talacheri, Ganjam and other Districts.
Tobacco	483	5	89	1,21,323	Coorg, Bellary, Magalore, and other places.
Jaggory	2,046	5	..	3,71,000	Coorg, Bellary, Dharwar, &c.
Sugar	161	15	80	60,400	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Gingelly oil	113	6	8	46,550	Talacheri, Bellary and other Districts.
Cocoanut oil...	20	17	96	10,350	Bellary, Dharwar, &c.
Opium	...	4	56	2,090	...
Camphor	3	4	32	4,500	...
Silk	32	2	96	60,000	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Cotton thread	64	5	80	45,325	Madaksira, Bellary and other places.
Coarse cloth...	No. 42,350	...	...	61,800	Coorg and the interior of the Province.
Piece goods	„ 46,900	...	...	4,18,275	Coorg, Dharwar, and South Canara.
Silk cloth	„ 1,000	...	...	20,000	Interior of the Province and Her Majesty's Territories.
Gold	...	4	32	3,20,000	Do do
Silver	5	7	16	4,80,000	Do do
Iron	19	6	48	32,725	Dharwar and South Canara.
Cocoanut (fresh)	No. 8,060,370	...	...	2,91,016	Coorg, Bellary and other places.
Betel leaves (bundles)	„ 6,331,270	...	...	6,28,691	Coorg, Bellary and Dharwar.
Hides	„ 101,240	...	...	74,850	Interior of the Province and South Canara.
Total.....	...	...	...	1,16,09,579	

III. K. COINAGE AND CURRENCY.

1. *Coinage.*

Bullion and Silver Coin imported during the year.						COINED DURING THE YEAR.									Sovereigns imported during the year.	Estimated Value of Coin in circulation.					
Gold.		Silver.		Copper.												Gold.		Silver.		Copper.	
By State.	Private.	By State.	Private.	By State.	Private.	Gold mohurs.	Rupees.	Half-Rupees.	Quarter-Rupees.	⅛th Rupees.	Double Pice.	Single Pice.	Smaller Coin.	Total Value.		Government.	Native.	Government.	Native.	Government.	Native.
											Nil.										

2. *Paper Currency.*

Notes in circulation at beginning of the year—Number and Value of			Total value of Notes cashed during the year.	Total Value of Notes issued during the year.	In circulation at end of the year—Number and Value of			Reserve at end of the year stated in Rupees.						Securities, Class of security being stated.
Small Notes under Rs. 50.	Notes of Rs. 50 and under Rs. 500.	Large Notes of Rs. 500 and upwards.			Small Notes under Rs. 50.	Notes of Rs. 50 and under Rs. 500.	Large Notes of Rs. 500 and upwards.	Coin.			Bullion.			
								Gold.	Silver.	Copper.	Gold.	Silver.	Copper	
							Nil.							

III. L. CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

Charitable Institutions in the Province of Mysore for the year 1878.

No.	Class and Object of Institutions.	Number of Institutions.	Average number of persons daily aided.	Number aided during the year.	Income. Paid by Government.	From Local or other Funds. In land.	From Local or other Funds. In money.	From Endowments. In land.	From Endowments. In money.	Subscriptions and Donations. In-Door.	Subscriptions and Donations. Out-Door.	Subscriptions and Donations. General.	In what shape Relief is given.
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary ...	1	290·28	26,028	19,507	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine and food.
2	Pettah Dispensary, Bangalore ...	1	173·55	22,431	6,799	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine.
3	Civil do Closepet	1	77·69	9,971	726	...	323	...	...	...	1	...	Do
4	„ Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar ...	1	95·48	13,212	2,155	...	1,480	...	...	1	1	1	Do
5	„ Dispensary, Chikballapur	1	87·75	6,847	1,011	...	316	...	...	...	1	1	Do
6	„ „ Túmkúr	1	60·47	5,432	3,035	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	Do
7	„ „ Kunigal	1	53·00	7,953	752	...	335	...	...	...	1	...	Do
8	Raja's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore ...	1	182·66	15,970	13,520	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine and food.
9	Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd	1	33·22	3,119	1,258	...	235	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine.
10	„ „ Húnsúr	1	37·47	5,490	1,291	...	660	...	...	...	1	...	Do
11	„ Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan ...	1	79·46	9,890	3,362	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Do
12	„ Dispensary, Saklespur	1	49·75	5,949	963	...	180	...	...	...	1	...	Do
13	„ Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga ...	1	133·44	10,856	6,795	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine and food.
14	„ Dispensary, Ságar	1	27·75	3,430	634	...	258	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine.
15	„ „ Tirthahalli	1	62·74	6,070	1,192	...	340	...	...	...	1	...	Do
16	„ Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog ...	1	145·58	9,065	3,250	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine and food.
17	„ Dispensary, Davangere	1	42·87	4,442	750	...	355	...	...	...	...	...	Medicine.
18	„ Hospital and Dispensary, Chikmagalur .	1	104·75	9,573	4,191	...	...	...	...	1	1	1	Medicine and food.
19	„ Dispensary, Hariharpur	1	25·02	1,621	720	...	193	...	...	...	1	...	Medicine.
		19	1,762·93	77,429	71,711	...	4,675	...	...	...	...	...	

V. B. HOSPITALS.

3a. Statement shewing the Results of the Major Surgical Operations performed in the Hospitals and Dispensaries of Mysore for the year 1878.

Nature of Operations.	Remaining on 31st December.	Performed during the year.	Total.	Results.				Remaining under treatment.	Remarks.
				Cured.	Relieved.	Discharged otherwise.	Died.		
Bowring Civil Hospital.									
Removed Cataract	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Total Excision of eye ball	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	
Reduction of shoulder joint	...	2	2	1	...	1	...	...	
Amputation of lower third of Femur	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
„ Ankle joint	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
„ above wrist joint	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
„ of finger at Carpometacarpal articulation ...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
„ at middle finger at do	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Removed Index and middle fingers at Metacarpal Phalangeal articulation	..	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Removal of big toe below head of Metatarsal bone (Fracture Compd)	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
„ (Phagadenic ulcer)	..	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Removal of big toe at Tarso Metatarsal articulation ...	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	
„ „ Metatarso Phalangeal articulation ...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Amputation of tumour of breast...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Ligature and Excision do of uterus	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Opened Trachœa	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Opened large abscess of thigh	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
„ pelvic abscess	..	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Excision of Hypertrophy of clitoris	...	4	4	3	...	1	...	...	
Perinœal section (Str. urethra)	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	
Removal of Hypertrophy of Scrotum	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	
„ cancer of Scrotum	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	
Extirpation by ecraseur of cancer of penis	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	
Replacement of bowels (Abdominal Wound)	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Pared Edges (Vagina Laceration)...	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	
Tied Hœmorrhoids	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
1 Craniotomy 3 Turning (Partus)	...	4	4	1	...	...	3	...	
Civil Dispensary, Kolar.									
Amputation of elbow	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Civil Dispensary, Chikballapur.									
Dislocations reduced	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	
Fractures set	1	8	9	6	...	3	...	...	
Civil Hospital, Mysore.									
Amputation of ulcerated foot with diseased bone ...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Removed Tumour	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Tracheotomy	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Removed non-malignant tumour...	...	1	1	1	..	...	...	...	
Paracentesis of abdomen	...	3	3	...	...	1	2	...	
Removed Hœmorrhoids internal	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Removal of penis (cancer)	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Extraction of Lens	...	4	4	4	...	...	...	...	
Perinœal section of Fistula and Stricture	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Paracentesis of bladder	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
For cicatrix (Occlusion of nares)	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Reduced dislocation of lower jaw	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	
Excision of eye ball (Tumour)	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Amputation of thumb (Gun Shot)	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Reduced dislocation of shoulder	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Aspirated abscess of liver	...	3	3	1	1	...	...	1	
Artificial pupil	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Amputation of lower arm	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	
Civil Hospital, Shimoga.									
Extraction of bullet from the back	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Induction of Premature labor in 33 weeks with Forceps ...	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Amputation of head in utero	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	
Civil Dispensary, Chikmagalur.									
Dislocation of lower jaw	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	
Total.....	1	75	76	44	2	11	16	3	

V. B. HOSPITALS.

4. *Statement shewing the Classes and Sexes of the In-door and Out-door Patients treated in the Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878.

1	2	3				4							5							
Number.	Name of Dispensary.	Total treated during the year.				Classes.							Daily Attendance.							
						a	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e*	*f*	*g*	Average Number.				Ratio per cent of—			
		Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Europeans.	Eurasians.	Hindus.	Musalmans.			Other Classes.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Bangalore ...	12,147	6,030	7,891	26,068	432	2,258	8,606	9,391	...	...	5,381	155·25	82·44	52·59	290·28	46·60	23·13	30·27	100·00
2	Pettah Civil Dispensary, Bangalore	13,397	5,432	3,602	22,431	3	270	14,319	4,805	...	...	3,034	109·00	29·00	35·55	173·55	59·73	24·21	16·06	100·00
3	Civil Dispensary, Closepet	5,190	2,616	2,165	9,971	13	29	5,659	3,363	..	...	907	43·62	17·78	16·29	77·69	52·05	26·24	21·71	100·00
4	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar	6,900	3,412	2,900	13,212	1	736	7,642	4,497	...	...	336	54·18	24·62	16·68	95·48	52·22	25·83	21·95	100·00
5	Civil Dispensary, Chikballapur	3,383	1,770	1,694	6,847	...	87	5,306	1,014	...	...	440	47·75	21·50	18·50	87·75	49·41	25·85	24·74	100·00
6	Do Túmkúr	3,241	1,065	1,126	5,432	166	139	2,415	2,019	...	...	693	35·89	11·89	12·69	60·47	59·66	19·61	20·73	100·00
7	Do Kunigal	4,945	2,028	980	7,953	37	45	5,749	2,122	...	...	...	32·25	·15	5·75	53·00	62·18	25·49	12·33	100·00
8	Raja's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore	8,472	4,732	2,766	15,970	275	582	5,867	6,487	...	...	2,759	83·18	58·57	40·91	182·66	53·05	29·63	17·32	100·00
9	Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd	1,716	647	756	3,119	...	...	2,166	626	...	...	327	16·89	7·54	8·79	33·22	50·84	22·70	26·46	100·00
10	Do Húnsúr	3,254	1,101	1,135	5,490	60	165	2,239	2,770	...	...	256	22·44	7·27	7·76	37·47	59·28	20·05	20·67	100·00
11	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan	5,364	2,465	2,061	9,890	196	255	4,369	3,226	...	...	1,844	40·40	24·24	14·82	79·46	54·27	24·91	20·82	100·00
12	Civil Dispensary, Saklespur	2,801	1,822	1,326	5,949	84	100	3,086	2,347	...	...	332	24·55	14·60	10·60	49·75	47·08	30·63	22·29	100·00
13	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga	7,147	1,178	2,571	10,896	161	308	3,591	5,169	...	..	1,667	72·17	31·78	29·49	133·44	65·59	10·82	23·59	100·00
14	Civil Dispensary, Ságar	2,174	839	417	3,430	...	...	1,765	1,434	...	...	231	14·30	6·00	7·45	27·75	51·53	21·62	26·85	100·00
15	Do Tirthahalli	3,479	985	1,606	6,070	3	2	5,347	484	...	...	234	34·60	13·01	15·13	62·74	55·15	20·74	24·11	100·00
16	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog	5,475	1,712	1,878	9,065	15	313	5,064	3,673	...	...	...	83·45	33·12	30·01	145·58	60·39	18·89	20·72	100·00
17	Civil Dispensary, Dávangere	2,569	802	1,071	4,442	3	18	3,392	1,016	...	...	13	24·77	8·33	9·77	42·87	57·85	18·05	24·10	100·00
18	Civil Hospital and Dispensary, Chikmagalur	5,260	2,100	2,213	9,573	248	177	4,018	4,133	...	...	997	48·75	29·75	26·25	104·75	54·94	21·94	23·12	100·00
19	Civil Dispensary, Harihapur	861	401	359	1,621	1	...	1,170	450	..	...	...	17·00	5·00	3·02	25·02	53·12	24·74	22·14	100·00
	Total.....	97,775	41,137	38,517	177,429	1,698	5,484	91,770	59,026	...	...	19,451	960·44	440·44	362·05	1,762·93	55·11	23·18	21·71	100·00

5. *Statement shewing the Income and Expenditure on account of the Hospitals and Dispensaries in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878.

1	2	3																4								5	6	7	
		Income.																Expenditure.											
		a			*b*							*c*	*d*	*e*		*f*		*a*	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e*	*f*	*g*	*h*				
Number.	Name of Dispensary.	Balance on 1st January.			From Government.							From Local or other Funds.	Interest on investments.	Subscriptions.		Total Income.		On Establishment.	On Bazar Medicines.	On European Medicines whether from Government Stores or purchased.	On Diet.	On Miscellaneous Charges.	On Building or Repairs.	Invested during the year.	Total Expenditure during the year.	Balance in hand on 31st December.	Average Cost of each Diet.	Percentage of Total Cost paid by Government.	REMARKS.
		Invested.	Floating.	Total.	As salaries.	As registers and forms.	As European medicines.	For diet of Police cases.	Sale of medicines.	Special allowances given by Government.	Total.			From Europeans.	From Natives.														
1	Bowring Civil Hospital and Dispensary ...	...	...	...	7,152	...	2,195	10,160	...	...	19,507	...	...	...	...	19,507		7,152	211	2,195	6,995	2,954	...	...	19,507	...	0 2 10	100	
2	Pettah Dispensary, Bangalore	...	...	...	5,635	...	...	1,164	...	...	6,799	...	...	...	...	6,799		5,635	33	...	648	483	...	...	6,799	...	0 2 6	100	
3	Civil do Closepet	...	...	...	480	...	246	...	...	...	726	323	...	...	...	1,049		660	41	246	...	78	24	...	1,049	...	...	69·20	
4	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Kolar ...	...	...	...	1,500	...	655	...	..	...	2,155	1480	...	...	...	3,635		2,244	267	655	469	...	...	...	3,635	...	0 2 0	59·28	
5	Do Dispensary, Chikballapur ...	...	...	...	480	...	325	...	..	...	1,011	316	..	...	...	1,327		896	63	325	...	43	...	...	1,327	...	...	76·19	
6	Do do Túmkúr ...	...	...	...	1,860	...	853	308	...	14	3,035	...	...	...	...	3,035		1,860	41	853	...	281	...	...	3,035	...	...	100·00	
7	Do do Kunigal ...	...	...	...	480	...	272	...	...	...	752	335	...	...	...	1,087		696	10	272	...	109	...	...	1,087	...	...	69·18	
8	Raja's Hospital and Dispensary, Mysore ...	...	...	...	6,713	..	2,003	4,604	...	...	13,320	...	...	...	...	13,320		6,713	178	2,003	3,786	640	...	...	13,320	...	0 3 5	100·00	
9	Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd ...	..	...	...	480	...	778	...	...	...	1,258	235	...	...	...	1,493		630	...	778	...	85	...	...	1,493	...	...	84·26	
10	Do do Húnsúr ...	...	...	...	300	...	991	...	...	...	1,291	660	...	...	...	1,951		840	120	991	...	...	...	...	1,951	...	...	66·17	
11	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Hassan ...	...	...	...	2,225	...	354	783	...	...	3,362	...	...	...	...	3,362		2,225	48	354	242	493	...	...	3,362	...	0 2 0	100·00	
12	Do Dispensary, Saklespur	...	...	...	720	...	243	...	..	...	963	180	...	...	...	1,143		900	...	243	...	...	...	...	1,143	..	...	86·00	
13	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Shimoga ...	...	...	...	3,162	...	981	...	...	2,652	6,795	...	...	...	...	6,795		3,162	114	981	1,828	710	...	...	6,795	...	0 2 5	100·00	
14	Do Dispensary, Ságar...	...	...	...	380	...	254	...	...	...	634	258	...	...	...	892		560	18	254	...	60	...	...	892	...	...	71·07	
15	Do do Tirthahalli ...	...	...	...	480	...	712	...	...	...	1,192	340	...	...	...	1,532		660	15	712	...	145	...	...	1,532	...	..	...	
16	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Chitaldroog ...	...	...	...	1,583	...	492	1,175	...	...	3,250	..	..	...	...	3,250		1,583	29	492	612	534	...	...	3,250	...	0 2 0	100.00	
17	Do Dispensary, Davangere	...	...	...	467	...	283	...	...	...	750	355	...	...	...	1,105		640	32	283	...	30	120	...	1,105	...	...	...	
18	Do Hospital and Dispensary, Chikmagalur ...	...	...	...	2,620	...	677	894	...	...	4,191	..	...	...	...	4,191		2,620	39	677	438	417	...	...	4,191	...	0 2 0	100·00	
19	Do Dispensary, Hariharpur	...	...	...	720	...	...	...	...	...	720	193	...	...	...	913		899	3	...	...	11	...	...	913	...	...	66·17	
	Total.....	...	...	...	37,437	...	12,314	19,088	...	2,872	71,711	4675	...	...	...	76,386		40,575	1,262	12,314	15,018	7,073	144	...	76,386	...	0 2 5	93·88	

Column 5—In calculating this item those who paid for their own diet will of course be excluded; also Police cases when paid for by Government.

Amount of contributions from Local Funds	3,555—14—2
Do do Municipal Funds	1,666— 9—5
Total.....	5,222— 7—7

6. *Statement shewing the Diseases treated and the Deaths from each Class of Disease in the*

	Number of each Disease																			
	Cholera.		Small-Pox.		Fever Intermittent.	„ Remittent.	„ Continued.	„ Typhoid.		Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Disease.	Respiratory Disease.		Phthisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Venereal Disease.
NUNDYDROOG DIVISION.																					
BANGALORE DISTRICT.																					
1. *Bowring Civil Hospital.*																					
European Patients ...	...	1	1		829	8	58	1	...		93	126	27	14	316	7	4	...	112	40	
Native do ...	...	31	3		5,200	23	216	1	3		662	909	91	86	890	25	126	...	923	961	
In-door do ...	...	19	4		291	1	45	2	3		112	170	16	5	54	10	15	..	58	111	
Out-door do ...	...	13	...		5,738	30	229	..	...		643	865	102	95	1,152	22	115	...	977	890	
2. *Pettah Civil Dispensary.*																					
European Patients ...	...	...	...		61	...	...	...	...		7	11	...	1	18	...	...	...	15	7	
Native do ...	...	3	1		4,356	15	...	...	...		235	366	33	60	471	2	61	...	886	598	
In-door do ...	...	...	...		7	...	...	...	...		2	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	
Out-door do ...	...	3	1		4,410	15	...	...	...		240	377	33	61	489	2	58	...	900	605	
3. *Civil Dispensary, Closepet.*																					
European Patients ...	...	...	...		16	...	6	...	...		1	1	1	1	2	...	...	...	1	...	
Native do ...	...	...	4		3,032	5	462	...	...		156	230	...	136	186	8	11	...	586	223	
Out-door do ...	...	...	4		3,048	5	468	...	...		157	231	1	137	188	8	11	...	587	223	
KOLAR DISTRICT.																					
4. *Civil Dispensary, Kolar.*																					
European Patients ...	...	...	...		159	5	7	...	...		18	35	...	3	39	...	...	...	17	...	
Native do ...	...	...	19		1,595	104	135	...	...		382	443	10	34	543	8	111	...	521	200	
In-door do ...	..	...	1		27	2	7	...	...		17	17	...	1	1	...	16	...	6	14	
Out-door do ...	...	...	18		1,727	107	135	...	...		383	461	10	36	581	8	95	...	532	186	
5. *Civil Dispensary, Chikballapur.*																					
European Patients ...	...	...	...		23	...	9	...	...		4	3	...	...	14	...	...	...	5	...	
Native do ...	...	...	...		2,060	23	235	...	...		51	79	14	67	106	...	68	...	155	113	
In-door do ...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Out-door do ...	...	...	...		2,083	23	244	...	...		55	82	14	67	120	...	68	...	160	113	
TUMKUR DISTRICT.																					
6. *Civil Dispensary, Tumkur.*																					
European Patients ...	...	...	...		137	2	3	...	...		7	14	2	...	14	...	...	...	6	8	
Native do ...	...	...	...		1,983	3	3	...	1		96	199	1	24	106	1	15	...	129	134	
In-door do ...	..	...	...		...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Out-door do ...	...	...	...		2,120	5	6	...	1		103	213	3	24	120	1	15	...	135	142	
7. *Civil Dispensary, Kunigal.*																					
European Patients ...	...	...	...		49	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
Native do ...	..	...	1		2,542	27	...	...	...		300	312	...	35	200	3	41	...	108	152	
In-door do ...	...	...	...		32	...	..	...	...		13	25	...	...	...	...	16	...	...	2	
Out-door do ...	...	..	1		2,559	27	...	...	...		287	287	...	35	201	3	25	...	108	150	
NAGAR DIVISION.																					
SHIMOGA DISTRICT.																					
8. *Civil Hospital, Shimoga.*																					
European Patients ...	..	...	...		87	...	3	...	...		9	34	1	2	35	...	...	...	5	...	
Native do ...	...	...	...		3,101	7	27	...	...		234	220	16	57	247	7	63	3	252	117	
In-door do ...	...	...	...		51	2	1	...	...		26	58	3	3	7	5	12	...	10	28	
Out-door do ...	...	...	...		3,137	5	29	...	...		217	196	14	56	275	2	51	3	247	89	
9. *Civil Dispensary, Sagar.*																					
European Patients ...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...		...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Native do ...	...	17	...		821	3	282	...	...		74	67	...	57	78	2	20	3	97	63	
In-door do ...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Out-door do ...	...	17	...		821	3	282	...	...		74	67	...	57	78	2	20	3	97	63	
10. *Civil Dispensary, Tirthahalli.*																					
European Patients ...	...	...	...		2	...	...	...	..		...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
Native do ...	...	...	5		2,740	8	15	...	..		124	134	6	95	189	...	17	...	146	114	
In-door do ...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Out-door do ...	...	...	5		2,742	8	15	...	...		124	134	6	95	189	...	17	...	146	114	

HOSPITALS.

Dispensaries and Hospitals, &c., in the Province of Mysore during the year 1878.

Treated.					Deaths from each Disease.																								
Eye Diseases.	Abscess and Ulcers.	Wounds and Accidents.	All other Causes.	Total.	Cholera.	Small Pox.	Fever Intermittent.	„ Remittent.	„ Continued.	„ Typhoid.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Disease.	Respiratory Disease.	Phthisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Venereal Disease.	Eye Disease.	Abscess and Ulcers.	Wounds & Accidents.	All other Causes.	Total.
56	418	112	467	2,690	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	7
520	2,790	1,634	8,284	23,378	14	...	3	...	27	1	3	52	110	3	...	11	5	8	...	...	...	...	26	87	53	403
...	189	229	753	2,087	11	...	3	...	30	1	3	52	112	4	...	11	5	8	...	...	...	...	26	87	54	407
576	3,019	1,517	7,998	23,981	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	3
2	25	13	113	273	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
397	5,065	1,095	8,514	22,158	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	2	2	18
...	119	19	61	212	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	2	2	18
399	4,971	1,089	8,566	22,219	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	12	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
180	1,177	369	3,164	9,929	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	12
180	1,178	369	3,176	9,971	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	6	12
9	4	7	434	737	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
571	1,358	619	5,822	12,475	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	6
...	85	39	45	278	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	5
580	1,277	587	6,211	12,934	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
...	1	2	26	87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
693	580	162	2,354	6,760	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	9
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
693	581	164	2,380	6,847	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	9
4	2	4	102	307	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
107	414	168	1,743	5,127	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
111	416	172	1,845	5,432	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	11
...	10	6	16	82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
89	1,385	174	2,502	7,871	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	15
...	50	1	124	263	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	14
89	1,345	179	2,394	7,690	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2
5	8	5	275	469	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2
1,225	1,042	408	3,401	10,427	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	12	38	1	...	...	4	9	...	1	2	...	29	17	47	165
1	153	74	191	625	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	12	37	1	...	...	3	9	...	1	2	...	29	17	45	159
1,229	897	339	3,485	10,271	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	214	80	1,533	3,430	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	11
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	214	80	1,533	3,430	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	11
...	...	...	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	342	139	1,947	6,065	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	4	16
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
44	342	139	1,950	6,070	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	1	4	16

	Number of each Disease																
	Cholera.	Small Pox.	Fever, Intermittent.	„ Remittent.	„ Continued.	„ Typhoid.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Disease.	Respiratory Disease.	Phthisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Venereal Diseases.
KADUR DISTRICT.																	
11 *Civil Dispensary, Chikmagalur.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	150	3	10	...	...	35	55	9	5	25	...	...	...	8	10
Native do ...	...	5	4,211	22	214	...	...	387	229	11	202	204	3	145	...	174	129
In-door do ...	...	2	7	4	...	...	...	24	40	...	...	4	...	33	...	2	2
Out-door do ...	...	3	4,354	21	224	...	...	398	244	20	207	225	3	112	...	180	137
12 *Civil Dispensary, Hariharpur.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Native do ...	...	...	935	...	2	...	...	90	24	...	24	30	...	21	...	34	13
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	...	...	936	...	2	...	...	90	24	...	24	30	...	21	...	34	13
CHITALDROOG DISTRICT.																	
13 *Civil Dispensary, Chitaldroog.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	97	...	...	...	...	19	24	1	7	16	...	...	...	18	...
Native do ...	...	...	3,099	...	...	...	...	247	248	4	98	205	...	65	...	263	83
In-door do ...	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	28	15	...	...	4	...	5	...	10	9
Out-door do ...	...	...	3,166	...	...	...	...	238	257	5	105	217	...	60	...	271	74
14 *Civil Dispensary, Davangere.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Native do ...	21	...	1,721	6	9	...	...	67	61	15	87	129	...	15	...	177	80
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	21	...	1,730	6	9	...	...	69	61	15	87	129	...	15	...	177	80
ASHTAGRAM DIVISION.																	
MYSORE DISTRICT.																	
15 *Raja's Hospital, Mysore.*																	
European Patients ...	2	...	214	2	...	...	...	22	64	1	3	65	...	...	...	12	...
Native do ...	16	...	4,676	14	...	...	...	326	537	...	162	333	7	133	...	615	294
In-door do ...	15	...	63	9	...	...	...	54	268	...	6	7	1	72	...	13	88
Out-door do ...	3	...	4,827	7	...	...	...	294	333	1	159	391	6	61	...	614	206
16 *Civil Dispensary, Húnsúr.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	65	...	...	...	...	10	25	...	1	9	...	...	...	5	3
Native do ...	...	...	2,113	3	...	...	...	210	224	...	32	137	8	32	...	195	126
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	...	...	2,178	3	...	...	...	220	249	...	33	146	8	32	...	200	129
17 *Civil Dispensary, Nanjangúd.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Native do ...	...	...	1,482	...	...	...	...	67	40	3	109	27	4	35	...	46	63
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	...	...	1,482	...	...	...	...	67	40	3	109	27	4	35	...	46	63
HASSAN DISTRICT.																	
18 *Civil Dispensary, Hassan.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	85	...	...	...	...	30	29	...	1	40	...	...	...	15	2
Native do ...	...	1	3,598	12	...	...	...	230	246	2	108	188	2	93	...	342	92
In-door do ...	...	1	6	3	...	...	...	6	8	...	1	1	1	14	...	2	2
Out-door do ...	...	...	3,677	9	...	...	...	254	267	2	108	227	1	79	...	355	92
19 *Civil Dispensary, Saklespur.*																	
European Patients ...	...	...	66	4	...	...	...	11	6	7	4	7	...	...	...	1	5
Native do ...	1	...	1,948	46	...	...	...	163	105	...	87	96	...	59	...	248	87
In-door do ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Out-door do ...	1	...	2,014	50	...	...	...	174	111	7	91	103	...	59	...	249	92
Total European Patients ...	3	1	2,050	24	98	1	...	268	427	49	42	601	7	4	...	220	75
Do Native do ...	89	39	51,213	321	1,600	1	4	4,101	4,673	206	1,560	4,365	80	1,131	6	5,897	3,642
Do of Both do ...	92	40	53,263	345	1,696	2	4	4,369	5,100	255	1,602	4,966	87	1,135	6	6,117	3,717
Do In-door do ...	34	8	514	21	53	2	3	282	601	19	16	78	17	186	...	102	256
Do Out-door do ...	58	32	52,749	324	1,643	...	1	4,087	4,499	236	1,586	4,888	70	949	6	6,015	3,461

6. (*Concluded*).

treated.					Deaths from each Disease.																										
Eye Diseases.	Abscess and Ulcers.	Wounds and Accidents.	All other Causes.	Total.	Cholera.	Small Pox.	Fever, Intermittent.	,, Remittent.	,, Continued.	,, Typhoid.	Apoplexy.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Hepatitis.	Spleen Disease.	Respiratory do.	Phthisis Pulmonalis.	Dropsy.	Scurvy.	Rheumatism.	Venereal Diseases.	Eye Diseases.	Abscess and Ulcers.	Wounds and Accidents.	All other Causes.	Total.
...	50	15	50	425	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	826	161	2,221	9,148	...	1	2	9	3	...	...	35	40	...	...	1	1	28	...	...	...	7	4	13	144
...	40	28	29	215	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	13	28	...	...	...	...	21	...	...	...	7	4	8	84
4	836	148	2,242	9,358	...	1	2	6	3	...	...	22	12	...	...	1	1	7	...	...	...	...	...	5	60
...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	76	27	331	1,620	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	76	27	331	1,621	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
...	28	18	100	328	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
294	1,296	218	2,617	8,737	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	2	16
...	45	11	28	185	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	2
294	1,279	225	2,689	8,880	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	14
...	...	...	10	21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
238	605	19	1,100	4,421	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	12
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
238	605	19	1,110	4,442	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	12
6	22	35	409	857	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	6
501	2,568	358	4,573	15,113	8	...	2	2	...	...	...	19	175	...	...	2	...	51	...	...	10	...	12	29	320
4	68	57	139	864	10	...	2	2	...	...	...	19	175	...	...	2	...	51	...	...	10	...	12	29	322
503	2,522	336	4,843	15,106	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4
2	8	3	94	225	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
149	805	109	1,122	5,265	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
151	813	112	1,216	5,490	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	4	6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
48	240	65	890	3,119	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	5	17
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
48	240	65	890	3,119	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	...	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	5	17
9	...	5	235	451	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
140	1,097	256	3,032	9,439	...	...	3	2	...	...	...	13	11	...	2	...	1	25	...	1	...	3	...	16	77
...	24	16	37	122	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	3	5	...	1	...	1	11	...	1	...	3	...	13	42
149	1,073	245	3,230	9,768	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	10	6	...	1	...	...	14	...	...	...	...	...	3	35
...	17	5	51	184	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	594	106	2,200	5,765	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
25	611	111	2,251	5,949	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	4
93	594	230	2,397	7,182	2	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	6	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	19
5,257	22,474	6,238	57,350	170,247	39	3	28	20	30	1	3	144	387	4	2	16	12	144	...	2	14	...	95	123	193	1,260
5,350	23,068	6,468	59,747	177,429	41	3	29	20	33	1	3	144	393	5	2	17	12	144	...	2	14	...	95	123	198	1,279
5	773	474	1,407	4,851	21	...	8	9	30	1	3	105	358	5	1	13	9	108	...	2	12	...	92	120	156	1,053
5,345	22,295	5,994	58,340	172,578	20	3	21	11	3	...	...	39	35	...	1	4	3	36	...	...	2	...	3	3	42	226

V. C. VACCINATION.

1. *Statement shewing Particulars of Vaccination in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878—79.

No.	Circles and Districts.	Population of District according to Census of 1871.	Average Population per square mile.	Average Number of Vaccinators employed throughout the Season.	Total Number of persons vaccinated.			Average No. of persons vaccinated by each Vaccinator.	Primary Vaccination.				Re-vaccination.		Percentage of Successful Cases.		Persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population.	Average Annual Number of persons successfully vaccinated during previous five years.		Average Annual Number of deaths from small-pox during previous five years.	
									Total.	Successful.			Total.	Successful.	Primary.	Re-Vaccination.		Number.	Ratio per 1,000.	No.	Ratio per 1,000.
										Under 1 year.	Over 1 and under 6 years.	Total of all ages.									
1	2	3	4	5	6			7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
					M	F	Total.														
Nundydroog Division.	1 Bangalore District	828,354	284·3	12	7,387	5,060	12,447	1037·2	12,447	...	...	8,098	...	...	65·0	...	9·77	12,184	14·71	592	0·71
	2 Kolar Do	618,954	240·2	11	7,436	5,679	13,115	1191·3	13,115	...	...	9,518	...	...	72·5	...	22·3	11,028	17·81	326	0·76
	3 Túmkúr Do	632,239	175·3	10	7,167	5,152	12,319	1231·9	12,319	...	...	9,973	...	...	80·0	...	15·77	10,484	16·58	274	0·43
	Total.....	2,079,547	233	33	21,990	15,891	37,881	1147	37,881	...	...	27,589	...	...	72·80	...	13·21	33,696	16·2	1,192	0·57
Ashtagram Division.	4 Mysore District	943,187	228·5	14	8,988	7,306	16,294	1165	16,294	...	...	15,283	...	...	94	...	16·19	16,258	123	229	0·24
	5 Hassan Do	668,417	203·1	11	5,936	4,764	10,700	974	10,700	...	...	10,153	...	...	94	...	19·32	12,034	108	191	0·28
	Total.....	1,611,604	215	25	14,924	12,070	26,994	1079	26,994	...	...	25,436	...	...	94	...	16·13	28,292	17·55	420	0 25
Nagar Division.	6 Shimoga District	498,976	131·4	9	4,722	2,523	7,295	810 5	7,295	...	...	6,098	...	...	83·5	...	12·22	7,048	7·04	205	0·20
	7 Chitaldroog Do	531,360	118 8	10	7,011	4,970	11,981	1198·1	11,981	...	...	9,874	...	...	98·7	...	18·58	11,601	11·6	250	0·25
	8 Kadur Do	333,925	157	5	3,524	2,298	5,822	1164·4	5,822	...	...	4,158	...	...	71·4	...	12·45	5,202	5·20	152	0·15
	Total.....	1,364,261	131	24	15,307	9,791	25,098	1045	25,098	...	...	20,130	...	...	80·27	...	14·75	23,862	17 48	607	0·44
	Grand Total.....	5,055,412	186	82	52,221	37,752	89,973	1071	*89,973	...	...	73,155	...	...	81·31	...	14·58	85,851	16 98	2,219	0·43

*Excluding Municipal and Dispensary Vaccination.

2. *Statement shewing the Cost of the Department in the Province of Mysore during the year* 1878—79.

No.	Circles and Districts.	Establishment.							Expenditure.				Paid from—					Total.	Number of all successful vaccinations and re-vaccinations.	Average Cost of each successful case.
		Superintendent General.	Superintendents of Circles.	Deputy Superintendents.	Native Superintendents.	Vaccinators. 1st Class	Vaccinators. 2nd Class.	3rd Class Vaccinators.	Pay of Establishment.	Travelling Allowance.	Contingencies.	Total Cost.	Imperial Funds.	Provincial Funds.	Local Funds.	Municipalities.	Native States.			
* 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Nundydroog Division. 1	Bangalore District	...	...	...	...	1	6	5	1,673 8 0	...	...	1,673 8 0	...	...	...	...	1,673 8 0	1,673 8 0	8,098	0 3 2
2	Kolar do	...	...	...	...	1	6	4	1,492 13 9	...	...	1,492 13 9	...	...	...	...	1,492 13 9	1,492 13 9	9,518	0 2 6
3	Túmkúr do	...	...	...	...	1	4	5	1,425 8 0	...	...	1,425 8 0	...	...	...	...	1,425 8 0	1,425 8 0	9,973	0 2 3
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	3	16	14	4,591 13 9	...	...	4,591 13 9	...	...	...	...	4,591 13 9	4,591 13 9	27,589	0 2 7
Ashtagram Division. 4	Mysore District	...	...	...	...	1	7	6	1,814 3 4	...	33	1,847 3 4	...	...	...	...	1,847 3 4	1,847 3 4	15,283	0 1 10
5	Hassan do	...	...	...	...	1	6	4	1,255 15 1	...	...	1,255 15 1	...	...	...	...	1,255 15 1	1,255 15 1	10,153	0 1 10
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	2	13	10	3,070 2 5	...	33	3,103 2 5	...	...	...	...	3,103 2 5	3,103 2 5	25,436	0 1 10
Nagar Division. 6	Shimoga District	...	...	...	...	1	8	...	899 6 7	...	...	899 6 7	...	...	...	...	899 6 7	899 6 7	6,098	0 2 4·31
7	Chitaldroog do	...	...	...	...	1	4	5	1,356 0 0	...	...	1,356 0 0	...	...	...	...	1,356 0 0	1,356 0 0	9,874	0 2 2
8	Kadur do	...	...	...	...	1	6	...	770 9 2	...	...	770 9 2	...	...	...	...	770 9 2	770 9 2	4,158	0 2 11·58
	Total.....	...	...	...	...	3	18	5	3,025 15 9	...	...	3,025 15 9	...	...	...	...	3,025 15 9	3,025 15 9	20,130	0 2 4·86
	Grand Total.....	...	...	...	...	8	47	29	10,687 15 11	...	33	10,720 15 11	...	...	...	...	10,720 15 11	10,720 15 11	73,155	0 2 4

4. *Comparative Statement shewing the number of Persons primarily vaccinated and the number of those Persons who were successfully vaccinated in the Province of Mysore in each of the undermentioned official years.*

Persons primarily vaccinated.

Establishments.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.	Total Number.	Number successfully vaccinated.
	Years ended 31st March																			
	1869—70		1870—71		1871		1872		1873		1874		1875		1876		1877		1878—79	
overnment	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Iunicipal...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	588	465	893	767	1,170	1,056	2,221	1,970	4,211	3,476	2,641	2,293
ocal Funds	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
'ative States	73,793	70,605	92,181	87,627	93,616	88,596	97,241	86,231	96,461	86,548	97,513	87,734	96,438	88,731	96,242	84,474	101,980	84,558	89,973	73,155
ispensaries	2,568	1,215	1,486	1,032	831	530	1,046	794	1,115	840	1,217	869	1,016	786	1,025	768	1,049	806	225	186
rmy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
European	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Native	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total.....	76,361	71,820	93,667	88,659	94,447	89,126	98,287	87,025	98,164	87,853	99,623	89,370	98,624	90,573	99,488	87,212	105,615	89,465	92,839	75,634

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